

Town of Palm Beach, Florida

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



Prepared by the Finance Department

Robert Miracle, CPA Deputy Town Manager, Finance and Administration

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



TOWN OF PALM BEACH

Finance Department

April 29, 2024

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Palm Beach Palm Beach, Florida

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Town of Palm Beach (the "Town") fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, is hereby submitted pursuant to Florida Statute 11.45. This document is the official comprehensive publication of the Town's financial position on September 30, 2023. This report was prepared by the Town's Finance Department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects. They are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations on a government-wide and fund level. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

Marcum LLP, independent auditors, have issued an unmodified opinion on the Town's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The Town's financial statements have been prepared using the reporting model in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

THE TOWN OF PALM BEACH

The Town, incorporated in 1911, is located on a barrier island in the eastern part of Palm Beach County. Palm Beach is a unique, internationally famous residential community known for its distinctive architecture and landscaping, gracious homes and apartments, golf courses and clubs, and world famous stores and restaurants. The taxable value of properties within the Town provides appropriate support for the Town's authorized indebtedness.

Post Office Box 2029 • 360 South County Road • Palm Beach, Florida 33480 Telephone (561) 838-5444 • Facsimile (561) 838-5417 E-mail: <u>finance@townofpalmbeach.com</u> • Website: www.townofpalmbeach.com The Town services a full-time resident population of 9,207 plus an estimated 15,000 additional seasonal residents (November to May), as well as numerous visitors and other individuals who are employed on the island.

The Town is governed by an elected Mayor and a five-member Council. The Mayor's term is for two years. The five members of the Town Council are elected at large and serve overlapping two-year terms. The Town operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The Town Council appoints the Town Manager who serves as the Town's Chief Administrative Officer and is responsible for implementing the policies established by the Town Council. The Town has 350 employees, including 71 sworn police officers and 70 full-time firefighters.

The Town provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection, emergency medical services, sanitation services, recreational activities, the construction and maintenance of streets, storm water collection systems, sanitary sewer collection system and other infrastructure.

Internal Controls: In developing and evaluating the Town's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of an internal control system should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and that the evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgeting Controls: In addition, the Town maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions implied in the annual budget approved by the Town Council. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, Internal Service Funds, and Enterprise Funds are included in the annual budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the Fund level. The Town also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Unencumbered amounts lapse at year-end. Open encumbrances for outstanding purchase orders are re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity includes all of the funds of the Town. It includes all governmental organizations and activities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The Town is primarily a residential community. Commercial activities are restricted primarily to Town-serving establishments including banks, retail shops, hotels and restaurants for the Town's permanent population and seasonal residents. There is no industrial development within the Town. Stringent zoning and land use regulations have limited development and over the long term, will preserve the Town's high quality residential character.

An upturn in taxable values began in FY13 when the Town's taxable values began to increase and continued to increase through FY23 with a single year increase of 17.8% for a taxable value total of \$25,362,250,730. The Town reduced the millage rate to 2.6932 resulting in an increase in tax revenue of \$5,800,442. In FY24, taxable value increased by 14.7% to \$29,079,603,728.

Per capita personal income for the Town of Palm Beach is \$215,141, which is well above the state and national average. In preparation for Refunding bonds issued on January 8, 2020, Moody's and Standard and Poor's affirmed the Town's "AAA" general obligation ratings and the Aa1/AAA ratings for the Revenue Bonds. The Town's conservative financial policies and strong management of its financial resources were recognized. In January 2023, Moody's upgraded the Town's rating from Aa1 to Aaa.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

For the Year

During fiscal year 2023 the following accomplishments occurred:

- The Town made an additional contribution of \$5,420,000 to the pension plan to lower the unfunded liability. This is the fifth straight year for this supplemental contribution.
- Construction will begin next fiscal year on the renovation of the North Fire Station. This historic town building will be brought up to code and updated with the latest Fire infrastructure.
- During the second year of operations of the Marina, the total operating income was over \$10 million.
- The Townwide Underground Utility Program is well underway. Phase 2 South is 98% complete, Phase 3 South is 85% complete, Phase 4 North construction is well underway and at 95% complete. Phase 4 South is 47% complete. Phase 5 North and South are at 74% and 63% complete respectively. Phase 6 North construction is 25% complete. Design for Phase 7 South has begun, and Phase 7 North will be bid out in 2024. Phase 8 design is 52% complete.
- The Par 3 Golf course had another record year and revenue exceeded over \$5 million.
- Consultants have begun the process of code reform while the Town is updating its Comprehensive Plan.
- The Town Council adopted the Town's Strategic Plan. Departments are now incorporating these priorities into their budgeting requests and development for the FY25 budget year.

For the Future

The Palm Beach County economy continued to improve and property values in Palm Beach increased by 13.47% for FY24. The Town increased property tax revenue by \$6,710,803 and decreased the millage rate 3.05% to 2.6110.

The FY24 budget reflected an increase of 7.84% from the FY23 budget. A majority of the increase was due to personnel, salary and benefit increases and increases in sewage treatment and disposal costs. In addition, funding was also increased for Capital Improvement and Coastal Protection.

Financial Policies

The Town has formally adopted financial policies including reserve policies, contingency policies, budgetary control, debt management, funding for the Retirement Plan, and a revenue shortfall plan. The establishment of specific reserve policies is an important part of prudent financial management. Reserve policies reduce ambiguity and guide the creation, maintenance, and use of resources for financial stabilization purposes. The Town maintains a minimum level of unassigned fund balance of 25% of general fund operating expenditures. This provides the Town with 90 days of working capital in the event of an emergency. The ending unassigned fund balance of \$33,048,585 as of September 30, 2023, represents 31.5% of FY24 general fund operating expenditures including transfers.

Long Term Financial Planning

Since FY2004, Town staff has prepared a Long Term Financial Plan. The Town prepares annual updates of the long term financial plan that encompass a 10 year time horizon. The plan also includes trend analysis and forecasts for all budgeted funds and a detailed analysis of Town Reserves. Copies of the Long Term Financial Plan can be found on the Town's website.

Other Information

Independent Audit: State Statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Marcum LLP performed this audit for fiscal year 2023. The auditors' report is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This was the 35th consecutive year the Town has received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. The contents must conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town

believes the current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are therefore submitting this year's report to the GFOA.

The Town also received the GFOA Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for the Town's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Acknowledgements: The preparation of the *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* was made possible by the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our genuine appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In addition, we acknowledge the efforts of our independent auditors, Marcum LLP, for their professional work and assistance in producing this report.

We also are grateful to the Mayor and Town Council for their leadership and to the Citizens of Palm Beach for their support in ensuring the financial operations of the Town are conducted in a sound and conservative manner, thus assuring the Town a high level of financial security.

Respectfully submitted,

Kirk Blouin Town Manager

Yout mind

Robert Miracle, CPA Deputy Town Manager, Finance and Administration

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Palm Beach Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



TOWN OF PALM BEACH ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

CITIZENS OF PALM BEACH

ELECT



MAYOR Danielle H. Moore

TOWN COUNCIL



Margaret A. Zeidman



PRESIDENT PRO-TEM Bobbie Lindsay



Julie Araskog





Ted Cooney

Lew Crampton

APPOINTS ADVISORY BOARD AND TOWN ATTORNEY TOWN MANAGER COMMISSIONS John C. Randolph **Kirk Blouin DEPUTY TOWN DEPUTY TOWN MANAGER – BUSINESS MANAGER - FINANCE ENTERPRISE & CULTURE** & ADMINISTRATION **Bob Miracle Carolyn Stone DIRECTOR OF Director of People** PLANNING, ZONING And Culture AND BUILDING Gillian Barth Wayne Bergman DIRECTOR OF **Director of Recreation PUBLIC WORKS** Mark Bresnahan H. Paul Brazil **POLICE CHIEF FIRE-RESCUE CHIEF** Nicholas Caristo Darrel Donatto **Director of Information** Technology

Andy Jadoo

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council, and Town Manager **Town of Palm Beach, Florida**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Palm Beach, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 16, the budgetary comparison data on pages 132 through 137, the pension schedules on pages 138 through 145, and the other postemployment benefits plan schedules on pages 146 through 148 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the summary schedules of debt service requirements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the summary schedules of debt service requirements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 29, 2024, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Marcune LLP

West Palm Beach, FL April 29, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town of Palm Beach, Florida (the "Town"), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

The information contained within this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is only a component of the entire financial statement report. Readers should take time to read and evaluate all sections of the report, including the Notes to Financial Statements and the Required Supplementary Information that is provided in addition to this MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$221.0 million (net position).
- 2. At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$139.8 million, a decrease of \$2.9 million in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is due to an increase in performance bonds (increase in liabilities) related to permitting and building plans approvals in the Town. Approximately 21.9% of the total amount is available for spending at the Town's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- 3. At the end of the current fiscal year governmental unassigned fund balance is \$33,048,585.
- 4. The Town's total government-wide revenue was \$162,697,603, while total expenses were \$155,202,365.
- 5. Governmental Activities generated \$135,893,596 in revenue (including transfers in) with \$141,573,781 in expenses.
- 6. Business-type Activities generated \$26,804,007 in revenues net of \$9,640,396 in transfers out with \$13,628,584 in expenses.
- 7. The Town's long-term debt decreased by \$6,206,482 during the current fiscal year due to principal payments made during the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities include the marina, golf course, and building permitting operations.

The Town's government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 17-18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The Town has three types of funds:

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, and the Beach Restoration Project Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data for the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is presented in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town has three enterprise funds to account for the Town Marina, the Par 3 Golf Course, and the Building Fund activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance health fund, self-insurance risk fund, and equipment replacement fund. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Town Marina, Par 3 Golf Course, and Building Enterprise Funds (enterprise funds) and the internal service funds, which are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the combining financial statements elsewhere in this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-27 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town's fiduciary funds include the Retirement Funds and the OPEB Trust Fund. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Fiduciary funds is fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

The Town's fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 28-29.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 30-131 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information containing a comparison between the Town's adopted budget and actual financial results for the General Fund and Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund, schedules relating to the Town's retirement plan for the three employee groups, and schedules relating to the Town's other postemployment benefits plan. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 132-148 of this report.

Combining financial statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 149-162 of this report.

Debt service requirements are detailed on pages 163-171 of this report.

The statistical section contains information on financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic information and operating information. These schedules can be found on pages 172-195 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position. Below, is a summary of the fiscal year 2023 Statement of Net Position found on page 17 and comparative information for fiscal year 2022.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	Total					
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022				
Assets										
Current and other assets	\$ 282,199,563	\$ 279,236,966	\$ 42,914,062	\$ 26,140,790	\$ 325,113,625	\$ 305,377,756				
Capital assets, net	182,233,377	185,527,559	44,300,567	46,337,428	226,533,944	231,864,987				
Total Assets	464,432,940	464,764,525	87,214,629	72,478,218	551,647,569	537,242,743				
Deferred Outflows of										
Resources	42,716,986	56,374,867	2,586,007	3,223,615	45,302,993	59,598,482				
Liabilities										
Current liabilities	24,123,920	27,440,207	5,195,665	4,778,551	29,319,585	32,218,758				
Long-term liabilities	301,069,650	304,030,131	36,091,204	35,607,251	337,160,854	339,637,382				
Total Liabilities	325,193,570	331,470,338	41,286,869	40,385,802	366,480,439	371,856,140				
Deferred Inflows of										
Resources	8,566,670	10,599,183	879,204	856,891	9,445,874	11,456,074				
Net Position										
Net investment in										
capital assets	15,151,939	78,435,532	14,982,710	15,241,078	30,134,649	93,676,610				
Restricted	38,523,962	66,420,887	323,928	271,263	38,847,890	66,692,150				
Unrestricted	119,713,785	34,213,452	32,327,925	18,946,799	152,041,710	53,160,251				
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 173,389,686</u>	<u>\$ 179,069,871</u>	<u>\$ 47,634,563</u>	\$ 34,459,140	<u>\$ 221,024,249</u>	<u>\$ 213,529,011</u>				

Town of Palm Beach, Florida Summary of Net Position September 30, 2023 and 2022

Net position is the amount that remains after subtracting all liabilities including deferred inflows of resources from all assets including deferred outflows of resources. Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$221.0 million.

Net position invested in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets is \$30.1 million and represents 13.6% of total net position. The Town uses those capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. (See also the discussion on Capital Assets on page 14).

Another portion of net position, \$38.8 million, or 17.5% of total net position, has restrictions on its use that are externally imposed. The restrictions are primarily for Town-wide undergrounding of utility lines, debt service, pensions and other special projects. The remaining net position balance of \$152.0 million, or 68.8% of total net position, is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Change in Net Position: Below is a table summarizing the changes in net position for the year ended September 30, 2023, as compared to September 30, 2022.

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenue								
Program revenue:								
Changes for services	\$ 26,061,373	\$ 20,923,727	\$ 35,080,693	\$ 27,104,863	\$ 61,142,066	\$ 48,028,590		
Operating grants and contributions	10,223,476	6,640,077			10,223,476	6,640,077		
Capital grants and contributions	1,334,311	2,309,489			1,334,311	2,309,489		
General revenue:								
Property taxes	66,331,261	60,530,819			66,331,261	60,530,819		
Local option gas tax	356,093	342,808			356,093	342,808		
Franchise fees	2,901,197	2,600,808			2,901,197	2,600,808		
Utility service taxes	6,716,048	6,358,180			6,716,048	6,358,180		
Business tax receipts	916,897	832,757			916,897	832,757		
Intergovernmental	2,370,467	2,126,261			2,370,467	2,126,261		
Investment income (loss)	7,773,645	(3,156,272)	1,435,603	(184,401)	9,209,248	(3,340,673)		
Miscellaneous	1,268,432	670,610			1,268,432	670,610		
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets			(71,893) 8,985	(71,893)	8,985		
Total Revenue	126,253,200	100,179,264	36,444,403	26,929,447	162,697,603	127,108,711		
Expenses								
General government	31,616,222	27,398,326			31,616,222	27,398,326		
Public safety	41,273,484	34,614,335			41,273,484	34,614,335		
Physical environment	56,044,125	60,586,194			56,044,125	60,586,194		
Transportation	1,927,984	2,228,474			1,927,984	2,228,474		
Economic environment	352,934	390,376			352,934	390,376		
Culture and recreation	4,885,327	4,273,266			4,885,327	4,273,266		
Interest on long-term debt	5,473,705	5,659,626	675,030	677,089	6,148,735	6,336,715		
Town Docks, Golf Course, & Building Enterprise			12,953,554	10,506,612	12,953,554	10,506,612		
Total Expenses	141,573,781	135,150,597	13,628,584	11,183,701	155,202,365	146,334,298		
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	(15,320,581)	(34,971,333)	22,815,819	15,745,746	7,495,238	(19,225,587)		
Transfers	9,640,396	7,780,849	(9,640,396) (7,780,849)				
Change in Net Position	(5,680,185)	(27,190,484)	13,175,423	7,964,897	7,495,238	(19,225,587)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	179,069,871	206,260,355	34,459,140	26,494,243	213,529,011	232,754,598		
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$ 173,389,686</u>	\$ 179,069,871	\$ 47,634,563	\$ 34,459,140	\$ 221,024,249	<u>\$ 213,529,011</u>		

Town of Palm Beach, Florida Summary of Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

Net position for governmental activities decreased in fiscal 2023 by \$5.7 million, a considerable improvement from 2022, when net position decreased by \$27.2 million. Revenues from governmental activities increased by \$26.3 million in 2023 while expenses increased by only \$6.4 million. The primary increases in revenues were investment income, \$10.9 million, as the market rebounded after a down year in 2022, property taxes, \$5.8 million, due to an increase in taxable values, and charges for services, \$5.1 million, due primarily to increases in code compliance penalties and other fines (\$2.0 million), police special security details (\$762 thousand), and metered parking (\$357 thousand).

The net position for business type activities increased by \$13.2 million as revenues outpaced expenditures, increasing by \$9.5 million in 2023 while expenditures increased by a more modest \$2.4 million. The increase in net position for business-type activities offset the decrease for governmental activities, resulting in a net increase of \$7.5 million in total net position. The primary business type revenues are charges for services, which increased by \$7.9 million primarily due to marina slip rentals that increased by \$4.7 million after falling in fiscal 2022 because of dock closures caused by the corona virus pandemic.

Financial Analysis of the Town as a Whole

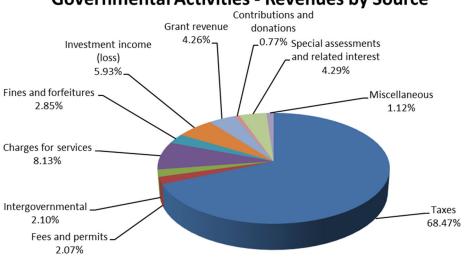
Governmental funds. The fund financial statements for the governmental funds are provided on pages 19-22. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$139,823,429, which decreased by \$2,932,234 from fiscal 2022. This decrease was primarily due to ongoing work on the Townwide Undergrounding Project as the Town continues to spend down debt proceeds secured to finance the project.

The following schedule presents a summary of all governmental fund revenues for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year revenues:

For	the	Governm	f Palm Beach, 1 nental Funds R Ended Septemb	eve	nues	2022			
		2023	Percent of Total		2022	Percent of Total		Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenue		2025	Total		2022	10141	-	 (Decrease)	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$	77,221,496	68.47 %	\$	70,665,372	76.90	%	\$ 6,556,124	9.28 %
Fees and permits		2,331,092	2.07		2,544,896	2.77		(213,804)	(8.40)
Intergovernmental		2,370,467	2.10		2,126,261	2.31		244,206	11.49
Charges for services		9,166,079	8.13		7,803,802	8.49		1,362,277	17.46
Fines and forfeitures		3,214,593	2.85		1,247,451	1.36		1,967,142	157.69
Investment income (loss)		6,693,394	5.93		(2,018,029)	(2.20)		8,711,423	(431.68)
Grant revenue		4,804,709	4.26		1,416,950	1.54		3,387,759	239.09
Contributions and donations		873,509	0.77		2,276,014	2.48		(1,402,505)	(61.62)
Special assessments and related interest		4,837,583	4.29		5,156,602	5.61		(319,019)	(6.19)
Miscellaneous		1,268,432	1.12		670,610	0.73	_	 597,822	89.15
Total Revenue	\$	112,781,354	100.00 %	\$	91,889,929	100.00	%	\$ 20,891,425	22.74 %

The most significant changes in revenues are described below:

- Property tax revenue increased as a result of higher property values.
- Charges for services increased primarily from increased special security details (\$762 thousand) and metered parking (\$357 thousand).
- Fines and forfeitures increased by \$2.0 million due primarily to an increase in code compliance fines (\$1.6 million).
- Investment income by \$8.7 million as the market bounced back from a down year in 2022.
- Grant revenues increased by \$3.4 million primarily from a FEMA Mitigation grant (\$3.1 million) for the undergrounding of the Town's utility lines.
- Contributions and donations decreased by \$1.4 million after cost sharing road milling and resurfacing donations received in 2022 (\$1.0 million) and donations received to refurbish Lake Drive Park in 2022 (\$727 thousand).



