Palm Beach, Florida, Code of Ordinances >> PART II - CODE OF ORDINANCES >> Chapter 54 - HISTORICAL PRESERVATION >> ARTICLE IV. - DESIGNATION PROCEDURE >>

### ARTICLE IV. - DESIGNATION PROCEDURE

Sec. 54-161. - Criteria for landmarks and landmark sites.

Sec. 54-162. - Creation of historic districts.

Sec. 54-163. - Commission powers with respect to landmarks, landmark sites and historic districts.

Sec. 54-164. - Landmark, landmark site and historic district designation and undesignation procedures.

Sec. 54-165. - Voluntary restrictive covenants.

Secs. 54-166-54-195. - Reserved.

### Sec. 54-161. - Criteria for landmarks and landmark sites.

A landmark or landmark site shall meet at least one of the following criteria:

- (1) Exemplifies or reflects the broad cultural, political, economic or social history of the nation, state, county or town.
- (2) Is identified with historic personages or with important events in national, state or local history.
- (3) Embodies distinguishing characteristics of an architectural type or is a specimen inherently valuable for the study of a period, style, method of construction or use of indigenous materials or craftsmanship.
- (4) Is representative of the notable work of a master builder, designer or architect whose individual ability has been recognized or who influenced his age.

(Code 1982, § 16-38)

### Sec. 54-162. - Creation of historic districts.

- (a) Authorized. For preservation purposes, the commission shall identify geographically defined areas within the town to be designated as historic districts and shall cite the guideline criteria upon which such designation shall be made. An historic district may be designated for any geographic area of particular historic, architectural or cultural significance to the town that:
  - (1) Exemplifies or reflects the broad cultural, political, economic or social history of the nation, state, county or town.
  - (2) Is identified with historic personages or with important events in national, state or local history.
  - (3) Embodies distinguishing characteristics of one or more architectural types, or contains specimens inherently valuable for the study of a period, style or methods of construction or use of indigenous materials or craftsmanship.
  - (4) Is representative of the notable works of one or more master builders, designers or architects whose individual ability has been recognized to have influenced their age.
  - (5) Constitutes a unique area of architecture, landscaping and planning.
- (b) Petition for special historic district category. Following the designation of each landmark or landmark site, the commission may petition the town council for the categorizing of such

property as special district H. Following the designation of each historic district, the commission may petition the town council for the categorizing of each property in such district to special district HD.

(Code 1982, §§ 16-38.1, 16-39)

## Sec. 54-163. - Commission powers with respect to landmarks, landmark sites and historic districts.

The commission has the power to:

- (1) Designate a building, together with its accessory buildings and its lot of record, or a vacant site or a district as historic and worthy of preservation as a landmark, landmark site or historic district, as the case may be, within the jurisdiction of the commission, provided such designation is ratified by the town council.
- (2) Recommend appropriate legislation for the preservation of any building, site or district which it has so designated.
- (3) Make application for public and private funds when appropriate and available for the purposes set forth in this article subject to the approval of the town council.
- (4) Review applications proposing erection, alteration, restoration or moving of any building it has so designated or any building located in a district it has so designated, and to issue or deny certificates of appropriateness accordingly.
- (5) Review applications for demolition permits proposing demolition of all or part of any landmark or any building located in an historic district, and to issue certificates of appropriateness or to deny them for one year.
- (6) Cooperate with the owner of a landmark or a property located in an historic district throughout the year following a refusal to issue a certificate of appropriateness pursuant to an application for a demolition permit, and to seek alternative economic uses for such landmark or property.
- (7) Review its denial of a certificate of appropriateness for demolition of such landmark or property annually, during a public hearing at which time the owner of the affected landmark or property shall be afforded an opportunity to appear with counsel and to present testimony.
- (8) Prohibit the issuance of building, exterior remodeling or demolition permits affecting any property under consideration for landmark designation without a certificate of appropriateness, this prohibition to remain in effect for the length of time required by the commission and the town council for final action on the proposed designation. The commission shall accomplish such prohibition by furnishing the building official a list of all property under consideration for landmark designation.

(Code 1982, § 16-42)

# Sec. 54-164. - Landmark, landmark site and historic district designation and undesignation procedures.

- (a) The following procedure shall be adhered to by the commission in designating any building, building site or district that is worthy of preservation:
  - (1) The commission shall consider for landmark designation any property proposed by the owner of record or by a member of the commission.

(2)

Notice of a proposed designation shall be sent by certified mail to the owner of record of property proposed for designation as a landmark or landmark site and to each owner of record of property in a district proposed for designation as an historic district, describing the property proposed and announcing a public hearing by the commission to consider such a designation to be held not less than 30 days after the mailing of such notice.

- (3) The commission shall also cause notice of each such proposed designation to be posted at least 30 days prior to the public hearing on the bulletin board in the lobby of the town hall, and in addition the commission shall cause such notice to be published in a newspaper having general circulation in the town.
- (4) The commission may retain or solicit expert testimony regarding the historic and architectural importance of the buildings and districts under consideration for designation.
- (5) The commission may present testimony or documentary evidence of its own to establish a record regarding the historic and architectural importance of the proposed landmark, landmark site or historic district.
- (6) The commission shall afford the owner of each affected property reasonable opportunity to present testimony or documentary evidence regarding the historic and architectural importance of such property.
- (7) The owner of each affected property shall be afforded a right of representation by counsel and reasonable opportunity to cross examine witnesses presented by the commission.
- (8) Any interested party may present testimony or documentary evidence regarding the designation of a proposed landmark, landmark site or historic district at the public hearing and may submit to the commission documentary evidence within three days after the hearing.
- (9) Within not more than 30 days after a public hearing, the commission shall render a final decision regarding the proposed designation and give written notice of its decision to each owner of property affected by the designation, setting forth the reasons for the decision.
- (10) The commission shall maintain a record of testimony and documentary evidence submitted to it for consideration of the designation of a proposed or previously designated landmark, landmark site or historic district.
- (11) In accordance with <u>section 54-163(1)</u>, the town council shall, within 90 days of the commission's final decision, hold a public hearing to consider ratification of the determination of the commission prior to the designation of a property as a landmark or landmark site or of a district as an historic district becoming effective. Absent ratification by the town council, the commission's determination shall be ineffective.
- (12) Within 30 days of the date on which the town council ratifies the commission's designation of a landmark, landmark site or historic district, the commission shall cause to be filed in the office of the county recorder of deeds a certificate of notification that such property is designated a landmark or landmark site or is located within a district designated an historic district; and the certificate of notification shall be maintained on the public record until such time as such designation may be withdrawn by the commission and the town council.
- (b) Designation and undesignation hearings before the commission shall be held only during the months of November, December, January, February, March and April.

(c)

Municode Page 4 of 4

Designation of a landmark, landmark site or a historic district may be withdrawn by following the same procedure as listed above.

(Code 1982, § 16-43)

### Sec. 54-165. - Voluntary restrictive covenants.

The owner of any landmark or landmark site may, at any time following the designation of his property, enter into a restrictive covenant on the property after negotiation with the commission. The commission may assist the owner in preparing such a covenant in the interest of preserving the landmark or the landmark site. The owner shall record such covenant in the office of the county recorder of deeds and shall notify the town clerk, building official and town council and may notify the office of the county property appraiser of such covenant and the conditions thereof.

(Code 1982, § 16-48)

Secs. 54-166-54-195. - Reserved.