Governmental Activities - Revenues by Source

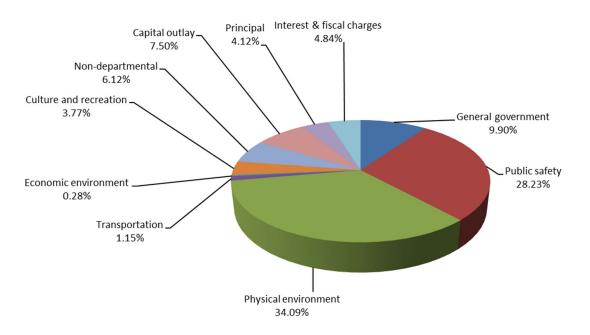
The following schedule presents a summary of all governmental fund expenditures for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022, and the percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts:

Town of Palm Beach, Florida Governmental Funds Expenditures For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

		Percent of		Percent of		Increase
	2023	Total	2022	Total	(Decrease)	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	\$ 12,443,969	9.90 %	\$ 10,207,201	9.18 %	\$	2,236,768
Public safety	35,483,219	28.23	32,586,006	29.31		2,897,213
Physical environment	42,854,502	34.09	37,995,165	34.17		4,859,337
Transportation	1,443,864	1.15	1,340,620	1.21		103,244
Economic environment	352,934	0.28	390,376	0.35		(37,442)
Culture and recreation	4,735,869	3.77	4,206,460	3.78		529,409
Non-departmental	7,695,545	6.12	7,606,161	6.84		89,384
Capital Outlay	9,431,443	7.50	5,715,621	5.14		3,715,822
Debt Service						
Principal	5,179,373	4.12	4,841,595	4.35		337,778
Interest & fiscal charges	 6,087,602	4.84	 6,303,166	5.67		(215,564)
Total Expenditures	\$ 125,708,320	100.00 %	\$ 111,192,371	100.00 %	\$	14,515,949

The reasons for the major increases and decreases in expenditures are as follows:

- General government expenditures increased primarily in salaries and benefits for staffing, cost of living and merit increases (\$1.1 million) and for the development of a Comprehensive Plan (\$797 thousand).
- Public Safety costs increased primarily for wage and benefit increases due to staffing, merit and cost of living increases (\$2.4 million).
- Physical environment costs increased due to spending for an infiltration and inflow study (\$1.6 million), increased costs for sewage treatment and disposal (\$935 thousand), pump station and road and drainage improvements (\$708 thousand), and wages and benefits (\$410 thousand).
- Capital outlay increased primarily due to the North fire station renovation (\$3.7 million) and pavement repairs and management related to the utilities undergrounding project (\$1.5 million) offset by decreases for capital projects that were completed in the previous fiscal year.



Governmental Activities - Expenditures by Function

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of fiscal year 2023, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$33,048,585 an increase of \$2.3 million from the prior year, while the total fund balance was \$44,254,281. The total General Fund increased by \$6,261,500 due to favorable results for the year with revenues exceeding budget expectations by more than \$7 million as property taxes, charges for services, code compliance fines and parking meter revenues were higher than anticipated. Expenditures were \$2.9 million less than budgeted because of personnel vacancies and other cost containment measures. The General Fund transferred more than \$20 million to other funds for capital projects, health insurance and retiree benefits while transfers in from Enterprise Funds increased by \$1.1 million in 2023 to \$6.2 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 33.9% of total General Fund expenditures including transfers out.

The Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund has restricted fund balances of \$31.6 million. These funds have been accumulated and will be spent each year as they are used for continuing undergrounding project costs.

The Capital Improvement Fund has restricted fund balance in the amount of \$1.0 million resulting from revenues whose use is restricted. The fund also has assigned fund balance in the amount of \$22.5 million that has been accumulated for non-coastal capital projects. Fund balance increased in fiscal 2023 as revenues plus transfers in of \$13.9 million outpaced fiscal 2023 expenditures of \$11.8 million. Fiscal 2023 capital expenditures were primarily for the North Fire Station project.

The Beach Restoration Fund Balance is \$38,104,995, of which \$38,089,320 is intended for beach restoration. Fund balance increased primarily through transfers from the general fund as resources for future beach nourishment projects are accumulated.

Total fund balances in other non-major governmental funds, which include debt service, special revenue, and capital projects funds, increased by \$143,630. In total these funds have fund balances totaling \$2.7 million restricted for debt service, capital projects and from other restricted revenue sources. The negative unassigned fund balance of \$603,409 is related to neighborhood undergrounding projects that were completed prior to the Townwide program. These project costs are being paid down over time by assessments on those properties, reducing the negative unassigned fund balance.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds, also called enterprise funds, capture the business-type activities of the Town. The enterprise funds of the Town consist of the Town Docks Enterprise Fund, the Par 3 Golf Course Enterprise Fund and the Building Enterprise Fund.

Unrestricted net position at September 30, 2023 was \$16,344,510 for the Town Docks Enterprise Fund, \$3,521,795 for the Par 3 Golf Course Enterprise Fund, and \$12,361,385 for the Building Fund. All the Town's enterprise funds generate sufficient revenues to pay for those operations with excess funds that help support the Town's governmental services. The unrestricted net position for the internal service funds totaled \$32,873,693. The Town Docks Fund opened a brand-new marina in November 2021 and received a full years' worth of revenue in FY23. The Par 3 Golf Course had a record number of rounds which led to the increase in revenue. The Building Enterprise Fund had increased revenues due to the larger number of permits and the increase value in the renovations to residential and commercial properties.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The annual General Fund budget is adopted after two public hearings and approval of the Town Council. Any amendments that would exceed the original budget at the fund level must be adopted by a formal budget amendment requiring an ordinance and two readings by the Town Council. The FY2023 budget was increased by the amount of commitments (unpaid purchase orders) from the prior year. Funds were transferred from an appropriated General Fund contingency account to program accounts in the budget to provide for unanticipated expenditures in accordance with specific Town Council authorizations. The budget was amended to recognize a transfer from the Building Fund to the General Fund for the value of services provided.

Actual revenues, excluding transfers, were \$9.6 million more than budgeted with the excess driven mostly by code enforcement penalties (\$1.8 million), interest income on investments (\$2.6

million), and property taxes, including back taxes, utility taxes and franchise fees (\$1.9 million), and unexpected miscellaneous revenues including a land lease extension and grant funds related to Hurricane Ian (\$630 thousand). Actual expenditures were \$2.9 million less than budgeted due primarily to planned expenditures for a new comprehensive plan that were \$2.0 million less than budgeted in fiscal 2023. The projected expenditures for the comprehensive plan will continue in fiscal 2024. Most of the remaining expenditures that were under budget were related to personnel vacancies. One budget amendment was adopted by Town Council in fiscal 2023 for the Comprehensive Plan in the amount of \$1,747,000.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets are those assets (capital assets and infrastructure) that are used in the performance of the Town's functions. As of September 30, 2023, net capital assets of governmental activities totaled \$182.2 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$44.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, infrastructure, leases (right-of-use assets), and construction in progress. All decreases from 2022 to 2023 were directly attributable to increased accumulated depreciation of depreciable assets.

A summary of the Town's capital assets (net of depreciation/amortization) can be found on the following page. Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

			eptember 00, -										
	 Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business-type Activities					Total				
	2023 2022		2023		2022		2023		2022				
Capital Assets													
Land	\$ 10,566,323	\$	10,566,323	\$	5,051,527	\$	5,051,527	\$	15,617,850	\$	15,617,850		
Construction in Progress	15,478,752		6,508,324						15,478,752		6,508,324		
Buildings	56,336,481		58,699,871		3,838,970		3,957,150		60,175,451		62,657,021		
Improvements Other Than Buildings	9,004,213		9,417,047		33,994,107		35,871,120		42,998,320		45,288,167		
Equipment	8,269,764		8,233,509		578,436		572,913		8,848,200		8,806,422		
Infrastructure	82,323,365		92,070,678						82,323,365		92,070,678		
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	8,351		31,807		785,349		884,718		793,700		916,525		
Subscription arrangements	246,128				52,178				298,306				
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 182,233,377	\$	185,527,559	\$	44,300,567	\$	46,337,428	\$	226,533,944	\$	231,864,987		

Town of Palm Beach, Florida Capital Assets September 30, 2023 and 2022

There were no major capital projects completed during the fiscal year. Significant equipment and vehicles additions included:

- A server and storage in the Emergency Operations Center (EOC), \$353 thousand.
- A new ambulance, \$260 thousand.
- Two trucks for Public Works, \$205 thousand.
- Surveillance systems for police, \$103 thousand.
- Four new cardiopulmonary assist systems, \$70 thousand.

Debt Administration

As of September 30, 2023, the Town had \$127,450,000 par value in revenue bonds outstanding representing a decrease of \$4,995,000 due to debt service payments made on the Bonds. Outstanding General Obligation Bonds totaled \$59,215,000 at par value, a decrease of \$1,370,000 due to debt service payments. The debt outstanding as of the end of the fiscal year was secured by various revenue sources.

The debt position of the Town is summarized below and more fully explained in Note 7 to the financial statements found on page 73.

Town of Palm Beach, Florida Outstanding Debt September 30, 2023 and 2022

	 Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
	 2023		2022		2023		2022		2023	2023		
Debt												
Revenue Bonds Payable - Par Value	\$ 99,100,000	\$	102,755,000	\$	28,350,000	\$	29,690,000	\$	127,450,000	\$	132,445,000	
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Par Value	59,215,000		60,585,000						59,215,000		60,585,000	
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	7,557		31,468		763,406		856,239		770,963		887,707	
Subscription Arrangements	 223,874				51,388				275,262			
Total Debt	\$ 158,546,431	\$	163,371,468	\$	29,164,794	\$	30,546,239	\$	187,711,225	\$	193,917,707	

The Town of Palm Beach maintains an AAA issuer's rating by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's and the Revenue Bonds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and received a rating upgrade from Aa1 to Aaa by Moody's in January 2023.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

For FY2024, the Town Council adopted a General Fund budget, including transfers out, of \$104,812,931 representing a 7.84% increase from FY2023. The FY2024 budget includes a 10.26% increase in property tax revenue of \$6,710,810. Increases to the General Fund budget included an increase in the number of authorized full-time employees, cost of living adjustments, pay range adjustments and step and merit increases. In addition, the transfer to the Capital Improvement fund was increased by \$4.9 million to improve funding levels. The taxable value of property increased by 13.96% for FY2024 and the Town's millage rate was reduced to 2.6110.

General economic conditions in the State of Florida are strong. Tourism has increased since the pandemic shutdowns and the real estate market and property values have been increasing by double digits in the Town, County and in other parts of the State due to the influx of new residents.

The Town has annually prepared a Long-Term Financial Plan. Copies are available on the Town's website.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. Questions concerning information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to:

Finance Department Town of Palm Beach 360 South County Road Palm Beach, FL 33480 561-838-5444 www.townofpalmbeach.com FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Business-				
	Governmental Activities	type Activities	Total			
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,524	\$ 2,000	\$ 49,524			
Investments	30,442,272		30,442,272			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	151,379,464					
Accounts receivable, net	1,679,374	831,333	2,510,707			
Lease receivable	19,968		19,968			
Assessments receivable	59,941,463		59,941,463			
Interest receivable	1,042,189					
Due from other governments	7,544,580		7,544,580			
Internal balances	(100,235	/				
Inventory	875,376		875,376			
Prepaid items	714,258	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·			
Net OPEB asset	3,201,516	,	, ,			
Investment in joint venture	15,807,851		12,001,021			
Equity in pooled cash and investments - restricted	9,603,963	670,800	10,274,763			
Capital assets: Land	10.566.222	5 051 527	15 (17 950			
	10,566,323 15,478,752					
Construction in progress	, ,		15,478,752			
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	156,188,302					
Total Assets	464,432,940	87,214,629	551,647,569			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Unamortized loss on refunding	2,928,867		2,928,867			
Pension related items	33,425,922		, ,			
	6,362,197					
OPEB related items						
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	42,716,986	2,586,007	45,302,993			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and contracts payable	8,942,969					
Accrued liabilities	3,633,479	274,999	3,908,478			
Payable from restricted assets:	5 825 026	(70.900	6 406 725			
Accounts and contracts payable	5,825,925					
Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue	1,475,736 4,245,811		1,475,736			
Long-term liabilities:	4,245,611	5,017,018	7,863,429			
Due within one year	6,986,990	1,559,075	8,546,065			
Due in more than one year	294,082,660	, ,	, ,			
Total Liabilities	325,193,570	41,286,869	366,480,439			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(20.55		(20,752			
Business tax receipts	629,752		629,752			
Lease related items	31,703 1,819,796		31,703 2,083,280			
Pension related items						
OPEB related items	6,085,419					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,566,670	879,204	9,445,874			
Net Position	15 151 000	14 000 510	20 124 (40			
Net investment in capital assets	15,151,939	14,982,710	30,134,649			
Restricted for:	004 55		004 570			
One-cent surtax	894,579		894,579			
Water project	143,012		143,012			
Debt service	1,371,684		1,371,684			
Crime prevention	52,825		52,825			
Worth avenue Townwide undergrounding	235,097		235,097			
Net OPEB asset	31,605,309 3,201,516		51,000,505			
Special projects	3,201,510 1,019,940		5,525,444 1,019,940			
Unrestricted	119,713,785					
Total Net Position	\$ 173,389,686					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Program Revenues					Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position						
			Charges	Operating		Capital					Business-		
			for	Contributions		Contributions		Governmental			type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	and Grants		and Grants		Activities			Activities		Total
Governmental Activities													
General government	\$ 31,616,222	\$	14,111,099	\$	196,697	\$		\$	(17,308,426)	\$		\$	(17,308,426)
Public safety	41,273,484		6,401,779		348,539				(34,523,166)				(34,523,166)
Physical environment	56,044,125		923,716		8,284,546		1,329,311		(45,506,552)				(45,506,552)
Transportation	1,927,984		3,292,126	718,434		5,000		2,087,576					2,087,576
Economic environment	352,934			235,127				(117,807)					(117,807)
Culture and recreation	4,885,327		1,332,653	440,133				(3,112,541)					(3,112,541)
Interest on long-term debt	5,473,705							(5,473,705)					(5,473,705)
Total Governmental Activities	141,573,781		26,061,373		10,223,476		1,334,311		(103,954,621)				(103,954,621)
Business-type Activities													
Town Docks	4,978,763		15,170,001								10,191,238		10,191,238
Golf Course	3,937,723		5,061,321								1,123,598		1,123,598
Building Enterprise	4,037,068		14,849,371								10,812,303		10,812,303
Interest on long-term debt	675,030										(675,030)		(675,030)
Total Business-type Activities	13,628,584		35,080,693								21,452,109		21,452,109
Total	\$ 155,202,365	\$	61,142,066	\$	10,223,476	\$	1,334,311		(103,954,621)		21,452,109		(82,502,512)
General Revenues													
			Property taxes						66,331,261				66,331,261
		Local option gas tax						356,093				356,093	
		Franchise taxes based on gross receipts						2,901,197				2,901,197	
		Utility service taxes						6,716,048				6,716,048	
		Business tax receipts						916,897				916,897	
		Intergovernmental revenue - unrestricted							2,370,467				2,370,467
		Investment earnings							7,773,645		1,435,603		9,209,248
		Miscellaneous							1,268,432				1,268,432
		Loss on disposal of assets								(71,893)		(71,893)	
		Transfers							9,640,396		(9,640,396)		
		Total General Revenue and Transfers							98,274,436		(8,276,686)		89,997,750

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning **Net Position -** Ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$

13,175,423

34,459,140

47,634,563

\$

(5,680,185)

179,069,871

173,389,686

\$

7,495,238

213,529,011

221,024,249

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Maior Govern	mental Funds			
		Townwide		Beach	-	
	General	Undergrounding Assessment	Capital Improvement	Restoration	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Project Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,000		\$	•	\$	\$ 5,000
Equity in pooled cash and investments	16,085,455		24,685,881	38,128,307	2,713,484	117,463,423
Investments Accounts receivable, net	30,442,272 1,651,722					30,442,272 1,651,722
Lease receivable	1,051,722					19,968
Assessments receivable						59,941,463
Interest receivable	153,944	452,592	102,281	176,580	19,743	905,140
Due from other governments	253,303		333,168	4,688,365		7,544,580
Inventory	582,694		277,007	15,675		875,376
Prepaid items Equity in pooled cash and investments - restricted	15,247 5,348,056		4,255,907			15,247 9,603,963
Total Assets	\$ 54,557,661	\$ 98,514,095	\$ 29,654,244	\$ 43,008,927	\$ 2,733,227	\$ 228,468,154
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 1,167,228		\$ 2,653,221	\$ 210,605		\$ 8,784,795
Accrued liabilities	1,601,804			4,962		1,611,123
Advance from other funds Pavable from restricted assets	5,348,056		 477.869		596,571	596,571 5,825,925
Unearned revenue	1,505,364		2,740,447			4,245,811
Total Liabilities	9,622,452	4,697,579	5,871,537	215,567	657,090	21,064,225
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Business tax receipts	629,752					629,752
Unavailable revenue	19,473			4,688,365		6,977,582
Leases	31,703					31,703
Special assessments Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	680,928			4,688,365		59,941,463
Total Deferred Innows of Resources	080,928	62,211,207		4,088,303		67,580,500
Fund Balances Non-spendable:						
Inventory	582,694	÷	277,007	15,675		875,376
Prepaid items	15,247					15,247
Restricted for:						
Crime prevention	-				52,825	52,825
Special projects Townwide undergrounding		31,605,309			1,019,940	1,019,940 31,605,309
Debt service					1.371.684	1,371,684
Worth avenue					235,097	235,097
One-cent surtax	-		894,579			894,579
Water project	-		143,012			143,012
Committed to:						
Compensated absences Tennis	2,652,248 80,962					2,652,248
MPSCC Replacement	262,467					80,962 262,467
Assigned to:	202,407					202,407
Subsequent year's expenditures	2,391,599)				2,391,599
Capital projects	5,220,479)	22,468,109			27,688,588
Beach restoration				38,089,320		38,089,320
Unassigned	33,048,585				(603,409)	32,445,176
Total Fund Balances	44,254,281	31,605,309	23,782,707	38,104,995	2,076,137	139,823,429
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 54,557,661	\$ 98,514,095	\$ 29,654,244	\$ 43,008,927	\$ 2,733,227	\$ 228,468,154
anu runu dalantes	<u>\$ 54,557,001</u>	<u>\$ 70,514,095</u>	<u>v 27,034,244</u>	φ 4 3,000,927	φ <i>2,133,221</i>	φ 220, 4 00,1 <i>3</i> 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 139,823,429
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	173,164,880
Revenue is recognized when earned in the government-wide statements regardless of when it is collected. Governmental funds recognize revenue when both measurable and available. Unavailable revenue	66,919,045
Net OPEB asset created through funding of the employer contribution to the defined benefit OPEB plan is not recognized in the funds.	3,201,516
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. OPEB related deferred outflows OPEB related deferred inflows	6,362,197 (6,085,419)
Investment in joint venture is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	15,807,851
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	41,942,190
The internal service funds have operated with cumulative positive income results over the years, primarily due to excess service charges to governmental funds. The excess charges have reduced the total governmental fund balances reported above. Since internal service funds should operate at a breakeven basis, the cumulative excess charges are added back to the above fund balances.	(100,235)
Long-term liabilities, including accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Bond premiums Deferred loss on refunding Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Net pension liability	(158,315,000) (8,811,998) 2,928,867 (1,475,736) (3,187,338) (119,344,978)
Preservation of benefits pension liability Subscription arrangements liability Lease (Right-of-use asset) liability Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs	(1,346,341) (223,874) (7,557) (9,363,216)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows	 33,304,763 (1,803,360)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 173,389,686

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Major Govern	mental Funds			
		Townwide Undergrounding	Capital	Beach Restoration	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Assessment	Improvement	Project	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 77,221,496	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 77,221,496
Fees and permits	2,331,092					2,331,092
Intergovernmental	1,465,846		904,621			2,370,467
Charges for services	9,166,079					9,166,079
Fines and forfeitures	3,214,593					3,214,593
Investment earnings	2,839,898	1,718,175	917,249	1,176,144	41,928	6,693,394
Grant revenue	21,824	3,091,946	1,687,709	3,230		4,804,709
Contributions and donations			289,095		584,414	873,509
Special assessments and related interest		3,499,482			1,338,101	4,837,583
Miscellaneous	985,141	189,464		93,728	99	1,268,432
Total Revenues	97,245,969	8,499,067	3,798,674	1,273,102	1,964,542	112,781,354
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	12,134,880		79,100		229,989	12,443,969
Public safety	35,147,046				336,173	35,483,219
Physical environment	15,397,209	23,094,137	2,861,488	1,500,148	1,520	42,854,502
Transportation	1,372,836		71,028			1,443,864
Economic environment					352,934	352,934
Culture and recreation	4,720,024				15,845	4,735,869
Non-departmental	7,695,545					7,695,545
Capital outlay	374,010		8,864,787	192,646		9,431,443
Debt service:						
Principal	154,373	1,370,000			3,655,000	5,179,373
Interest and fiscal charges	269	2,480,655			3,606,678	6,087,602
Total Expenditures	76,996,192	26,944,792	11,876,403	1,692,794	8,198,139	125,708,320
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	20,249,777	(18,445,725)	(8,077,729)	(419,692)	(6,233,597)	(12,926,966)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Subscriptions acquired	354,336					354,336
Transfers in	6,164,921	3,291,116	10,059,069	5,264,732	6,948,901	31,728,739
Transfers out	(20,507,534)		(500,000)	(509,135)	(571,674)	(22,088,343)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(13,988,277)	3,291,116	9,559,069	4,755,597	6,377,227	9,994,732
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,261,500	(15,154,609)	1,481,340	4,335,905	143,630	(2,932,234)
Fund Balances - Beginning	37,992,781	46,759,918	22,301,367	33,769,090	1,932,507	142,755,663
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 44,254,281</u>	\$ 31,605,309	<u>\$ 23,782,707</u>	<u>\$ 38,104,995</u>	\$ 2,076,137	<u>\$ 139,823,429</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (2,932,234)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Capital outlay Capital outlay which did not meet the threshold for capitalization	9,431,443 459,810
Capital contributions Less current year depreciation and amortization	1,041,986 (13,697,186)
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in investment in joint venture	1,910,076
Governmental funds report revenue when earned and available. However, the	1,9 10,0 10
government-wide statements recognize revenue when earned, regardless of availability. Grant revenues	(336,637)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets of governmental activities.	
Subscription arrangements acquired	(354,336)
Repayment of subscription principal	130,462
Repayment of lease (Right-of-use asset) principal Repayment of debt principal	23,911 5,025,000
Transfer of capital assets from governmental activities to internal service funds therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	
Transfer of capital assets	(336,156)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Amortization of loss on refunding	(329,830)
Amortization of bond premiums	888,021
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences	55,706 (109,878)
Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts	(5,828,399)
Change in preservation of benefits pension liability and related deferred amounts	353,825
Change in net OPEB asset and related deferred amounts	(875,580)
Change in accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs	(764,996)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of property, liabilities, and workers compensation insurance, group health insurance and equipment replacement costs. The net revenues of certain activities of the	
internal services funds are reported within governmental activities.	 564,807
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (5,680,185)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds				
	Town Docks Fund	Golf Course Fund	Building Enterprise Fund	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Assets						
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Equity in pooled cash and investments - restricted	\$ 20,000,911 825,606 172,548 51,202 670,800	\$ 2,000 4,985,306 5,727 58,619 14,493	\$ 15,510,946 191,741 	\$ 2,000 40,497,163 831,333 422,908 65,695 <u>670,800</u>	\$ 42,524 33,916,041 27,652 137,049 699,011	
Total Current Assets	21,721,067	5,066,145	15,702,687	42,489,899	34,822,277	
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets: Land Construction in progress Buildings Improvements other than buildings Lease (right-of-use asset) Subscription arrangements Equipment Total Capital assets		5,051,527 		5,051,527 4,902,623 40,187,172 961,613 104,356 <u>1,300,470</u> 52,507,761	798,734 	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,618,644)	(4,410,058)	(178,492)	(8,207,194)	(15,873,728)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	33,869,903	10,366,711	63,953	44,300,567	9,068,497	
Advance to other funds Net OPEB asset	45,702	75,834	202,392	323,928	596,571	
Total Noncurrent Assets	33,915,605	10,442,545	266,345	44,624,495	9,665,068	
Total Assets	55,636,672	15,508,690	15,969,032	87,114,394	44,487,345	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related items OPEB related items	262,510 90,820	495,595 150,701	1,184,178 402,203	1,942,283 643,724	121,159	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	353,330	646,296	1,586,381	2,586,007	121,159	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and contracts payable Accrued liabilities Current portion of lease liability Current portion of subscription liability Current portion of compensated absences Current portion of bonds payable Payable from restricted - customer deposits	359,527 193,683 90,056 	187,260 20,097 	85,461 61,219 1,403 51,388 27,259	632,248 274,999 91,459 51,388 46,228 1,370,000 670,800	158,174 2,022,356 10,100 	
Total Current Liabilities	2,686,666	223,726	226,730	3,137,122	2,190,630	
Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds payable Compensated absences Lease liability Net pension liability Unearned revenue	26,980,000 18,189 671,947 895,101 3,617,618	68,625 1,689,871	170,607 4,037,789	26,980,000 257,421 671,947 6,622,761 3,617,618	46,125	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	32,182,855	1,758,496	4,208,396	38,149,747	459,248	
Total Liabilities	34,869,521	1,982,222	4,435,126	41,286,869	2,649,878	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related items OPEB related items	35,611 86,869	67,231 144,145	160,642 384,706	263,484 615,720	16,436	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	122,480	211,376	545,348	879,204	16,436	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for net OPEB asset	4,607,789 45,702	10,363,759 75,834	11,162 202,392	14,982,710 323,928	9,068,497	
Unrestricted	16,344,510	3,521,795	12,361,385	32,227,690	32,873,693	
Total Net Position	\$ 20,998,001	\$ 13,961,388	<u>\$ 12,574,939</u>	\$ 47,534,328	\$ 41,942,190	

RECONCILIATION OF ENTERPRISE FUND NET POSITION TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Amounts Reported for the Enterprise Funds	\$ 47,534,328
The Town uses internal service funds to charge the costs of risk management, group health insurance, and equipment replacement to individual governmental and enterprise funds. The operating income or loss of certain activities of internal service funds related to the enterprise funds are included with business-type activities in the government-wide statements.	
The following reflects the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds.	
Current year adjustment	(97,672)
Cumulative prior year adjustments	 197,907
Amounts Reported for the Business-type Activities	\$ 47,634,563

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Business-type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fund	ls	
		Major Funds	•		Governmental
	Town Docks Fund	Golf Course Fund	Building Enterprise Fund	Total	Activities Internal Services Fund
Operating Revenues					
Golf fees and related revenue	\$ -	- \$ 5,108,896	\$	\$ 5,108,896	\$
Marina fees and related revenue	15,191,34			15,191,346	
Building fees and related revenue	-		14,744,538	14,744,538	
Charges for services Fines and Forfeitures	-			125,375	9,773,520
Other operating revenue	36		125,375	8,210	2,650
1 0				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Operating Revenues	15,191,70	5,115,583	14,871,076	35,178,365	9,776,170
Operating Expenses					
Personal services	613,36		3,059,125	4,990,905	353,431
Contractual services	729,07		563,926	2,043,175	493,335
Repairs and maintenance	86,65	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	202,220	801,727	
Equipment rental Materials and supplies	48,04	- 6,601 8 802,382	25,341	6,601 875,771	
Utilities	739,75	,	25,541	836,485	
Insurance					2,241,804
Claims	-				5,742,647
Claims adjustment	-				136,886
Depreciation and amortization	1,895,57	5 296,406	59,358	2,251,339	1,701,803
Other	866,28	2 154,171	127,098	1,147,551	191,502
Total Operating Expenses	4,978,76	3,937,723	4,037,068	12,953,554	10,861,408
Operating Income (Loss)	10,212,94	3 1,177,860	10,834,008	22,224,811	(1,085,238)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment earnings	749,91	5 165,390	520,298	1,435,603	1,080,251
Insurance recoveries					193,393
Interest and fiscal charges	(675,00		(24)		
Loss on disposal of assets		- (71,893)		(71,893)	(57,427)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	74,90	9 93,497	520,274	688,680	1,216,217
Income Before Capital Contributions					
from other funds and Transfers	10,287,852	2 1,271,357	11,354,282	22,913,491	130,979
Capital contributions from other funds	-				336,156
Transfers out	(3,220,46)	5) (212,426)	(6,207,505)	(9,640,396)	
Change in Net Position	7,067,38	7 1,058,931	5,146,777	13,273,095	467,135
Net Position - Beginning	13,930,614	12,902,457	7,428,162	34,261,233	41,475,055
Net Position - Ending	\$ 20,998,00	1 \$ 13,961,388	\$ 12,574,939	\$ 47,534,328	\$ 41,942,190

RECONCILIATION OF ENTERPRISE FUND CHANGES IN NET POSITION TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Amounts Reported for the Enterprise Funds	\$	13,273,095
The Town uses internal service funds to charge the costs of risk management, group health insurance, and equipment replacement to individual governmental and enterprise funds. The operating income or loss of certain activities of internal service funds related to the enterprise funds are included with business-type activities in the government-wide statements.		
The following reflects the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds.		
Current year adjustment		(97,672)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	13,175,423

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds				Governmental					
		Town Docks Fund		Golf Course Fund	Bu	ilding Enterprise Fund		Total		Activities - ternal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	16,361,121	\$	5,105,439	\$	14,869,913	\$	36,336,473	\$	9,982,633
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Other receipts		(571,426) (2,480,887) 360		(970,129) (2,274,005) 6,687		(2,436,114) (867,557) 1,163		(3,977,669) (5,622,449) 8,210		(280,606) (9,083,750) 2,650
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	13,309,168		1,867,992		11,567,405		26,744,565		620,927
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Insurance recoveries Transfers to other funds		(3,220,465)		(212,426)		(6,207,505)		 (9,640,396)		193,393
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities		(3,220,465)		(212,426)		(6,207,505)		(9,640,396)		193,393
Cash Flows from Capital and Related										
Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of assets		(237,203)		(179,063)				(416,266)		(1,294,808) 65,813
Repayment of bonds Lease (right-of-use assets) payment paid		(1,340,000) (88,642)				(4,191)		(1,340,000) (92,833)		
Subscription arrangements payment paid		(88,042)				(52,968)		(52,968)		
Interest paid on lease (right-of-use assets)		(22,056)				(24)		(22,080)		
Interest paid on bonds Net Cash Used in Capital and		(644,471)						(644,471)		
Related Financing Activities		(2,332,372)		(179,063)		(57,183)		(2,568,618)		(1,228,995)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income received		589,605		111,997		346,935		1,048,537		
Purchases of investments	—									988,203
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	589,605		111,997		346,935		1,048,537		988,203
Net Increase in Cash		8,345,936		1,588,500		5,649,652		15,584,088		573,528
Cash - Beginning		12,325,775		3,398,806		9,861,294		25,585,875		33,385,037
Cash - Ending	\$	20,671,711	\$	4,987,306	\$	15,510,946	\$	41,169,963	\$	33,958,565
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	10,212,943	\$	1,177,860	\$	10,834,008	\$	22,224,811	\$	(1,085,238)
cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization		1 905 575		20(40(50.259		2 251 220		1 701 002
Changes in net pension liability and related deferred amounts Changes in net OPEB asset and related deferred amounts		1,895,575 20,524 13,469		296,406 329,134 8,478		59,358 644,176 11,096		2,251,339 993,834 33,043		1,701,803 59,292
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) in accounts receivable Decrease in advance to other funds		(824,172)		(3,457)				(827,629)		(7,369) 216,482
(Increase) in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(17,286)		(2,210) 49,710		37,939		(19,496) 87,649		(249,233) (163,584)
Increase in accrued liabilities		6,222		1,397		13,089		20,708		135,241
(Decrease) in customer deposits Increase in unearned revenue		(209,200) 2,203,147						(209,200) 2,203,147		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		7,946		10,674		(32,261)		(13,641)		13,533
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	13,309,168	\$	1,867,992	\$	11,567,405	\$	26,744,565	\$	620,927
Noncash Activities	<i>•</i>		¢		¢		e		¢	226.156
Contributions of capital assets by other funds	\$		\$		\$	104 256	\$	104 256	\$	336,156
Initiation of subscription liability	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u> \$		\$ ¢	104,356	\$ ¢	104,356	\$ ¢	126 006
Insurance claims adjustment	<u>\$</u> \$		<u>\$</u> \$		<u>\$</u>		\$\$	(71.803)	<u>\$</u>	136,886
Loss on disposal of assets	\$		\$	(71,893)	\$		\$	(71,893)	\$	(57,427)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Trust Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 146,151
Interest and dividends receivable	228,365
Prepaid expenses	12,888
Investments:	
Short-term investment fund	11,830,457
Fixed income securities	52,991,931
Common stock	23,604,536
Domestic equity funds	94,899,530
International equity funds	59,592,708
Hedge funds	16,638,383
Private equity funds	13,357,526
Real estate funds	16,182,026
Total Assets	289,484,501
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	588,072
Due to brokers	28,181
Total Liabilities	616,253
Net Position	
Restricted for pension benefits	251,982,588
Restricted for OPEB	36,885,660
Total Net Position	\$ 288,868,248

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Additions

Contributions Employer Employee Other	\$ 17,208,460 2,520,253 122,857
Total Contributions	 19,851,570
Investment Income Net appreciation in fair value of investments	18,345,535
Interest and dividends Total investment income Less investment expenses	 6,408,231 24,753,766 (780,586)
Net Investment Income	 23,973,180
Total Additions	 43,824,750
Deductions Benefit payments Share distributions DROP distributions Refunds of participants' contributions Administrative expenses Other	 22,393,120 79,485 3,778,671 98,051 520,028 557
Total Deductions	 26,869,912
Change in Net Position	16,954,838
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB - Beginning of Year	 271,913,410
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB - Ending of Year	\$ 288,868,248

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Palm Beach, Florida, (the "Town") was incorporated as a municipality in 1911. The Town Charter was enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida by Special Acts 1917, Chapter 7683. Pursuant to authority granted by the Florida Constitution and Florida Statutes Chapter 165, the Town enacted its current charter by Town Ordinance No. 15-78 adopted on December 12, 1978, and approved by referendum held February 6, 1979. The Town is governed by an elected Mayor and Town Council, which appoints a Town Manager. The Town provides the following services: public safety, recreation, sanitation, streets and roads, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The basic financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's significant accounting policies.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements include the Town (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town is financially accountable for an organization if:

- a) the Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Town is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town, or
- b) the organization is fiscally dependent on the Town and (1) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to the Town or (2) impose specific financial burdens on the Town.

Based upon the application of these criteria, management has determined that there are two fiduciary component units that are required to be included in the Town's financial reporting entity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Town of Palm Beach Retirement System and Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

The Town of Palm Beach Retirement System (the "Plan") was established May 1, 2012 and is governed by a nine-member board of trustees. The trustees consist of (a) one employee who is a member of the benefit group general or benefit group lifeguard elected by the members of those benefit groups (b) one employee who is a member of the benefit group firefighter elected by the members of that benefit group (c) one employee who is a member of the benefit group police officers elected by the members of that benefit group (d) five residents of the Town who are not officers or employees of the Town, retirees or beneficiaries of the retirement system, appointed by the Town Council and (e) Deputy Town Manager, Finance and Administration. The Town of Palm Beach Other Postemployment Benefits Plan ("OPEB") Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that is administered by the Town and covers retired employees of the Town and their dependents. The Town Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan.

All employees working in excess of 1,850 hours per year are covered by the Plan. The Town Council is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The contributions and benefits are segregated between general employees and lifeguards, police officers, and firefighters.

The Plan and OPEB are included in the Town's financial reporting entity because the Town appoints a voting majority of the Plan's governing board, the Town is able to impose its will on the organization, and there is the potential for the Plan to provide specific financial benefits to the Town or impose specific financial burdens on the Town. The Plan and OPEB are presented as four trust funds in the Town's fiduciary fund financial statements.

The Town has entered into a joint interlocal agreement for the management and operation of the East Central Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities (the "ECR"). The ECR is reported as a joint venture accounted for using the equity method as discussed in Note 5.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town. These statements include separate columns for the governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, and business-type activities, which rely primarily on fees and charges for support. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total column.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In the Statement of Activities, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation, because elimination of such charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or identifiable activities are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity. Program revenue includes three categories of transactions: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; (2) operating grants and contributions; and, (3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenue are reported as general revenue.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The underlying accounting system of the Town is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds used by the Town are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The Town's major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds in the aggregate. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements, to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Special Revenue Fund

The *Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund* accounts for the proceeds of assessments that are restricted to expenditures for the Townwide Underground Utility Project.

Capital Projects Funds

The *Capital Improvement Fund* accounts for various construction projects undertaken by the Town. This fund is financed on a pay-as-you go basis from the General Fund.

The *Beach Restoration Project Fund* accounts for beach improvements, restoration and renourishment through the placement of sand and possible groin fields and environmental mitigation for beach stabilization in all or a portion of the beaches located within the Town.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for the Town's major proprietary funds and internal service funds as follows:

The *Town Docks Enterprise Fund* is used to account for the operations of the Town's 84 slip marina.

The *Golf Course Enterprise Fund* is used to account for the operations of the Town's Par 3 Golf Course.

The *Building Enterprise Fund* is used to account for all building permit revenue and expenses and allow for greater transparency as required by the State of Florida.

The Property, Liability and Workers Compensation Insurance Fund and the Group Health Insurance Fund are used to account for the Town's internal service funds which provide risk management services to other departments of the Town. In addition, the Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for the Town's internal service fund which provides for the accumulation of resources for the procurement and maintenance of major equipment and vehicles.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements - Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The Town's Fiduciary Funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of third parties (pension participants and Town employees) and cannot be used to finance activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The Fiduciary Funds of the Town are as follows:

The *Town of Palm Beach Retirement Fund* accounts for the General Employees' Pension Trust, the Police Officers' Pension Trust, and the Firefighters' Pension Trust assets held in a trustee capacity for Town employees participating in the Town of Palm Beach Retirement System.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for retiree healthcare benefits.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All franchise fees are based on gross receipts.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized in the period in which it becomes both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Unearned revenue consists primarily of fees for building permits and other fees collected in advance of the year to which they relate. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, franchise fees (all of which are based on a percentage of gross receipts), charges for services and investment income are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received in cash by the Town.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Proprietary fund and internal service fund financial statements distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Town Docks Enterprise Fund, Golf Course Enterprise Fund, and Building Enterprise Fund, are charges to customers for dockage, greens fees, and building permits, respectively. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of operating and maintaining the marina and golf course, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

In the government-wide financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Ad valorem taxes are levied each November 1st based on the assessed property valuations at January 1st as established by the County Property Appraiser. These taxes are payable November 1st, with discounts of one to four percent allowed for payments prior to March 1st of the following calendar year. Ad valorem taxes are due March 31st, and become delinquent and subject to lien on April 1st. Ad valorem taxes are billed and collected by the Palm Beach County Tax Collector and remitted to the Town.

PROPERTY TAX REFORM

During 2007, the Florida Legislature passed property tax reform legislation limiting the property tax levies of local governments in the State of Florida. Local governments that adopt a property tax levy in excess of the limit under State law will lose their Half-Cent Sales Tax distribution from the State for the succeeding twelve months. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the maximum tax levy allowed by a majority vote of the governing body is generally based on a percentage reduction applied to the prior year (2021/2022) property tax revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PROPERTY TAX REFORM (CONTINUED)

The State law allows local governments to adopt a higher millage rate based on the following approval of the governing body: 1) a majority vote to adopt a rate equal to the adjusted current year rolled-back millage rate plus an adjustment for growth in per capita Florida personal income; 2) a two-thirds vote to adopt a rate equal to the adjusted current year rolled-back millage rate plus 10%; or 3) any millage rate approved by unanimous vote or referendum. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 the Town adopted a millage rate of 2.6932. This millage rate results in a total tax levy of \$65,419,700 for 2023, representing an increase of 9.65%, from the property tax levy of 2022. Beginning in 2009, property tax growth is limited to the annual growth rate of per capita personal income plus the value of new construction.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as deposits with financial institutions, money market accounts and money market mutual funds and highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have a maturity when purchased of three months or less.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents also include each respective fund's equity in pooled cash and investments. Each fund is able to withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty and there is sufficient liquidity to meet the daily cash needs of each fund.

INVESTMENTS

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. For some assets and liabilities, observable market transactions or market information might be available; for others, it might not be available. However, the objective of fair value measurement in both cases is the same, that is, to determine the price at which an orderly transaction to sell the asset or to transfer the liability would take place between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value is an exit price at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant that controls the asset or is obligated for the liability. The Town categorizes investments reported at fair value in accordance with the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists primarily of amounts due from local businesses for franchise and utility taxes, amounts due from individuals for parking fines and ambulance fees, and amounts due from Town residents for solid waste disposal fees. The Town does not require collateral for accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts determined based on the age of the individual receivable, with age categories ranging from 30 days past due to several years past due. Generally, the allowance includes accounts over 90 days past due. Accounts receivable are written off on an individual basis in the year the Town deems them to be uncollectible.

INVENTORY

Inventory, consisting primarily of expendable materials and supplies, is valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

PREPAID ITEMS

Payments for insurance premiums and other administrative expenditures/expenses extending over more than one accounting period are accounted for as prepaid expenditures/expenses and allocated between accounting periods. In the governmental funds, prepaid items are recorded using the consumption method and are offset by the nonspendable fund balance component which indicates they do not constitute available spendable resources, even though they are a component of current assets.

INTERNAL BALANCES

Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the government-wide governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the residual amount, which is presented as internal balances.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town has reported all capital assets, including infrastructure assets (roads, sidewalks and similar items), in the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and the capitalization thresholds presented below. Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. All infrastructure assets are reported in the accompanying government-wide financial statements. Expenses, which materially extend the useful life of existing assets, are capitalized. Certain costs for professional services and interest associated with the acquisition and construction of capital assets have been capitalized. The cost of capital assets sold or retired is removed from the appropriate accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the change in net position. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives for all reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress.

	Capitalization	Estimate
Classification	Threshold	Useful Life
Buildings	\$50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	50,000	25 years
Infrastructure	50,000	6-50 years
Computer software	25,000	10 years
Equipment, furniture, and machinery	5,000	2-20 years
Computer equipment	3,000	3-10 years

The capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Intangible assets consist of the right of use of the City of Lake Worth, Florida's wastewater facilities and the right of use of subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA"). The wastewater facilities intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over 40 years, the term of the underlying agreement. SBITA assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related contract.

LEASES (RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS)

The leases (right-of-use assets) are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The leases (right-of-use assets) are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENT ("SBITA")

The SBITA assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related SBITA liability plus any SBITA payments made prior to the subscription term, less SBITA incentives, plus and ancillary charges necessary to place the SBITA into service. The SBITA assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related contract.

LEASES RECEIVABLE

The Town's lease receivable is measured at the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue arises when resources are obtained prior to revenue recognition. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met the unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue consists of license fees and charges for services collected at the end of the fiscal year that relate to and will be earned in the subsequent fiscal year.

UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

The government reports unavailable revenue on its governmental funds balance sheet for resource inflows that do not qualify for recognition as revenue in a governmental fund because they are not yet considered available.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until that time.

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF **R**ESOURCES

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BOND DISCOUNTS, BOND PREMIUMS, AND ISSUANCE COSTS

In the governmental funds, bond discounts and bond premiums are reported as "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" in the year of the issue. In the proprietary fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements, the bond discounts and premiums are amortized over the term of the related debt using the interest method or the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expenditure/expense in the period incurred.

DEFERRED LOSSES ON REFUNDING OF DEBT

In the proprietary fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements the difference between the re-acquisition price of new debt and the net carrying value of old debt refunded is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt using the interest method or the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method.

NET POSITION

Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. It is the difference between (a) assets plus deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on the use of net position by external restrictions imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *Net investment in capital assets* or *Restricted*.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCE

Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported under the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This component indicates amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. However, if the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned, then they should be included in the appropriate fund balance classification (restricted, committed, or assigned), rather than the nonspendable fund balance. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This component indicates amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the Town's policy to have no restricted fund balance in the General Fund. Restricted amounts will be budgeted and reported in special revenue funds, capital projects funds, or debt service funds.

Committed Fund Balance – This component includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Town Council by the adoption of an ordinance, the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Commitment of fund balance may be made for such purposes including, but not limited to: (a) major maintenance and repair projects; (b) meeting future obligations resulting from a natural disaster; (c) accumulating resources pursuant to stabilization arrangements; (d) establishing reserves for disasters; and or (e) setting aside amounts for specific projects or purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Assigned Fund Balance – This component includes amounts intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignment of fund balance may be a) made for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the government itself; and/or b) used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing unassigned fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expected expenditures over expected revenues. In accordance with the Town's fund balance policy, assignments can be made by formal action of the Town Council. Assigned fund balance shall reflect management's intended use of resources as set forth in the annual budget (and any amendments thereto). Assigned fund balance may or may not be appropriated for expenditure in the subsequent year depending on the timing of the project/reserve for which it was assigned.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This component includes the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported only after any amount reported as assigned fund balance has been eliminated.

The Town will maintain a minimum level of unassigned fund balance of 25% of general fund operating expenditures. If after the annual audit, prior committed or assigned fund balance causes the unassigned fund balance to fall below 25% of general fund operating expenditures, the Town Manager will so advise the Town Council in order for necessary action to be taken to restore unassigned fund balance to 25% of General Fund operating expenditures.

The Town Manager will prepare and submit a plan to the Town Council, that may include expenditure reductions, revenue increases, use of non-recurring revenues, budget surpluses and excess resources in other funds to restore fund balance to the minimum level. The Town shall take action necessary to restore the unassigned fund balance to acceptable levels within two years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the Town's policy to reduce the restricted amounts first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the Town's policy to reduce committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

ENCUMBRANCES

Budgets in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders, contracts, or other forms of legal commitments. Appropriations expire at fiscal year end, even if encumbered, but it is the Town's policy to re-appropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town accrues accumulated vacation and sick leave time for all permanent, fulltime employees, subject to certain limitations. The Town's policy provides that employees shall receive 100% of their accrued vacation and 50% of their accrued sick leave over 320 hours for full-time employees and 160 hours for part-time employees, upon termination of service. Upon retirement, an employee will be paid 50% of all accrued and unused sick leave not to exceed 800 hours for full-time employees and 400 hours for part-time employees. The liability for compensated absences attributable to the Town's governmental funds is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The amount attributable to the business-type activities is charged to expense with a corresponding liability established in the government-wide financial statements. The Town includes all applicable payroll taxes and benefits in the accrual for compensated absences.

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between funds during the fiscal year consisted of loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. The current portion of interfund loans are reported as Due from Other Funds and Due to Other Funds as appropriate. The non-current portion of interfund loans are reported as Advances to Other Funds and Advances from Other Funds as appropriate. Interfund loans are subject to elimination in the government-wide financial statements. Services, deemed to be reasonably equivalent in value, are treated as revenue and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are presented as transfers. Transfers within the governmental and business-type activities are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ESTIMATES

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnerships (PPP) and provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APA). The Statement provides specific guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for PPP and APA transactions. This Statement was implemented by the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023; however, there was no impact to the Town.

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements. This Statement was implemented by the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, addresses certain practice issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements, including, but not limited to, 1) classification and reporting of derivative instruments within GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*; 2) clarification of provisions in GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*; 3) clarification of provisions in GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*; and 4) clarification of provisions in GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement was implemented by the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized. All deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer of Florida by financial institutions which comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer with a fair value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all government deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. The Town's deposits are considered insured for custodial credit risk purposes. At September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits with financial institutions was approximately \$55,688,000 and the bank balance was approximately \$57,574,000, excluding pension trust funds. Deposits include approximately \$30,443,000 in certificates of deposit. The Town also had \$3,150 in petty cash.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The Town maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed as "Equity in pooled cash and investments." Investment earnings are allocated to the participating funds based on each fund's relative percentage of investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments (continued)

At September 30, 2023, the Town's pooled cash and investments consisted of the following:

Description	Reported Value	Weighted Average Maturity
Demand deposits with financial institutions	\$ 55,627,329	N/A
FL PALM Portfolio	40,475	44 days
FL PALM Term Portfolio	61,000,000	44 days
Money market fund (Goldman Sachs)	400,781	49 days
Municipal bonds	1,671,562	1.70 years
Federal Agencies	5,783,143	4.48 years
Supra-National Agencies	1,185,827	0.79 years
Corporate notes	19,381,056	1.95 years
U.S. Treasuries	11,860,339	2.94 years
Asset backed securities	6,677,598	4.04 years
Florida Municipal Investment Trust		
0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund	11,464,697	0.80 years
1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund	27,040,967	1.60 years
Intermediate High Quality Bond Fund	 17,615	4.90 years
Total Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 202,151,390	

INVESTMENTS

Investment Authorization

Florida Statutes and the Town Council adopted investment policies authorize the Town to invest surplus funds in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust; other external investment pools; negotiable direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government; interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, or certificates of deposits in financial institutions located in Florida and organized under federal or Florida laws (provided that any such deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act); obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, Freddie Mac, the Federal Home Loan Association; corporate notes rated A or higher; commercial paper; and any additional investments authorized by the investment policy. Pursuant to the Town Code and Town Council adopted investment policies, the Town Retirement Board has full power and authority to invest and reinvest funds subject to the general terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions imposed by Florida Statutes on the investments of public employee retirement systems.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town and its pension plans require all securities to be held by a third-party custodian in the name of the Town or the pension plans. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery versus payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction. Investments in open-end mutual funds and external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Consequently, the Town's investments in mutual funds, alternative investments, and the Florida Municipal Investment Trust are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities and diversifying the investment portfolio. Rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization ("NRSRO") is an indication of credit risk. The Town requires that all investments in debt securities be rated A or higher by a NRSRO. The Town's pension plans investment policies address credit risk by limiting investments to bonds or preferred stocks rated investment grade or above, unless specifically approved by the Board. Securities which are unrated may be purchased, if in the judgment of the investment manager, they would carry an investment grade rating. Short-term money market instruments are restricted to those with a rating not less than A-1 or P-1.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Town does not have any specific policy for concentration of credit risk, although it does provide for diversification to limit the potential losses on individual securities. The Town's pension plans' investment policies provide that no investment manager may purchase equity or fixed income securities of any one issuer that would cause the holding of that one issuer to exceed 5% of the respective portfolio. In addition, not more than 2% of each investment manager's portfolio shall be invested in the commercial paper of a single issuer or in bank certificates of deposit of a single issuer. Investments in broadly-based index funds, mutual funds, alternative investments, and U.S. Government and Agency securities are excluded from this limitation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risks. The Town's investment policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring its investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. Operating funds are invested primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools. Generally, investments are limited to instruments maturing within five years of purchase.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While there was no direct exposure to foreign currency risk in the Town's general operating investments at September 30, 2023, the Town's General Employees' Pension Trust Fund, the Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund, the Firefighters' Retirement Trust Fund, and the OPEB Trust Fund held investments in international equity mutual funds. There was no direct exposure to foreign currency risk in the Town's and the Plans' investments at September 30, 2023 as all foreign investments are denominated in U.S. dollars.

The Town's and the pension plan's investments in international equity mutual funds as of September 30, 2023, are as follows:

Fund	Fair Value
General Employees' Pension Trust Fund	\$ 21,395,075
Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund	18,573,265
Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	18,275,986
OPEB Trust Fund	1,348,382
Total International Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 59,592,708

Risk and Uncertainties

The Town invests in a variety of investment vehicles. Investments in general are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall volatility risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN'S INVESTMENTS

As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Town diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Plan's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Town's investments by maturity at September 30, 2023:

			Investment Maturities in Years						
Investment Type	Re	ported Value	Le	ss than 1	1	to 5	6 to 10	Gre	ater than 10
U.S. Treasuries	\$	11,860,339	\$		\$ 11,8	360,339	\$ 	\$	
Federal Agencies		5,783,143		98,168	4,5	512,197	740,922		431,856
Supra-national Agencies		1,185,827		1,185,827					
Corporate notes		19,381,056		6,468,824	12,9	012,232			
Municipal bonds		1,671,562		376,082	1,2	295,480			
Asset backed securities		6,677,599			6,5	579,631	97,968		
FL PALM Portfolio		40,475		40,475					
FL PALM Term Portfolio		61,000,000	6	1,000,000					
Money market fund (Goldman Sachs)		400,781		400,781					
Certificates of deposit		30,442,272	3	0,442,272					
Florida Municipal Investment Trust									
0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund		11,464,696		4,219,008	6,8	858,181	130,698		256,809
1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund		27,040,967		3,109,711	21,3	89,405	1,757,663		784,188
Intermediate High Quality Bond Fund		17,615		158		7,645	 8,332		1,480
Total Town Investments (excludes Cash)	\$	176,966,333	\$ 10	7,341,307	\$ 65,4	15,110	\$ 2,735,583	\$	1,474,333

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN'S INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Town's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities and diversifying the investment portfolio. Credit rating is also an indication of credit risk. The ratings for the Town's investments at September 30, 2023 are summarized below:

Investment Type	Investment Type S&P Rating M		Reported Value
U.S. Treasuries	AA+	Aaa	\$ 11,860,339
Federal Agencies	AA+	Aaa	5,783,143
Supra-National Agencies	AAA	Aaa	1,185,827
Asset backed securities	AAA	Aaa	1,787,213
Asset backed securities	AAA	Not Rated	3,236,689
Asset backed securities	Not Rated	Aaa	1,653,696
Corporate notes	AA+	Aaa	1,056,149
Corporate notes	AA+	Aa3	380,433
Corporate notes	AA	A1	176,119
Corporate notes	AA	Aa2	1,292,091
Corporate notes	AA-	A1	198,748
Corporate notes	AA-	A3	174,265
Corporate notes	AA-	Aa3	1,584,429
Corporate notes	A+	A1	979,655
Corporate notes	A+	A2	627,824
Corporate notes	A+	Aa1	248,787
Corporate notes	A+	Aa2	407,257
Corporate notes	A+	Aa3	767,827
Corporate notes	А	A1	922,296
Corporate notes	А	A2	1,597,985
Corporate notes	А	A3	208,840
Corporate notes	A-	Al	997,448
Corporate notes	A-	A2	367,508
Corporate notes	A-	A3	816,379
Corporate notes	A-1	P-1	5,584,970
Corporate notes	BBB+	A1	212,164
Corporate notes	BBB+	A2	568,363
Corporate notes	BBB+	A3	211,519
Municipal bonds	AAA	Aal	14,588
Municipal bonds	AAA	Aaa	425,885
Municipal bonds	AA+	Aaa	87,290
Municipal bonds	AA+	Not Rated	222,491
Municipal bonds	AA	Aa2	80,675
Municipal bonds	AA	Aa3	384,314
Municipal bonds	AA-	Aa3	217,723
Municipal bonds	NR	NR	238,596
FL PALM Portfolio	AAAm	Not Rated	40,475
FL PALM Term Portfolio	(1)	(1)	61,000,000
Money market funds (Goldman Sachs)	AAAm	Aaa-mf	400,781
Certificates of deposit	Not Rated	Not Rated	30,442,272
Florida Municipal Investment Trust			
0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund	(2)	(2)	11,464,697
1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund	(3)	(3)	27,040,967
Intermediate High Quality Bond Fund	(4)	(4)	17,615
Total Town Investments (excludes Ca	\$ 176,966,333		

176,966,333 \$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN'S INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (1) The FL PALM Term Portfolio is not rated by S&P or Moody's, but is rated AAAf by Fitch.
- (2) The FMIT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund is not rated by S&P or Moody's, but it is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch.
- (3) The FMIT 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund is not rated by S&P or Moody's, but it is rated AAAf/S2 by Fitch.
- (4) The FMIT Intermediate High Quality Bond Fund is not rated by S&P or Moody's, but it is rated AAf/S3 by Fitch.

The Florida Municipal Investment Trust (the "FMIT") is an interlocal governmental entity created in 1993 under the laws of the State of Florida to provide eligible units of local governments with an investment vehicle to pool their surplus funds and to reinvest such funds in one or more investment portfolios under the direction and daily supervision of an investment advisor. The Florida League of Cities serves as the administrator, investment manager, and secretary-treasurer of the FMIT. The FMIT is an Authorized Investment under Section 218.415 Florida Statutes. The FMIT is exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, the Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Florida Securities and Investors Protection Act. The FMIT is a Local Government Investment Pool and is considered an external investment pool for GASB reporting purposes. Purchases and redemptions of shares in the FMIT may only be made on or about the end of each month and the Town must maintain an account balance of at least \$50,000. The Town reports its investment in the FMIT at fair value in accordance with the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy.

The Florida Education Investment Trust Fund ("FEITF") was organized in 2010 as a common law trust organized under the laws of the State of Florida and is designed to meet the cash management and short-term investment needs of school districts, political subdivisions of the State or instrumentalities of political subdivisions of the State. Effective June 1, 2019, the FEITF changed its name to the Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management ("FL PALM"). The Trust offers a fully liquid, variable rate investment option known as the FL PALM Portfolio and a fixed rate fixed-term investment known as the FL PALM Term Portfolio. The Florida School Boards Association and the Florida Association of District School Superintendents sponsor the FL PALM, and its investment objective is to provide investors with the highest possible investment yield, while maintaining liquidity and preserving capital.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN'S INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The FL PALM Portfolio provides daily liquidity and allows unlimited investments and redemptions. The minimum investment is \$10,000. The FL PALM Portfolio is an external investment pool and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The investment in the FL PALM Portfolio is reported at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools* (GASB 79). The investment in the FL PALM Portfolio is not insured by the FDIC or any other governmental agency. As of September 30, 2023, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value. However, the Trustee of the FL PALM Portfolio can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustee determines that there is an emergency. The FL PALM Portfolio is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

The FL PALM Term Portfolio provides an investment subject to pre-set redemptions occurring from 60 days to one year from the time of investment, and that will produce the highest earnings consistent with maintaining principal at maturity and meeting the redemption schedule. It seeks to assure the return of principal on the planned maturity date, although principal value may fluctuate prior to that date, and therefore may be greater or less than \$1.00 per share. There is a penalty for early withdrawal, and the net asset value may be more or less than \$1.00 per share. The minimum investment is \$1,000,000, the minimum subsequent investment is \$100,000, and the minimum account balance is \$1,000,000. The principal investment and the dividend are paid at maturity. The FL PALM Term Portfolio is rated AAAf by Fitch Ratings. The FL PALM Term Portfolio is not subject to GASB 79 because, by design, they do not meet the required liquidity criteria. Therefore, FL PALM Term Portfolio investments should be measured at net asset value, which is implicit in the values reported in the monthly statements provided to participants.

The Goldman Sachs Financial Square Treasury Solutions Fund is a high-quality money market portfolio that comprises U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements solely within the Federal Reserve Bank of New York collateralized by U.S. Treasury Obligations. The fund seeks maximum income consistent with preserving capital and maintaining daily liquidity. The investment valuation policy of the Fund is to use the amortized cost method permitted by Rules 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which approximates market value, for valuing portfolio securities. The Fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN'S INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy

GASB 72 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs are directly observable, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs are derived from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or by other means.

Level 3 - Inputs are unobservable inputs used only when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable.

The level in which an asset is assigned is not indicative of its quality but an indication of the source of valuation inputs.

The following table presents a summary of the fair value hierarchy for the Town's fixed income investments as of September 30, 2023:

Debt securities classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing values securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Investment by Level	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 11,860,339	\$	\$ 11,860,339	\$
Federal Agencies	5,783,143		5,783,143	
Supra-national Agencies	1,185,827		1,185,827	
Corporate notes	19,381,056		19,381,056	
Municipal bonds	1,671,562		1,671,562	
Asset backed securities	6,677,599		6,677,599	
FMIT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund	11,464,696		11,464,696	
FMIT 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund	27,040,967		27,040,967	
FMIT Intermediate High Quality Bond Fund	17,615		17,615	
Total Town Fixed Income Investments	\$ 85,082,804	<u>\$</u>	\$ 85,082,804	<u>\$</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN'S INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Certain investments are exempt from reporting under the fair value hierarchy. Depending on the nature of the investment, these investments are reported at cost, amortized cost, or net asset value ("NAV").

Investments Reported at Cost

As of September 30, 2023, the Town held certificates of deposit in the amount of \$30,442,272 that are reported at cost.

Investments Reported at Amortized Cost

	A	mortized
Investment		Cost
FL PALM Portfolio	\$	40,475
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Treasury Solutions Fund		400,781
Total Town Investments Reported at Amortized Cost	\$	441,257

Investment Reported at NAV

At September 30, 2023, the Town's investment in the FL PALM Term Portfolio in the amount of \$61,000,000 is reported at NAV.

OPEB TRUST FUND INVESTMENTS

Investment Authorization

In addition to the Town's investment policy, the OPEB Trust Fund is authorized to invest in domestic and international equity securities, corporate bonds, mutual funds, and investment partnerships and other alternative investments within certain limitations established by the Town Code.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

OPEB TRUST FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy

The following table presents a summary of the fair value hierarchy for the Town's OPEB Trust Fund investments as of September 30, 2023:

Investment by Level	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Mutual Funds					
Domestic equity funds	\$ 18,417,516	\$ 18,417,516	\$	\$	
International equity funds	1,348,382	1,348,382			
Short-term investment funds	711,398	711,398			
Fixed income securities	12,299,746	2,036,734		10,263,012	
Total	\$ 32,777,042	\$ 22,514,030	<u>\$</u>	\$ 10,263,012	

Investments Reported at NAV

The following table presents a summary of the Town's OPEB Trust Fund investments reported at NAV as of September 30, 2023:

Investments Measured at NAV	NAV
Alternative investments	
Crescent Direct Lending - private equity	\$ 571,827
Principal Enhanced Property Fund	1,319,727
U.S. Real Estate Investment Fund	2,649,352
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$ 4,540,906

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

OPEB TRUST FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Reported at NAV (continued)

At September 30, 2023, approximately 12% of the OPEB Trust Fund investments were invested in alternative investments. These alternative investment funds invest primarily in domestic and foreign private equity partnerships and other alternative investment equity funds. The investments in the underlying funds are generally valued at fair value as determined by the management of the fund by reference to the value of the underlying fund's net assets, if available, or by the valuations of a fund's underlying net assets as provided by the general partner or investment manager, if the assets are not publicly traded. The funds may also hold certain investments which may be valued by a single market maker. While the fund managers use their best judgment in estimating the fair values of underlying funds, there are inherent limitations in any estimation technique. Accordingly, the fair values of alternative investment funds have been estimated by the Town's management and investment advisors in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Therefore, the values of such funds are not necessarily indicative of the amount that could be realized in a current transaction. The fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the underlying funds existed, and the differences could be material. Future confirming events will also affect the estimates of fair value, and the effect of such events on the estimates of fair value could be material.

The Principal Enhanced Property Fund, LP is an open-end, commingled fund sponsored and managed by Principal Real Estate Investors. The Fund was created May 18, 2004 as a Delaware limited partnership and each investment is structured as a domestically controlled REIT. The minimum investment is \$1,000,000 and contributions may be made monthly. Distributions are made quarterly with a re-investment option. Redemptions are allowed quarterly with 90 days' notice. The Fund focuses on stabilized, income producing assets and only invests in office, retail, industrial, and multi-family projects with a focus on 25 to 30 U.S. markets with MSA populations greater than one million. Transaction sizes are typically \$10,000,000 to \$100,000 but may consider smaller or larger properties. The Fund utilizes moderate leverage (target 40% to 45%) to attempt to enhance Fund returns and portfolio diversification. Most assets are acquired on a direct basis but may consider joint ventures with qualified partners if the Fund has majority economic interest and appropriate liquidity and control mechanisms. Fund investments may be held for short, medium, or long-term periods to attempt to maximize investor returns. As of September 30, 2023, there were no unfunded commitments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

OPEB TRUST FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Reported at Net Asset Value (continued)

Crescent Direct Lending is a leading provider of first lien and unitranche senior financing to private equity-backed U.S. lower middle market companies with \$5 million to \$35 million of EBITDA. Since inception in 2005, Crescent Direct Lending has issued over \$4 billion of aggregate loan commitments to more than 130 companies and over 100 unique private equity sponsors. During 2018, Crescent Direct Lending issued over \$1.5 billion of senior loan commitments to its private equity clients across 25 new portfolio companies and more than 75 add-on transactions. Crescent Direct Lending targets senior financing opportunities of \$20 million to \$200+ million with hold sizes up to \$100+ million. The investment period is 6 years from the closing date. Redemptions are allowed quarterly with 90 days' notice. As of September 30, 2023, there were \$812,585 in unfunded commitments.

U.S. Real Estate Investment Fund is an open-ended commingled investment vehicle with a multi-disciplinary investment strategy. Diversified nationally, the foundation of the portfolio is to acquire yield-driven assets consisting of all property types. Shares may be redeemed quarterly. In addition to interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, and concentration of credit risk, the alternative investment funds expose the fiduciary funds to certain other risks, including liquidity risks, counterparty risks, foreign political, economic, and governmental risks, and market risk. In addition, these investments may have restrictions for liquidating positions in these funds. Redemptions are allowed monthly with 5 days' notice. The value, liquidity, and related income of certain securities with contractual cash flows, such as asset backed securities collateralized by mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage backed securities, and mutual funds investing in these securities or entities, are particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including real estate value, delinquencies or defaults, or both, and may be adversely affected by shifts in the market's perception of the issuers and changes in interest rates. As of September 30, 2023, there were no unfunded commitments.

Due to the various risks associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

OPEB TRUST FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the OPEB Trust Fund diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Trust Fund's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the investments by maturity at September 30, 2023:

		Investment Maturities in Years					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10			
Domestic fixed income funds	\$ 2,036,734	\$	\$	\$ 2,036,734			
Galliard Fixed Income Fund L	10,263,012			10,263,012			
Total Fixed Income Investments	\$ 12,299,746	\$	\$	\$ 12,299,746			

As of September 30, 2023, the OPEB Trust Fund investments have not been rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO).

TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENTS

Type of Investments: Florida statutes and the Plan investment policy authorize the Trustees to invest funds in various investments. The current target allocation of these investments at market as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

Authorized Investments	Target Allocation
Domestic equity funds	35.0%
International equity	20.0
Fixed income securities	17.5
Global Macro	3.0
Alternative assets	5.0
Real estate funds	10.0
Private equity funds	7.5
Cash	2.0
	100.0%

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in the market interest rates. As a means to limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Plan diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holding in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk (continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Plan's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following tables that show the distribution of the Plan's fixed income securities by maturity at September 30, 2023:

		Remaining Maturity					
		Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Greater than		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Year	Years	Years	10 Years		
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 16,999,214	\$	\$ 1,288,574	\$ 10,473,754	\$ 5,236,886		
U.S. Government agency obligations	17,746,384				17,746,384		
Corporate bonds	5,946,587		2,487,667	3,458,920			
Total Fixed Income Investments	\$ 40,692,185	\$	\$ 3,776,241	\$ 13,932,674	\$ 22,983,270		

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. This risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a NRSRO. The Plan's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk.

The following table discloses credit ratings of the fixed income securities, at September 30 2023, as applicable:

Credit Rating by Standard & Poor's	Fair Value
AA+	\$ 16,999,214
A-	3,422,719
BBB+	2,523,868
Not rated	17,746,384
Total Fixed Income Securities	\$ 40,692,185

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Plan contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more of the Plan's net position at September 30, 2023.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Custodial risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Plan will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer of Florida by financial institutions which comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer with a fair value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all government deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. The Plan's deposits are considered insured for custodial credit risk purposes.

Custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Plan, and are held either by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Plan's name.

Consistent with the Plan's investment policy, the investments are held by Plan's custodial banks and registered in the Plan's name. All of the Plan's deposits are insured and or collateralized by a financial institution separate from the Plan's depository financial institution.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Risk and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position. The Plan, through its investment advisor, monitors the Plan's investment and the risks associated therewith on a regular basis, which the Plan believes minimizes these risks.

Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses was 9.74%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Inputs to the dollar-weighted rate of return valuation are determined on a monthly basis.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Plan categorizes its investments in accordance with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The following is a description of the fair value techniques for the Plan's investments:

Level 1 and Level 2 prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the Plan's custodian bank. Short-term investments, which consist of money market funds, are reported at amortized cost. Equity securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price or current exchange rates (Level 1). This includes common stock. Debt securities classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing values securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The Plan has investments in alternative asset classes including funds of hedge funds, private equity funds, and real estate funds which hold a variety of investment vehicles that do not have readily available market quotations. These investments are measured at NAV based on their proportionate share of the value of the investments as determined by the fund managers and are valued according to methodologies which include pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

A summary of the Plan's investments as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
			Q	uoted Prices				
	in Active				Significant			
				Markets for	Other	Significant		
				Identical	Observable	Unobservable		
				Assets	Inputs	Inputs		
Investment by Fair Value Level		Balance		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Equity Securities								
Common stock	\$	23,604,536	\$	23,604,536	\$	\$		
Total Equity Securities		23,604,536		23,604,536				
Debt Securities								
U.S. Treasury		16,999,214			16,999,214			
U.S. Agencies		17,746,384			17,746,384			
Corporate bonds		5,946,587			5,946,587			
Total Debt Securities		40,692,185			40,692,185			
Mutual Funds								
Domestic equity		76,482,014		76,482,014				
International		44,093,789		44,093,789				
Multi-asset income		5,343,628		5,343,628				
Total Mutual Funds		125,919,431		125,919,431				
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		190,216,152	\$	149,523,967	\$ 40,692,185	<u>\$</u>		
Investments Measured at Net Asset								
Value (NAV)								
Commingled funds - emerging markets		8,806,909						
Commingled funds - real estate		7,796,292						
Private equity - secondary markets		1,344,705						
Private equity - real estate		7,338,670						
Non-Traditional Fixed Incom		8,518,979						
Hedge funds								
Venture capital		8,198,566						
Hybrid		8,439,817						
Total Investments Measured at NAV		50,443,938						
Money market funds (exempt)		11,119,059						
Total Investments	\$	251,779,149						

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

The following table summarizes investments for which fair value is measured using the NAV per share practical expedient, including their related unfunded commitments and redemption restrictions.

			Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice
	Fair	Unfunded	If Currently	Period
Investments Measured at NAV	Value	Commitments	Eligible	in Days
Commingled funds - emerging markets ¹	\$ 8,806,909	\$	Weekly	10
Commingled funds - real estate ¹	7,796,292		Quarterly	45
Private equity - secondary markets ²	1,344,705	1,285,115	N/A	N/A
Private equity - real estate ³	7,338,670	126,015	N/A	N/A
Non-traditional fixed income ⁴	8,518,979		Quarterly	90
Hedge funds:				
Venture capital ⁵	8,198,566	6,946	N/A	N/A
Hybrid ⁶	 8,439,817	950,000	N/A	N/A
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$ 50,443,938			

- 1. *Commingled Funds* Consists of an emerging market fund and a strategic property fund (real estate) which are considered commingled in nature. The funds are valued at NAV of the units held at the end of the period based on the fair value of the underlying investments.
- 2. *Private Equity Secondary Markets –* This group consists of two funds invested in private equity investments through secondary markets. One of these funds focuses on acquiring high quality, mature assets with near term liquidity. These investments are valued at NAV.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

- 3. *Private Equity Real Estate –* This category consists of four funds. Two of the funds are closed end funds targeting high growth markets in urban, modern, green properties by acquiring undercapitalized properties and adding value through enhancements. These funds have very limited redemption rights. Another fund pursues distressed and opportunistic real estate investment opportunities. The final real estate fund focuses on acquiring assets well located but with operationally impaired assets with distressed capital structures. These funds are valued at NAV.
- 4. *Non-traditional fixed income fund* This category consists of one fund that seeks to provide returns above the fixed-income benchmarks through security selection, modest leverage, and strict risk controls. These investments are valued at NAV.
- 5. *Venture Capital* This category consists of one fund which focuses primarily on early stage investments in start-up companies and later stage investments. A majority of the companies in the fund focus on information technology, software, media, and life sciences. Redemptions in this fund are not permitted.
- 6. Hybrid This category consists of three closed end investment vehicles. One fund focuses on partnership investments in U.S. based buyout, recapitalization, and turnaround; one fund consists of global partnership investments in mezzanine debt, distressed debt, and venture debt; and the third fund consists predominantly of partnership investments in U.S. based venture capital and growth equity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2023 are comprised of the following:

	General	 own Docks Enterprise Fund	-	olf Course Enterprise Fund	Rep	uipment lacement Fund	C	Iealth laims Fund	Total
Receivables									
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,810,564	\$ 825,606	\$	5,727		11,745		15,907	\$ 2,669,549
Taxes receivable	 791,529	 							 791,529
Total	2,602,093	825,606		5,727		11,745		15,907	3,461,078
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	 (950,371)	 							 (950,371)
Net Receivables	\$ 1,651,722	\$ 825,606	\$	5,727	\$	11,745	\$	15,907	\$ 2,510,707

LEASE RECEIVABLE

On August 10, 1999, the Town, as a lessor, entered into a lease agreement for the use of land for the AT&T Wireless Services of Florida Inc.'s cell tower. Effectively October 1, 2021, the Town implemented GASB 87. As of September 30, 2023, the lease agreement has 23 months remaining. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$99,237. As of September 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$19,968. The lesse is required to make semi-annual fixed payments of \$20,033. The lease agreement has an implicit interest rate of 0.6480%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2023 was \$31,703, and the Town recognized lease revenue of \$33,767 during the fiscal year. The lessee has three extension option(s) at the end of this term, each for an additional extension of 60 months.

The following schedule represents the future principal and interest revenue to be received:

Fiscal Year Ending							
September 30	P	Principal		erest	Total		
2024	\$	19,968	\$	65	\$	20,033	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets activity for the Governmental Activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balances* Additions		Deletions	Ending Balances
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 10,566,323	\$	\$	\$ 10,566,323
Construction in progress	6,508,324	8,970,428		15,478,752
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	17,074,647	8,970,428		26,045,075
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
or Amortized				
Buildings	84,984,624			84,984,624
Improvements other than buildings	14,571,299			14,571,299
Equipment	23,487,163	1,867,608	(1,211,280)	24,143,491
Infrastructure	173,480,029	1,041,986		174,522,015
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	63,063			63,063
SBITA's	235,828	118,508		354,336
Intangible assets	1,186,607			1,186,607
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
or Amortized	298,008,613	3,028,102	(1,211,280)	299,825,435
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and				
Amortization				
Buildings	(26,284,753)	(2,363,388)		(28,648,141)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,154,252)	(412,835)		(5,567,087)
Equipment	(15,253,654)	(1,701,803)	1,081,729	(15,873,728)
Infrastructure	(81,409,351)	(10,789,299)		(92,198,650)
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	(31,256)	(23,456)		(54,712)
SBITA's		(108,208)		(108,208)
Intangible assets	(1,186,607)			(1,186,607)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and				
Amortization	(129,319,873)	(15,398,989)	1,081,729	(143,637,133)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
or Amortized	168,688,740	(12,370,887)	(129,551)	156,188,302
Net Capital Assets	\$ 185,763,387	<u>\$ (3,400,459</u>)	<u>\$ (129,551)</u>	\$ 182,233,377

* The beginning balance was adjusted due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement*.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Governmental Activities as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	538,127
Public safety		850,863
Physical environment		13,594,765
Transportation		415,234
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense –		
Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	15,398,989

The capital assets activity for the Business-type Activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balances
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 5,051,527	\$	\$	\$ 5,051,527
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	5,051,527			5,051,527
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
or Amortized				
Buildings	4,902,623			4,902,623
Improvements other than buildings	40,187,172			40,187,172
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	961,613			961,613
SBITA's		104,356		104,356
Equipment	1,278,840	182,015	(160,385)	1,300,470
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
or Amortized	47,330,248	286,371	(160,385)	47,456,234
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and				
Amortization				
Buildings	(945,473)	(118,178)		(1,063,651)
Improvements other than buildings	(4,316,052)	(1,877,015)		(6,193,067)
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	(76,895)	(99,369)		(176,264)
SBITA's		(52,178)		(52,178)
Equipment	(705,927)	(104,599)	88,492	(722,034)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and				
Amortization	(6,044,347)	(2,251,339)	88,492	(8,207,194)
Total Net Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated or Amortized, Net	41,285,901	(1,964,968)	(71,893)	39,249,040
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 46,337,428	<u>\$ (1,964,968)</u>	<u>\$ (71,893)</u>	\$ 44,300,567

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Business-type Activities as follows:

Business-type Activities		
Town Docks	\$	1,895,575
Golf Course		296,406
Building Enterprise		59,358
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense –		
Business-type Activities	<u>\$</u>	2,251,339

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

In September 1992, the Town entered into a joint interlocal agreement (the "Agreement") with Palm Beach County and three municipalities (West Palm Beach, Riviera Beach and Lake Worth) whereby prior separate agreements were consolidated into a single unified agreement to establish rules and procedures for the operation and management of the existing East Central Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities (the "ECR") in which each participating entity had a financial interest. The ECR was created to receive, treat, and dispose of sewage generated within each municipality and the County. The initial term of the Agreement is for thirty years with a renewable term of thirty years. In the event the ECR is sold or disposed of, proceeds of the sale or disposition shall be prorated among the entities, based on their reserve capacity as of the date of disposition. As of September 30, 2023, the Town had an 5.38% interest in the ECR. Under GAAP, the Town is required to account for this joint venture using the equity method. Accordingly, the Town recorded its initial investment at cost and is required to record its proportionate share of the ECR's income or loss as well as additional contributions made or distributions received. At September 30, 2023, the Town's 5.38% equity interest in the ECR totaled \$15,807,851. This investment is reported in the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position as Investment in Joint Venture. The Town's investment in ECR was estimated using audited ECR financial information for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The Town's management believes the investment in ECR, as reported, is fairly stated.

The Agreement provides for the establishment of a Governing Board (the "Board"), comprised of one representative from each entity participating in the Agreement, to administer ECR. Under the Agreement, the Board has the power to enter into contracts, employ personnel and enter into debt in accordance with Section 163.01(7) of Florida Statutes. In accordance with the Agreement, the City of West Palm Beach operates and manages ECR on behalf of the Board.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

All costs of operating the ECR, excluding depreciation, are shared by each of the entities based on actual flows of wastewater. Costs associated with capital projects, renewal and replacement, and debt service are shared among the participating governments based on their pro-rata share of reserve capacity. The ECR Board is updating an engineering report on processing and disposal of biosolids at the facility, including the possibility of generating electricity on site. The initial study was prompted by changes in regulations regarding biosolids disposal. A substantial capital investment will be necessary to update the facilities. However, anticipated savings in the operation and maintenance costs as a result of the improvements should significantly reduce the impact of the increased debt service.

Based on a "Participatory Agreement" signed by all participants in April 1993, the ECR constructed improvements amounting to approximately \$22,377,000, which was financed by the State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Fund. Pledged revenue consisting of all fees and payments received by ECR will be used to repay the debt. As of September 30, 2011, the outstanding balance due to the State Loan Fund was \$6,507,923 and the Town's share of this debt was \$540,924 which was reflected as a liability in the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position. On September 14, 2012, the ECR, utilizing part of the proceeds of a \$14,000,000 bank loan, advance refunded the outstanding balance of the State Revolving Loan thereby extinguishing the Town's portion of the related debt.

The above referenced bank loan is a debt of the ECR and its debt service will be included in ECR operations and maintenance costs (and billed to the Town as such).

The ECR issues separate financial statements. The latest available audited financial statements for the ECR are for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The accountants issued an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, which may be obtained from the City of West Palm Beach, Finance Department, 401 Clematis Street, West Palm Beach, Florida 33401.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

Summarized financial information relating to the ECR as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 is as follows:

Net Position September 30, 2023

Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 122,092,789 242,598,563
Total Assets	364,691,352
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,552,154
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	25,249,723 135,329,420
Total Liabilities	160,579,143
Net Position	\$ 205,664,363

Change in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Charges for services Other operating revenue	\$ 37,362,758 3,157,395
Total Operating Revenue	40,520,153
Operating expenses	 32,755,763
Operating income Non-operating revenue (expense), net	 7,764,390 (354,519)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	7,409,871
Capital contributions	 15,698,738
Change in Net Position	23,108,609
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 182,555,754
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 205,664,363

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2023, the ECR participants and their respective interest in the ECR were as follows:

	Reserve
	Capacity
Participant	Percentages
City of West Palm Beach	29.52%
Palm Beach County	33.32%
City of Lake Worth	19.80%
City of Riviera Beach	11.98%
Town of Palm Beach	5.38%
Total	100.00%

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Transfers primarily consist of moving money from one fund to another to be used for a specific purpose within the receiving fund. Transfers from the General Fund to the Beach Restoration Project Fund and Capital Improvement Fund were used to fund various capital projects. Transfers from the General Fund to the Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund were used to pay for the Project Manager's salary and benefits. Transfers from the General Fund, Beach Restoration Project Fund, and Golf Course Enterprise Fund to the nonmajor funds were used to fund debt service and capital projects. Transfers from the Capital Improvement Fund and Town Docks Enterprise Fund to the Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund were used to fund the Townwide Undergrounding Project. Transfers from the Town Docks Enterprise Fund and Golf Course Enterprise Fund to the General Fund were used to pay for services supporting various culture and recreation projects. Transfers from the Building Enterprise Fund to the General Fund represent allocated costs of General Fund services provided for the Building permit process.

Transfers within the governmental and business-type activities are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund receivables and payables and interfund transfers at September 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Advance to/Advance from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Receivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount
Equipment Replacement Fund Special Assessment Maintenance Fund		\$	596,571
Total		\$	596,571

Interfund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
General Fund	Town Docks Enterprise Fund	\$	620,465
General Fund	Golf Course Enterprise Fund		25,000
General Fund	Building Enterprise Fund		5,519,456
Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund	Capital Improvement Fund		500,000
Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund	Town Docks Enterprise Fund		2,600,000
Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund	General Fund		191,116
Beach Restoration Project Fund	General Fund		5,264,732
Capital Improvement Fund	General Fund		9,371,020
Capital Improvement Fund	Building Enterprise Fund		688,049
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Golf Course Enterprise Fund		187,426
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		5,680,666
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Beach Restoration Project Fund		509,135
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		571,674
Total		\$ 3	31,728,739

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the Town's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance*	Additions	Additions Deletions		One Year
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds					
Series 2018 Bonds	\$ 52,225,00	00 \$	\$ (1,150,000) \$	\$ 51,075,000	\$ 1,205,000
Series 2021 Bonds	8,360,00	00	(220,000)	8,140,000	225,000
Unamortized premiums	4,077,33	39	(286,557)	3,790,782	279,518
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 64,662,33	<u> </u>	<u>\$ (1,656,557</u>)	\$ 63,005,782	\$ 1,709,518
Revenue bonds					
Series 2013 Bonds	\$ 4,205,00	00 \$	\$ (1,335,000) \$	\$ 2,870,000	\$ 1,400,000
Series 2016A Bonds	36,870,00	00	(1,320,000)	35,550,000	1,385,000
Series 2016B Bonds	9,535,00	00	(375,000)	9,160,000	390,000
Series 2019 Bonds	4,285,00	00	(190,000)	4,095,000	200,000
Series 2019 Taxable Bonds	47,860,00	00	(435,000)	47,425,000	445,000
Unamortized premiums	5,622,68	30	(601,464)	5,021,216	561,016
Total Revenue Bonds	108,377,68	30	(4,256,464)	104,121,216	4,381,016
Compensated absences	3,120,15	52 845,753	(722,342)	3,243,563	770,595
Landfill closure and post-closure	8,598,22	20 764,996		9,363,216	
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	31,40	58	(23,911)	7,557	6,714
Subscription arrangements	235,82	118,508	(130,462)	223,874	119,147
Net pension liability	124,214,10		(4,456,003)	119,758,101	
Total pension liability	1,700,10	56	(353,825)	1,346,341	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 310,939,95	57 <u>\$ 1,729,257</u>	<u>\$ (11,599,564</u>) <u>\$</u>	\$ 301,069,650	\$ 6,986,990
Business-type Activities					
Series 2020 bonds	\$ 29,690,00	00 \$	\$ (1,340,000) \$	\$ 28,350,000	\$ 1,370,000
Lease (Right-of-use asset)	856,23		(92,833)	763,406	91,459
Subscription arrangements		104,356	(52,968)	51,388	51,388
Net pension liability	6,203,14	419,621		6,622,761	
Compensated absences	317,29	71,060	(84,701)	303,649	46,228
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 37,066,60</u>	<u>59 \$ 595,037</u>	<u>\$ (1,570,502</u>) \$	\$ 36,091,204	<u>\$ 1,559,075</u>

* The beginning balance was adjusted due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*.

The compensated absences, net pension liability, total pension liability, and landfill closure and post-closure liabilities of the governmental activities are liquidated primarily by the Town's General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

INTEREST EXPENSE

Total interest costs incurred and paid on all Town debt for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 totaled \$6,706,926 and \$6,746,305, respectively.

DEFEASED DEBT

The Town has defeased a portion of the Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. At September 30, 2023, the following amounts of bonds are outstanding and considered defeased:

Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 \$42,825,000

PLEDGED REVENUES

The Town has pledged future non-ad valorem revenues to pay principal and interest on the Series 2013, Series 2016A, Series 2016B, Series 2019, and Series 2020 Bonds. A summary of the pledged non-ad valorem revenues is presented on page 190 in the Statistical Section. A discussion of the general purpose for each series of bonds secured by the pledged revenues is presented below. At September 30, 2023, principal and interest to maturity on March 30, 2043 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$168,091,685. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year on these Bonds totaled \$9,248,689 and pledged non-ad valorem revenue totaled \$61,837,648 for the year. It is estimated that based on the total fiscal year 2023 pledged non-ad valorem revenue, that annual principal and interest payments will require approximately 15.0% of pledged revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2013

On December 19, 2013, the Town issued \$55,590,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 (Capital Improvement and Coastal Management Program) to (i) finance all or a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, renovating and equipping components of the Town's capital improvement plan, including, but not limited to, drainage, sanitary sewer, water system, street lighting, street, traffic signal, curb, gutter sidewalk, park, Town Hall Square and Town Par 3 golf course improvements and related capital improvements, and the Town's coastal management program, including, but not limited to, sea wall replacements, groin rehabilitation and related capital improvements; and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Series 2013 Bonds were issued at a net original issue premium of \$2,904,720 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.125% to 5.0%. The principal and interest on the Series 2013 Bonds are payable from and secured solely by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenues. Principal and interest payments are due on January 1, and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on January 1, 2043. On January 8, 2020, \$42,825,000 of the Series 2013 Bonds were refunded.

The debt service requirements for the Series 2013 Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Principal		incipal Interest		Total
2024	\$	1,400,000	\$	108,500	\$ 1,508,500
2025		1,470,000		36,750	 1,506,750
Total	\$	2,870,000	\$	145,250	\$ 3,015,250

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2016A

On September 28, 2016, the Town issued \$39,320,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A (Capital Improvement Program) to (i) refund a portion of the Town's Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (Capital Improvement Program) maturing after January 1, 2020, and (ii) pay a portion of the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Series 2016A Bonds were issued at an original premium of \$7,639,128 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%. Principal and interest payments are due on January 1, and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on January 1, 2040. The Bonds are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenue.

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	 Principal Interest		Total	
2024	\$ 1,385,000	\$	1,541,125	\$ 2,926,125
2025	1,460,000		1,470,000	2,930,000
2026	1,535,000		1,395,125	2,930,125
2027	1,610,000		1,316,500	2,926,500
2028	1,690,000		1,234,000	2,924,000
2029-2033	9,875,000		4,785,275	14,660,275
2034-2038	12,320,000		2,407,200	14,727,200
2039-2040	 5,675,000		229,300	 5,904,300
Total	\$ 35,550,000	\$	14,378,525	\$ 49,928,525

Debt service requirements for the Series 2016A Bonds are as follows:

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016B

On September 28, 2016, the Town issued \$10,255,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B (Worth Avenue Commercial District Project) to (i) refund all the Town's Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B (Worth Avenue Commercial District Project) maturing after January 1, 2020, and (ii) pay a portion of the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Series 2016B Bonds were issued at an original premium of \$1,217,936 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.625% to 5.0%. Principal and interest payments are due on January 1, and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on January 1, 2040. The Bonds are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016B (CONTINUED)

Debt service requirements for the Series 2016B Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Principal Inte		Interest	Total	
2024	\$	390,000	\$	334,538	\$ 724,538
2025		400,000		322,688	722,688
2026		410,000		310,538	720,538
2027		420,000		293,888	713,888
2028		445,000		272,263	717,263
2029-2033		2,585,000		1,002,438	3,587,438
2034-2038		3,105,000		518,244	3,623,244
2039-2040		1,405,000		51,950	 1,456,950
Total	\$	9,160,000	\$	3,106,544	\$ 12,266,544

TOWN OF PALM BEACH GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2018

On October 11, 2018, the Town issued \$56,040,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018 (Underground Utility Project) to (i) financing or refinancing a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, and equipping of the Town's Underground Utility Project, (ii) retiring the Town's Public Improvement Commercial Paper Revenue Notes, Series 2017, and (iii) paying the costs of issuance with respect to the Bonds. The Series 2018 Bonds were issued at a net original premium of \$4,459,897 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%. The Bonds are general obligation bonds of the Town for which the full faith and credit and taxing power of the Town are pledged. The Bonds shall be payable first from the Underground Utility Project Special Assessments and, to the extent these Assessment are insufficient to pay debt service or not assessed, ad valorem taxes levied and collected in the Town on all taxable property in the Town sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds as the same become due and payable. The Town may apply other legally available sources of revenues to the payment of the Bonds. The issuance of general obligation bonds of the Town in an aggregate principal amount of not exceeding \$90,000,000 was approved by voters in the bond referendum held on March 15, 2016. Principal payments are due on July 1 and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on July 1, 2047.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2018 (CONTINUED)

The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018 does not set forth default provisions.

Debt service requirements for the Series 2018 Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Principal Interest		Total		
2024	\$	1,205,000	\$ 2,194,600	\$ 3,399,600	
2025		1,265,000	2,134,350	3,399,350	
2026		1,330,000	2,071,100	3,401,100	
2027		1,395,000	2,004,600	3,399,600	
2028		1,465,000	1,934,850	3,399,850	
2029-2033		8,500,000	8,499,250	16,999,250	
2034-2038		10,635,000	6,365,400	17,000,400	
2039-2043		12,940,000	4,061,200	17,001,200	
2044-2047		12,340,000	 1,258,400	 13,598,400	
Total	\$	51,075,000	\$ 30,523,750	\$ 81,598,750	

TOWN OF PALM BEACH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING TAXABLE BONDS, Series 2019

On January 8, 2020, the Town issued \$48,730,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 to (i) advance refund a portion of the Town's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 (Capital Improvement and Coastal Management Program) maturing after January 1, 2020, and (ii) pay a portion of the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Series 2019 Bonds were issued at an original premium of \$105,799 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.10%. Principal and interest payments are due on January 1, and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on January 1, 2043. The Bonds are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING TAXABLE BONDS, SERIES 2019 (CONTINUED)

Debt service requirements for the Series 2019 Taxable Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	_	Principal	Interest		Total	
2024	\$	445,000	\$	1,360,474	\$	1,805,474
2025		460,000		1,349,162		1,809,162
2026		2,015,000		1,318,224		3,333,224
2027		2,075,000		1,267,099		3,342,099
2028		2,125,000		1,214,599		3,339,599
2029-2033		11,465,000		5,202,158		16,667,158
2034-2038		13,300,000		3,420,733		16,720,733
2039-2043		15,540,000		1,231,589		16,771,589
Total	\$	47,425,000	\$	16,364,037	\$	63,789,037

TOWN OF PALM BEACH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019

On October 17, 2019, the Town issued \$4,660,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 to be used to (i) refund the Series 201A Bonds maturing on and after January 1, 2021 and (ii) paying costs of issuance of the Series 2019 Bond. The Series 2019 bears interest 2.33%. Principal and interest payments are due on January 1, and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on January 1, 2040. The Bonds are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenue.

Debt service requirements for the Series 2019 Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30]	Principal	Interest	Interest To	
2024	\$	200,000	\$ 93,084	\$	293,084
2025		205,000	88,365		293,365
2026		205,000	83,589		288,589
2027		210,000	78,754		288,754
2028		215,000	73,803		288,803
2029-2033		1,175,000	289,211		1,464,211
2034-2038		1,315,000	144,402		1,459,402
2039-2040		570,000	 13,398		583,398
Total	\$	4,095,000	\$ 864,605	\$	4,959,605

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2020

On March 11, 2020, the Town issued \$31,000,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 to (i) make improvements to the Town Marina, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Series 2019 Bonds bears interest at 2.25%. Principal and interest payments are due on January 1, and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on January 1, 2040. The Bonds are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenue.

Fiscal Year Ending September 30 Principal Interest Total \$ \$ 2024 1,370,000 622,463 \$ 1,992,463 2025 1,405,000 1,996,244 591,244 2026 1,440,000 559,238 1,999,238 1,470,000 526,500 1,996,500 2027 2028 1,505,000 493.031 1,998,031 8,095,000 2029-2033 1,933,594 10,028,594 9,110,000 967,163 10,077,163 2034-2038 4,044,494 2039-2040 3,955,000 89,494 Total 28,350,000 \$ 5,782,725 \$ 34,132,725

Debt service requirements for the Series 2020 Bonds are as follows:

TOWN OF PALM BEACH GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2021

On March 18, 2021, the Town issued \$8,575,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 (Underground Utility Project) to (i) financing or refinancing a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, and equipping of the Town's Underground Utility Project, and (ii) paying the costs of issuance with respect to the Bonds. The Series 2021 Bonds were issued at a net original premium of \$623,896 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The Bonds are general obligation bonds of the Town for which the full faith and credit and taxing power of the Town are pledged. The Bonds shall be payable first from the Underground Utility Project Special Assessments and, to the extent these Assessment are insufficient to pay debt service or not assessed, ad valorem taxes levied and collected in the Town on all taxable property in the Town sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds as the same become due and payable. The issuance of general obligation bonds of the Town in an aggregate principal amount of not exceeding \$90,000,000 was approved by voters in the bond referendum held on March 15, 2016. Principal payments are due on July 1 and interest payments are due on January 1 and July 1 until maturity on July 1, 2047.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2021 (CONTINUED)

The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 does not set forth default provisions.

Debt service requirements for the Series 2021 Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30]	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	225,000	\$ 222,255	\$ 447,255
2025		230,000	217,755	447,755
2026		240,000	206,255	446,255
2027		255,000	194,255	449,255
2028		265,000	181,505	446,505
2029-2033		1,540,000	703,525	2,243,525
2034-2038		1,750,000	485,925	2,235,925
2039-2043		1,935,000	302,475	2,237,475
2044-2047		1,700,000	 91,273	 1,791,273
Total	\$	8,140,000	\$ 2,605,223	\$ 10,745,223

LEASES (RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET)

The Town has entered into multiple lease agreements as a Lessee. The lease agreements qualify as other than a short-term leases under GASB 87 and; therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. A summary of the lease arrangements related to governmental activities and business-type activities is summarized below:

<u>Governmental activities:</u> The Town entered into 15 lease agreements as a Lessee which range in duration from 12 months to 45 months. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$63,063. Principal and interest payments made during the fiscal year totaled \$24,168. Required monthly fixed payments range from approximately \$65 to \$470. The value of the leases (right-to-use assets) as of September 30, 2023 is \$63,063 with accumulated amortization of \$54,712.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

LEASES (RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET) (CONTINUED)

<u>Business-type activities:</u> The Town entered into 2 lease agreements as a Lessee which range in duration from 12 months to 113 months. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$961,613. Principal and interest payments made during the fiscal year totaled \$106,633. The Town is required to make annual fixed payments of \$102,218 for the Marina lease and monthly fixed payments of approximately \$350 for the Building lease. The value of the leases (right-to-use assets) as of September 30, 2023 is \$961,613 with accumulated amortization of \$176,264.

Total future lease payment under the lease agreements in the aggregate are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities						
September 30,	Pr	rincipal	In	terest	Total		Principal		Interest			Total
2024	\$	6,714	\$	20	\$	6,734	\$	91,459	\$	12,164	\$	103,623
2025		843		2		845		91,493		10,725		102,218
2026								92,954		9,264		102,218
2027								94,437		7,781		102,218
2028								95,944		6,273		102,217
2029-2031								297,119		9,534		306,653
Total	\$	7,557	\$	22	\$	7,579	\$	763,406	\$	55,741	\$	819,147

SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (SBITA)

The Town entered into multiple subscription arrangements. The subscription arrangements qualify as other than a short-term subscription arrangement under GASB 96 and; therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments as of the date of their inception. A summary of the lease arrangements related to governmental activities and business-type activities is summarized below:

<u>Governmental activities:</u> The Town entered into 4 subscription arrangements which range in duration from 24 months to 36 months. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$354,336. Principal and interest payments made during the fiscal year totaled \$130,609. Required annual fixed payments range from approximately \$5,000 to \$79,344. The value of the subscription arrangements as of September 30, 2023 is \$354,336 with accumulated amortization of \$108,208.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (SBITA) (CONTINUED)

<u>Business-type activities:</u> The Town entered into a subscription arrangement with a duration of 24 months. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$104,356. Principal and interest payments made during the fiscal year totaled \$52,968. The required annual fixed payment is \$52,968. The value of the subscription arrangements as of September 30, 2023 is \$104,356 with accumulated amortization of \$52,178.

Total future payments under the subscription arrangements in the aggregate are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Gove	ernmental Activ	vities	Business-Type Activities					
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2024	\$ 119,147	\$ 6,463	\$ 125,610	\$ 51,388	\$ 1,580	\$ 52,968			
2025	104,727	3,008	107,735						
Total	\$ 223,874	<u>\$ 9,471</u>	\$ 233,345	\$ 51,388	<u>\$ 1,580</u>	\$ 52,968			

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2013; 2016A; 2016B; AND TOWN OF PALM BEACH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING TAXABLE BONDS, SERIES 2019 – DEFAULT TERMS

Under the terms of the authorizing resolutions related to above bonds, should the Town default in any of its obligations or covenants created by such resolutions, the bondholders may, in addition to any remedy set forth in such resolutions, either at law or in equity, by suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction, protect and enforce any and all rights under the laws of the State of Florida, or granted and contained in such resolutions, and may enforce and compel the performance of all duties required by the resolutions, or by any applicable statutes to be performed by the Town or by any officer thereof.

Town of Palm Beach Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019; and Town of Palm Beach Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 – Default Terms

Upon the occurrence of an event of default (including a payment default, bankruptcy, or breach of material covenants, representations or warranties), the bondholders, as the case may be, may pursue any available remedy at law or in equity or by statute, including any applicable law or statute of the United States of America or of the State of Florida, to enforce the payment of principal and interest on the applicable bond then outstanding or the obligations of the Town. Failure to pay scheduled principal or interest on the Bonds or other amounts due under either loan agreement is subject to the payment of default interest.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF PALM BEACH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019; AND TOWN OF PALM BEACH PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2020 – DEFAULT TERMS (CONTINUED)

Additionally, failure to make scheduled principal and interest payments on the Series 2019 Bond within ten (10) days after the due date thereof is subject to a five percent (5%) late payment fee based on the amount of the payment due. Failure to make scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Series 2020 Bond or other payments required under the 2020 Loan Agreement within ten (10) days after the due date thereof may, at the option of CenterState Bank be subject to a five percent (5%) late payment fee based on the amount of the payment due.

NOTE 8 – OBLIGATION UNDER UTILITY AGREEMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

On July 10, 1978, the Town entered into a utility agreement with the City of Lake Worth (the "City"). Under the terms of the agreement, the City will supply the Town certain wastewater facilities for a period of 40 years. At the option of the Town, the agreement may be extended for three additional periods of ten years after the otherwise normal termination of the agreement.

The City obtained Florida State Bond Loan, Series E for the purpose of constructing and improving existing water and sewer facilities. The Town was obligated to pay the City a percentage of its pro rata share, based on sewer reserved capacity, of the debt service of this loan until October 1, 2006 when the loan was paid in full.

The Series E Loan was originally issued by the City on October 1, 1976, at a face value of \$7,585,000. The loan matured in varying amounts through June 30, 2006. The Town's pro rata share of the loan was 11.7625%. The present value, discounted at the same rate as the Series E Loan, of the Town obligation to the City was \$1,186,607 at issuance. Intangible wastewater usage rights were recorded at the same amount and are being amortized over the 40-year contract period that the Town is entitled to use the City's wastewater facilities. At September 30, 2023, the intangible assets were fully amortized and are recorded with the capital assets of the governmental activities.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Town makes annual payments to the City for flow charges, operations and maintenance costs based on the Town's actual usage, and a pro rata share of the renewal and replacement costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town made no payments to the City pursuant to the agreement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Town of Palm Beach Retirement System is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System hybrid defined benefit and defined contribution pension plan established to provide pension benefits for its employees. The Town's retirement system was established on July 1, 1947, by an ordinance of the Town of Palm Beach. The Plan is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial statements as one plan with three separate trust funds. The Plan was amended by ordinance 4-2012, effective April 1, 2012 which required that the retirement system be administered by a single board of trustees and ordinance No. 6-2012, effective May 1, 2012 which amended participant benefits.

Prior to April 1, 2012 separate pension plans were maintained for the general and lifeguard employees, police officers, and firefighters. Effective April 1, 2012, the general employees and lifeguard employees board of trustees, police officer board of trustees, and firefighter board of trustees were eliminated and a new consolidated board of trustees was created. The existing contracts, investment holdings, assets and liabilities of the general employees' and lifeguard employees', police officers', and firefighters' retirement plans were transferred and became contracts, investment holdings, assets and liabilities of the new board. In conjunction with the new board consolidation, effective May 1, 2012, an amended consolidated hybrid retirement plan with a defined contribution component was established, covering all employees of the Town. The new consolidated plan is known as the Town of Palm Beach Retirement System (the "Plan") effective May 1, 2012. Effective October 1, 2016, non-bargaining public safety employees and Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP") participants on and after that date were authorized to retire under normal retirement after reaching age 56, and all service accrued after that date is calculated at an accrual rate of 2.75%.

Effective May 1, 2017, all active and DROP participating General Employee and Life Guards on and after that date were authorized to retire under normal retirement after reaching age 62, and all service accrued after that date is calculated at an accrual rate of 1.70%. Effective August 12, 2017, bargaining public safety employees and those participating in DROP on and after that date were authorized to retire under normal retirement after reaching age 56, and all service accrued after that date is calculated at an accrual rate of 2.75% (vested terminated employees on date of enactment continue to qualify for normal retirement at age 65).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The Plan is currently administered by the Town of Palm Beach Retirement System Board of Trustees. There are nine members on the board of trustees. The trustees consist of (a) one employee who is a member of the benefit group general or benefit group lifeguard elected by the members of those benefit groups (b) one employee who is a member of the benefit group firefighter elected by the members of that benefit group (c) one employee who is a member of the benefit group police officers elected by the members of that benefit group (d) five residents of the Town who are not officers or employees of the Town, retirees or beneficiaries of the retirement system, appointed by the Town Council and (e) the Deputy Town Manager, Finance and Administration, who shall serve as a voting ex-officio member.

All employees working in excess of 1,850 hours per year are covered by the Plan. The Town Council is authorized to establish benefit levels. The contributions and benefits are segregated between general employees and lifeguards, police officers, and firefighters.

Prior to March 14, 2012, the police officers' and firefighters' portions of the Plan also received payments from the State of Florida pursuant to Chapters 185 and 175 of the Florida Statutes for the benefit of police officers and firefighters, respectively. Monies received pursuant to Chapters 185 and 175 can only be used to finance the benefits of participants who are police officers or firefighters, respectively. Effective March 14, 2012, the Town of Palm Beach withdrew from participation under Chapters 175 and 185.

The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial report may be obtained by writing to the Town of Palm Beach, Post Office Box 2029, Palm Beach, Florida 33480 or by calling (561) 838-5444.

At September 30, 2022, the plan membership consisted of the following:

	General	Officers	Firefighters	Total
Inactive plan members and beneficiaries				
currently receiving benefits	228	106	107	441
Inactive plan members entitled but not				
yet receiving benefits	45	23	27	95
Active plan members	168	60	67	295
Total Members	441	189	201	831

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GAAP as applied to governmental entities in accordance with GASB pronouncements. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Town contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, the Plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the Plan.

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The following brief description of the general employees and lifeguards, police officers, and firefighters portions of the Plan is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Plan agreement for more detailed information.

In accordance with Section 82-52 of the Town of Palm Beach, Florida Code of Ordinances, vesting or vested status means the attainment of 10 or more years of credited service. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, all members of the retirement system who did not attain normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012, excluding credited service purchased pursuant to Section 82-54, and who were employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date shall be 100 percent vested in their frozen accrued benefit as of May 1, 2012, regardless of length of credited service.

GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS

Prior to May 1, 2012

General employees were eligible for retirement after 30 years of service, or age 55 with 10 or more years of service. Lifeguards were eligible for retirement at age 50 with 10 or more years of service or members with at least 10 years of credited service who retire after 2/9/93 are eligible when the individual's age plus credited service totals 65 years or more. General employees could elect early retirement if the member is at least 50 years old with 10 or more years of service. The retirement benefit was calculated as a normal retirement benefit, but it is reduced 6/10 of 1% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement date. If the member had 20 years or more of service, the retirement benefit is reduced 3/10 of 1% for each month early retirement precedes the normal retirement date.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS (CONTINUED)

Prior to May 1, 2012 (continued)

General employees' retirement benefits were determined by multiplying the Average Final Compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the sum of (a) 2.75% per year for service earned after September 30, 1990, to a maximum of 82.5%, plus 2.35% for service earned on or before September 30, 1990, for the first 30 years of service, plus (b) 1% for service in excess of 30 years.

Lifeguards retirement benefits were determined by multiplying the Average Final Compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the sum of (a) 2.85% per year for the first 25 years of service to a maximum of 71.25%, plus (b) 1% for service in excess of 25 years.

A member of the General Employees' Retirement System could elect to enter the DROP within 7 years of the date the member first reaches normal retirement eligibility. The member receives 100% of their accrued benefit at the date of their election to participate in DROP.

For members of the General Employees' Retirement System hired on or after January 1, 1980, the sum of the employer financed portion of the pension benefit and social security benefit could not exceed 100% of average final compensation. Members who retired after September 30, 1968, and prior to October 1, 1990, received an annual 1% increase in their retirement benefit computed on the base benefit. Members who retired after September 30, 1990, received a 2% annual cost of living adjustment subsequent to an initial 3-year deferral period.

The General Employees' Retirement System also provided certain disability, death, and other benefits, which are considered to be retirement benefits for funding and actuarial purposes. Eligible employees become fully vested after 10 years of credited service.

All employees working in excess of 1,040 hours per year were required to participate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012

Normal Retirement

General employees who attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 and who are employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, shall be eligible for normal retirement after 30 years of service, or age 55 with 10 years of service. Such general employees retirement benefits are determined by multiplying the average final compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the sum of (a) 2.75% per year for service earned after September 30, 1990, to a maximum of 82.5%, plus 2.35% for service earned on or before September 30, 1990, for the first 30 years of service, plus (b) 1% for service in excess of 30 years.

Lifeguards who attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 and who are employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, shall be eligible for normal retirement upon attaining age 50 with 10 or more years of credited service or when the individual's age plus credited service total 65 or more years and the individual has at least 10 years of service. Such lifeguards retirement benefits are determined by multiplying average final compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the sum of (a) 2.85% per year for the first 25 years of service to a maximum of 71.25%, plus (b) 1% for service in excess of 25 years.

General employees who did not attain normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012, excluding credited service purchased, and who were employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, shall be eligible for normal retirement upon attaining age 55, or 30 or more years of credited service without regard to age, and upon such retirement shall be eligible to receive the frozen accrued benefit based on credited service and average final compensation on April 30, 2012 and the above formulas. Such members shall be eligible to receive the accrued benefit based on credited service on or after May 1, 2012 upon attaining age 62 with 10 or more years of credited service. For credited service between May 1, 2012 and April 30, 2017, the benefit formula shall be average final compensation multiplied by 1.25% per year of credited service. For credited service on or after May 1, 2017, the benefit formula shall be average final compensation multiplied by 1.7% per year of credited service. Average final compensation after April 30, 2012 will be over a period increasing up to the final 5 years of credited service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Normal Retirement (continued)

Lifeguards who did not attain normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012, excluding credited service purchased, and who were employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, shall be eligible for normal retirement upon termination of Town employment and attaining age 50, or when the member's age to last completed month plus credited service totals 65 years or more. Upon such retirement, the member shall be eligible to receive the frozen accrued benefit based on credited service and average final compensation on April 30, 2012. Such members shall be eligible to receive the accrued benefit based on credited service. For credited service between May 1, 2012 and April 30, 2017, the benefit formula shall be average final compensation multiplied by 1.25% per year of credited service. For credited service on or after May 1, 2017, the benefit formula shall be average final compensation multiplied by 1.7% per year of credited service. Average final compensation after April 30, 2012 will be over a period increasing up to the final 5 years of credited service.

Early Retirement

General Employees 20-Year Early Retirement Option: General employees who did not attain normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012, excluding credited service purchased, and who were employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, may elect to retire, subject to an early retirement reduction, upon attaining age 50 or older with 20 or more years of credited service.

General Employees 10-Year Early Retirement Option: General employees who did not attain normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012, excluding credited service purchased, and who were employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, may elect to retire, subject to an early retirement reduction, upon attaining age 50 or older with 10 or more years of credited service.

General Employees Age 60 Early Retirement Option: General employees who did not attain normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012, excluding credited service purchased, and who were employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, may elect to retire at age 60, subject to an early retirement reduction.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Lifeguards Age 60 Early Retirement Option: Lifeguards who did not attain normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012, excluding credited service purchased, and who were employed by the Town and not participating in the DROP on that date, and members hired on or after May 1, 2012, may elect to retire at age 60, subject to an early retirement reduction.

DROP Retirement

General employees and lifeguards may elect to enter the DROP after the member first reaches normal retirement eligibility. The member receives 100% of their accrued benefit at the date of their election to participate in DROP, unless the member was eligible for retirement prior to May 1, 2012, in which case the DROP benefit is grandfathered at 98%.

Deferred Retirement (Vested Termination Benefit)

General employees and lifeguards with 10 or more years of service are eligible for a deferred retirement benefit. The pension begins upon meeting the requirements for normal retirement. Contributions must be left on deposit in the Plan. Failure to do so results in forfeiture of the vested benefit. The pension amount is computed as for normal retirement, based upon service and final average compensation at time of termination.

Duty Disability Retirement

There are no age or service requirements for duty disability for general employees or lifeguards. The pension amount to the earliest normal retirement eligibility date is computed as a regular retirement with additional serviced credit granted from the date of disability to the earliest normal retirement eligibility date. The minimum benefit is 60% of average final compensation. The pension amount at the earliest normal retirement eligibility date is computed as a regular retirement. The minimum shall be applicable for 5 years if the member attains such age for retirement less than 5 years after duty disability benefits commence.

Non-Duty Disability Before Retirement

General employees and lifeguards are eligible for non-duty disability benefits before retirement after 10 years or more of credited service. The pension amount is computed as for normal retirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Duty Death Before Retirement

There are no age or service requirements for duty death benefits before retirement for general employees or lifeguards. The pension amount to each surviving child is 25% of the member's average final compensation not to exceed 50% or equal share of 75% of the member's average final compensation when there are 4 or more surviving children being paid. The widow shall receive a pension benefit of the difference, if any, between 75% of the member's average final compensation and the aggregate amount paid to the children.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement

General employees and lifeguards are eligible for non-duty death benefits before retirement after 10 years or more of credited service. The pension amount is computed as 75% of normal retirement benefit to a surviving spouse or equal shares of 75% of the normal retirement benefit to surviving unmarried children under age 18. Dependent payment continues not to exceed age 25 when no surviving spouse.

Automatic Death After Retirement Pension

If the member chooses the standard option, general employees and lifeguards who had attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 are eligible for an automatic after death retirement pension. The benefit to surviving children shall be 25% of the retiree's pension payable to age 18, not to exceed an equal share of 75% of the retiree's pension. Payments to surviving children may be paid to age 25 if no spouse benefits are payable. The benefit to the surviving spouse shall be the difference, if any, between 75% of the retiree's pension and the aggregate amount paid to any surviving children.

General employees and lifeguards who had not attained retirement eligibility as of May 1, 2012 shall have frozen accrued benefits as described in the preceding paragraph. New plan benefits accrue after April 30, 2012. Reduced optional forms of payment are available.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustment

General employees and lifeguards that retired after September 30, 1968 and prior to October 1, 1990 receive an annual 1.0% increase computed on base benefit. Other adjustments have been made periodically. General employees and lifeguards that retired after September 30, 1990 and before May 1, 2012 receive an annual 2.0% increase based on the total pension payable subsequent to an initial 3-year deferral period.

General employees and lifeguards who had attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 will receive an annual 2.0% increase based on pension benefits accrued, subject to an initial 3-year deferral period.

General employees and lifeguards who had not attained retirement eligibility as of May 1, 2012 do not receive any cost-of-living adjustment for benefits derived from service accrued on or after May 1, 2012. General employees and lifeguards who have accrued service as of April 30, 2012 will receive a 2.0% cost of living adjustment for benefits derived for service accrued to that date.

POLICE OFFICERS

Prior to May 1, 2012

Police officers were eligible for retirement after 20 or more years of service, regardless of age; or age 50 with 10 or more years of service; or, members with at least 10 years of credited service who retire after September 30, 1990 are eligible when the individual's age plus credited service totals 65 years or more.

Police officers' retirement benefits were determined by multiplying the Average Final Compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the greater of 3.5% per year of credited service to a maximum of 25 years, or 2.0% per year of credited service to a maximum of 50 years.

A member of the Police Officers' Retirement System could elect to enter the DROP within 7 years of the date the member first reaches normal retirement eligibility. The member receives 100% of their accrued benefit at the date of their election to participate in DROP.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

POLICE OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Prior to May 1, 2012 (continued)

Members who retired after September 30, 1968, and prior to October 1, 1990, received an annual 1% increase in their retirement benefit computed on the base benefit. Members who retired after September 30, 1990, received a 2% annual cost of living adjustment subsequent to an initial 3-year deferral period.

The Police Officers' Retirement System also provided certain disability, death, and other benefits, which are considered to be retirement benefits for funding and actuarial purposes. Eligible employees become fully vested after 10 years of credited service.

All employees working in excess of 1,040 hours per year were required to participate.

Normal Retirement

Police officers shall be eligible for normal retirement after 20 or more years of service, regardless of age; or age 50 with 10 or more years of service; or, members with at least 10 years of credited service who retire after September 30, 1990 are eligible when the individual's age plus credited service totals 65 years or more. Such police officers' retirement benefits are determined by multiplying the average final compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the greater of 3.5% per year of credited service to a maximum of 25 years, or 2.0% per year of credited service to a maximum of 50 years.

Effective May 1, 2012

Normal Retirement

Police officers shall be eligible for normal retirement after 20 or more years of service, regardless of age; or age 50 with 10 or more years of service; or, members with at least 10 years of credited service who retire after September 30, 1990 are eligible when the individual's age plus credited service totals 65 years or more. Such police officers' retirement benefits are determined by multiplying the average final compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the greater of 3.5% per year of credited service to a maximum of 25 years, or 2.0% per year of credited service to a maximum of 50 years.

Police officers shall be eligible for normal retirement upon attaining age 50, or 20 or more years of credited service without regard to age, and upon such retirement shall be eligible to receive the frozen accrued benefit based on credited service and average final compensation on April 30, 2012 and the above formulas.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

POLICE OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Normal Retirement (continued)

Members whose employment terminated on or after October 1, 2019 are eligible to retire or enter the DROP at the earlier of age 55 with 10 or more years of service or age 52 with 25 or more years of service.

Members whose employment terminated prior to October 1, 2019 and after September 30, 2015, are eligible to retire or enter the DROP at age 56 with 10 or more years of service.

Members whose employment terminated prior to October 1, 2016 are eligible to retire or enter the DROP at age 65 with 10 or more years of service.

For credited service between May 1, 2012 and September 30, 2016, the benefit formula shall be the average finance compensation multiplied by 1.25% per year of credited service. For service on or after October 1, 2016, the benefit formula shall be the average final compensation multiplied by 2.75% per year of credited service. Average final compensation after April 30, 2012 will be over a period increasing up to the final 5 years of credited service.

Such members shall be eligible to receive the accrued benefit based on credited service on or after May 1, 2012 upon attaining age 56 with 10 or more years of credited service. For credited service between May 1, 2012 and September 30, 2016, the benefit formula shall be the average final compensation multiplied by 1.25% per year of credited service. For service on or after October 1, 2016 the benefit formula shall be the average final compensation multiplied by 2.75% per year of credited service. Average final compensation after April 30, 2012 will be over a period increasing up to the final 5 years of credited service.

DROP Retirement

Police officers may elect to enter the DROP after the member first reaches normal retirement eligibility. The member receives 100% of their accrued benefit at the date of their election to participate in DROP.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

POLICE OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Deferred Retirement (Vested Termination Benefit)

Police officers with 10 or more years of service are eligible for a deferred retirement benefit. The pension begins upon meeting the requirements for normal retirement. Contributions must be left on deposit in the Plan. Failure to do so results in forfeiture of the vested benefit. Frozen accrued benefits as of April 30, 2012 are vested immediately. The pension amount is computed as for normal retirement, based upon service and final average compensation at time of termination.

Duty Disability Retirement

There are no age or service requirements for duty disability for police officers. The pension amount is computed as a regular retirement with additional service credit granted from date of disability to earliest normal retirement eligibility date. The minimum benefit is 60% of average final compensation.

Non-Duty Disability Before Retirement

Police officers are eligible for non-duty disability benefits before retirement after 10 or more years of credited service. The pension amount is computed as for normal retirement. The minimum benefit is 30% of average final compensation.

Duty Death Before Retirement

There are no age or service requirements for duty death benefits before retirement for police officers. The pension amount to each surviving child is 25% of the member's Average Final Compensation not to exceed 50% or equal share of 75% of the member's Average Final Compensation when there are 4 or more surviving children being paid. The widow shall receive a pension benefit of the difference, if any, between 75% of the member's average final compensation and the aggregate amount paid to the children.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

POLICE OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement

Police officers are eligible for non-duty death benefits before retirement after 10 or more years of credited service. The pension amount is computed as 75% of normal retirement benefit to a surviving spouse or equal shares of 75% of the normal retirement benefit to surviving unmarried children under age 18. Dependent payment continues not to exceed age 25 when no surviving spouse.

Automatic Death After Retirement Pension

If the member chooses the standard option, police officers who had attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 are eligible for an automatic after death retirement pension. The benefit to surviving children shall be 25% of the retiree's pension payable to age 18, not to exceed an equal share of 75% of the retiree's pension. Payments to surviving children may be paid to age 25 if no spouse benefits are payable. The benefit to the surviving spouse shall be the difference, if any, between 75% of the retiree's pension and the aggregate amount paid to any surviving children.

Police officers who had not attained retirement eligibility as of May 1, 2012 shall have frozen accrued benefits as described in the preceding paragraph. New plan benefits accrue after April 30, 2012. Reduced optional forms of payment are available.

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustment

Police officers that retired after September 30, 1968 and prior to October 1, 1990 receive an annual 1.0% increase computed on base benefit. Other adjustments have been made periodically. Police officers that retired after September 30, 1990 and before May 1, 2012 receive an annual 2.0% increase based on the total pension payable subsequent to an initial 3-year deferral period.

Police officers who had attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 will receive an annual 2.0% increase based on pension benefits accrued, subject to an initial 3-year deferral period.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

POLICE OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustment (continued)

Police officers who had not attained retirement eligibility as of May 1, 2012 do not receive any cost-of-living adjustment for benefits derived from service accrued on or after May 1, 2012. Police officers who have accrued service as of April 30, 2012 will receive a 2.0% cost of living adjustment for benefits derived for service accrued to that date.

Firefighters

Prior to May 1, 2012

Firefighters were eligible for retirement after 20 or more years of service, regardless of age; or age 50 with 10 or more years of service; or, members with at least 10 years of credited service who retire after September 30, 1990 are eligible when the individual's age plus credited service totals 65 years or more.

Firefighters' retirement benefits were determined by multiplying the average final compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the greater of 3.5% per year of credited service to a maximum of 25 years, or 2.0% per year of credited service to a maximum of 50 years.

A member of the Firefighters' Retirement System could elect to enter the DROP within 7 years of the date the member first reaches normal retirement eligibility. The member receives 100% of their accrued benefit at the date of their election to participate in DROP.

Members who retired after September 30, 1968, and prior to October 1, 1990, received an annual 1% increase in their retirement benefit computed on the base benefit. Members who retired after September 30, 1990, received a 2% annual cost of living adjustment subsequent to an initial 3-year deferral period.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012

The Firefighters' Retirement System also provided certain disability, death, and other benefits, which are considered to be retirement benefits for funding and actuarial purposes. Eligible employees become fully vested after 10 years of credited service.

All employees working in excess of 1,040 hours per year were required to participate.

Normal Retirement

Firefighters shall be eligible for normal retirement after 20 or more years of service, regardless of age; or age 50 with 10 or more years of service; or, members with at least 10 years of credited service who retire after September 30, 1990 are eligible when the individual's age plus credited service totals 65 years or more. Such Firefighters' retirement benefits are determined by multiplying the average final compensation (highest two consecutive years out of the last five), times the greater of 3.5% per year of credited service to a maximum of 25 years, or 2.0% per year of credited service to a maximum of 50 years.

Firefighters shall be eligible for normal retirement upon attaining age 50, or 20 or more years of credited service without regard to age, and upon such retirement shall be eligible to receive the frozen accrued benefit based on credited service and average final compensation on April 30, 2012 and the above formulas.

Non-Bargaining members whose employment terminated on or after October 1, 2019 and Bargaining members whose employment terminated on or after November 2, 2019 are eligible to retire or enter the DROP at the earlier of Age 55 with 10 or more years of service or Age 52 with 25 or more years of service.

Non-Bargaining members whose employment terminated on or after October 1, 2016 and Bargaining members whose employment terminated on or after August 12, 2017 are eligible to retire or enter the DROP at age 56 with 10 or more years of service.

All other members are eligible to retire or enter the DROP at age 65 with 10 or more years of service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Normal Retirement (continued)

Non-bargaining unit firefighters: For credited service between May 1, 2012 and September 30, 2016, the benefit formula shall be the average final compensation multiplied by 1.25% per year of credited service. For service on or after October 1, 2016 the benefit formula shall be the average final compensation multiplied by 2.75% per year of credited service. Average final compensation after April 30, 2012 will be over a period increasing up to the final 5 years of credited service.

Bargaining unit firefighters: For credited service between May 1, 2012 and August 11, 2017, the benefit formula shall be the average final compensation multiplied by 1.25% per year of credited service. For service on or after August 12, 2017 the benefit formula shall be the average final compensation multiplied by 2.75% per year of credited service. Average final compensation after April 30, 2012 will be over a period increasing up to the final 5 years of credited service.

DROP Retirement

Firefighters may elect to enter the DROP after the member first reaches normal retirement eligibility. The member receives 100% of their accrued benefit at the date of their election to participate in DROP.

Deferred Retirement (Vested Termination Benefit)

Firefighters with 10 or more years of service are eligible for a deferred retirement benefit. The pension begins upon meeting the requirements for normal retirement. Contributions must be left on deposit in the Plan. Failure to do so results in forfeiture of the vested benefit. Frozen accrued benefits as of April 30, 2012 are vested immediately. The pension amount is computed as for normal retirement, based upon service and final average compensation at time of termination.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Duty Disability Retirement

There are no age or service requirements for duty disability for firefighters. The pension amount is computed as a regular retirement with additional service credit granted from date of disability to earliest normal retirement eligibility date. The minimum benefit is 60% of average final compensation.

Non-Duty Disability Before Retirement

Firefighters are eligible for non-duty disability benefits before retirement after 10 or more years of credited service. The pension amount is computed as for normal retirement. The minimum benefit is 30% of average final compensation.

Duty Death Before Retirement

There are no age or service requirements for duty death benefits before retirement for firefighters. The pension amount to each surviving child is 25% of the member's average final compensation not to exceed 50% or equal share of 75% of the member's average final compensation when there are 4 or more surviving children being paid. The widow shall receive a pension benefit of the difference, if any, between 75% of the member's average final compensation and the aggregate amount paid to the children.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement

Firefighters are eligible for non-duty death benefits before retirement after 10 or more years of credited service. The pension amount is computed as 75% of normal retirement benefit to a surviving spouse or equal shares of 75% of the normal retirement benefit to surviving unmarried children under age 18. Dependent payment continues not to exceed age 25 when no surviving spouse.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Automatic Death After Retirement Pension

If the member chooses the standard option, firefighters who had attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 are eligible for an automatic after death retirement pension. The benefit to surviving children shall be 25% of the retiree's pension payable to age 18, not to exceed an equal share of 75% of the retiree's pension. Payments to surviving children may be paid to age 25 if no spouse benefits are payable. The benefit to the surviving spouse shall be the difference, if any, between 75% of the retiree's pension and the aggregate amount paid to any surviving children.

Firefighters who had not attained retirement eligibility as of May 1, 2012 shall have frozen accrued benefits as described in the preceding paragraph. New plan benefits accrue after April 30, 2012. Reduced optional forms of payment are available.

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustment

Firefighters that retired after September 30, 1968 and prior to October 1, 1990 receive an annual 1.0% increase computed on base benefit. Other adjustments have been made periodically. Firefighters that retired after September 30, 1990 and before May 1, 2012 receive an annual 2.0% increase based on the total pension payable subsequent to an initial 3-year deferral period.

Firefighters who had attained normal retirement eligibility based on credited service as of May 1, 2012 will receive an annual 2.0% increase based on pension benefits accrued, subject to an initial 3-year deferral period.

Firefighters who had not attained retirement eligibility as of May 1, 2012 do not receive any cost-of-living adjustment for benefits derived from service accrued on or after May 1, 2012. Firefighters who have accrued service as of April 30, 2012 will receive a 2.0% cost of living adjustment for benefits derived for service accrued to that date.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

FIREFIGHTERS (CONTINUED)

Effective May 1, 2012 (continued)

Share Accounts

Effective October 1, 2003, the Town Council authorized the establishment of individual member Share accounts for firefighters actively employed by the town. These accounts were funded annually using Chapter 175 monies that have not been otherwise committed for benefits for firefighter members. As of September 30, 2022, \$680,104 was held in Share accounts included in the Plan's net position.

On July 22, 2009, the Board adopted a resolution that permits the Plan participants to selfdirect their Share accounts. The self-directed accounts are administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation. As of September 30, 2023, the amount of self-directed investments held outside the Plan was \$2,476,906. Members are eligible to take distributions after separation from service. No new member accounts shall be established after May 1, 2012.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town Council. Plan members are required to contribute a percentage of their annual covered salary as described in the table on the following page. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Administrative expenses of the Plans are reimbursed on a retrospective basis by an addition to the Town's contribution rate.

The contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, as a percentage of the employees' annual compensation, were as follows:

	Member	Town
	Contributions	Contributions
General employees	3.50%	33.20%
Lifeguards	0.00%	0.00%
Police officers	8.50%	76.18%
Firefighters - Non-Union	8.50%	76.41%
Firefighters - Union	8.50%	76.41%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town and its employees made the following contributions to the Plan:

	Town	Employee	Total	
Employee Classification	Contributions	Contributions	Contributions	
General employees and lifeguards Police officers Firefighters	\$ 5,527,967 4,925,952 6,423,324	\$ 451,792 459,543 557,473	\$ 5,979,759 5,385,495 6,980,797	
Total	\$ 16,877,243	<u>\$ 1,468,808</u>	<u>\$ 18,346,051</u>	

PAYABLE TO THE RETIREMENT PLAN

At September 30, 2023, the Town had no payables for outstanding contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

INVESTMENTS

Investments of the Plan are reported at fair value, except money market funds, which are reported at amortized cost. Net depreciation in fair value of investments includes realized and unrealized gains and losses.

RATE OF RETURN

The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Inputs to the dollar-weighted rate of return valuation are determined on a monthly basis. For the year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of investment expenses was 9.74 %.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 are summarized in the table below.

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity funds	35.0%	7.50%
International equity funds	20.0%	8.50%
Domestic bonds	19.5%	2.50%
International bonds	0.0%	3.50%
Real estate funds	10.0%	4.50%
Alternative assets	<u> 15.5</u> %	6.23%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY – GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS

The components of the net pension liability at September 30, 2023 were as follows:

Description	Total Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension
Description	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$ 133,320,869	<u>\$ (87,475,528</u>)	\$ 45,845,341
Changes due to:			
Service cost	1,453,713		1,453,713
Interest on total pension liability	8,305,645		8,305,645
Benefit changes			
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	(1,676,295)		(1,676,295)
Assumption changes	2,878,010		2,878,010
Benefit payments	(8,501,770)	8,501,770	
Refunds	(42,290)	42,290	
Employer contributions		(5,527,967)	(5,527,967)
Employee contributions		(451,792)	(451,792)
Investment income		(8,031,274)	(8,031,274)
Investment expense		235,580	235,580
Administrative expense		145,351	145,351
Total changes	2,417,013	(5,086,042)	(2,669,029)
Balance - September 30, 2023	\$ 135,737,882	<u>\$ (92,561,570)</u>	\$ 43,176,312

Effective September 30, 2023 the investment return assumption decreased from 6.40% to 6.20%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY – POLICE OFFICERS

The components of the net pension liability at September 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Total Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension
Description	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$ 113,438,282	<u>\$ (75,969,633</u>)	\$ 37,468,649
Changes due to:			
Service cost	1,284,052		1,284,052
Interest on total pension liability	7,058,735		7,058,735
Benefit changes			
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	1,013,858		1,013,858
Assumption changes	2,562,865		2,562,865
Benefit payments	(7,525,118)	7,525,118	
Refunds	(50,027)	50,027	
Employer contributions		(4,925,952)	(4,925,952)
Employee contributions		(459,543)	(459,543)
Investment income		(6,900,900)	(6,900,900)
Investment expense		202,423	202,423
Administrative expense		124,893	124,893
Total changes	4,344,365	(4,383,934)	(39,569)
Balance - September 30, 2023	\$ 117,782,647	<u>\$ (80,353,567</u>)	\$ 37,429,080

Effective September 30, 2023 the investment return assumption decreased from 6.40% to 6.20%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY – FIREFIGHTERS

The components of the net pension liability at September 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Total Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension
Description	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$ 121,163,900	<u>\$ (74,060,646)</u>	\$ 47,103,254
Changes due to:			
Service cost	1,560,654		1,560,654
Interest on total pension liability	7,538,865		7,538,865
Benefit changes			
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	(19,963)		(19,963)
Assumption changes	2,898,399		2,898,399
Benefit payments	(8,293,200)	8,293,200	
Refunds	(5,734)	5,734	
Employer contributions		(6,423,324)	(6,423,324)
Employee contributions		(557,473)	(557,473)
Investment income		(6,639,878)	(6,639,878)
Investment expense		194,767	194,767
Administrative expense		120,169	120,169
Total changes	3,679,021	(5,006,805)	(1,327,784)
Balance - September 30, 2023	\$ 124,842,921	<u>\$ (79,067,451)</u>	\$ 45,775,470

Effective September 30, 2023 the investment return assumption decreased from 6.40% to 6.20%.

DISCOUNT RATE

A single discount rate of 6.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Town calculated using the single discount rate of 6.20% as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	 (5.20%)	R	late (6.20%)	(7.20%)
General employees and lifeguards	\$ 59,251,700	\$	43,176,312	\$ 29,753,017
Police Officers	51,888,456		37,429,080	25,535,761
Firefighters	 62,243,066		45,775,470	32,380,323
Net Pension Liability of the Town	\$ 173,383,222	\$	126,380,862	\$ 87,669,101

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND PENSION EXPENSES

General Employees and Lifeguards

At September 30, 2023, the Town reported a net pension liability of \$43,176,312 for the general employees and lifeguards. The liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND PENSION EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

General Employees and Lifeguards (continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized a pension expense of \$3,037,505 for the general employees and lifeguards. In addition, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the general employees and lifeguards from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
Description	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience			
on liabilities	\$	\$ (1,717,758)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	4,751,177		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investment	7,911,304		
Total	\$ 12,662,481	<u>\$ (1,717,758)</u>	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
September 30	Amount
2024	\$ 3,617,889
2025	2,834,998
2026	4,804,003
2027	(312,167)
Total	\$ 10,944,723

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND PENSION EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

Police Officers

At September 30, 2023, the Town reported a net pension liability of \$37,429,080 for the police officers. The liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized a pension expense of \$2,269,343 for the police officers. In addition, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the police officers from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Description				
Differences between expected and actual experience				
on liabilities	\$	1,059,327	\$	(137,578)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		3,536,370		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investment		6,900,050		
Total	\$	11,495,747	\$	(137,578)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
September 30	Amount
2024	\$ 3,793,423
2025	3,203,936
2026	4,711,381
2027	(350,571)
Total	<u>\$ 11,358,169</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND PENSION EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

Firefighters

At September 30, 2023, the Town reported a net pension liability of \$45,775,470 for the firefighters. The liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 the Town recognized a pension expense of \$1,574,680 for the firefighters. In addition, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the firefighters from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
Description	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience				
on liabilities	\$	8,918	\$	(227,945)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		4,298,029		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investment		6,903,029		
Total	\$	11,209,976	\$	(227,945)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
September 30	Amount
2024	\$ 3,763,989
2025	2,875,427
2026	4,514,688
2027	(172,073)
Total	<u>\$ 10,982,031</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

SIGNIFICANT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date:	September 30, 2022
Measurement date:	September 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal
Single discount rate:	6.20%
Investment rate of return:	6.20%
General inflation:	2.25%
Salary increases – General:	5.5% including inflation
Salary increases – Police:	6.0% including inflation
Salary increases – Firefighters:	6.0% including inflation
Mortality:	The mortality tables used are the

The mortality tables used are the same as those used for the July 1, 2021 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Florida Retirement System. These tables are based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018.

Effective as of September 30, 2023, the investment return assumption was lowered from 6.40% to 6.20%. The impact of this assumption change is disclosed in the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Exhibit of this report.

Other Information:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS RETIREMENT PLAN

PLAN DESCRIPTION

Effective November 1, 2017, the Town established the Preservation of Benefits Retirement Plan (the "POB"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan to provide payment of retirement income that would have been available to retired Town employees and their beneficiaries if the benefit provisions of the Town of Palm Beach Retirement Plan were to apply without the limitation in Section 415(b) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC"). Benefits are retroactive to the original entrance date to the Town of Palm Beach Retirement Plan.

The POB has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 73, paragraph 4.

As of September 30, 2022, membership of the POB consisted of the following:

Retirees receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	
Total	2

ELIGIBILITY

A member of the Town of Palm Beach Retirement Plan who retires or enters the DROP on or after July 1, 2014 and before November 1, 2017, and the beneficiaries of such member, shall participate in the POB whenever his or her benefit under the Town of Palm Beach Retirement Plan is reduced by application of Section 415(b) of the IRC. Participation in the POB shall continue for as long as the member's benefit under the Town of Palm Beach Retirement Plan is reduced by application of Section 415(b) of the IRC.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The POB shall be unfunded and unsecured within the meaning of the federal tax laws. No member contributions or deferrals, direct or indirect, by election or otherwise shall be made or allowed under the POB.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

ADMINISTRATION

The POB shall be administered by the Town. Benefits due under the POB as determined by the Deputy Town Manager, Finance and Administration, shall be paid timely by the Town. The Deputy Town Manager, Finance and Administration, may make modifications to the benefits payable under the POB as may be necessary to maintain compliance with Section 415(m) and other relevant sections of the IRC.

PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE (INCOME), AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

As of September 30, 2023, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$1,346,341 for the POB. The total pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 based on a September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then "rolled forward" to the measurement date utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense (income) of \$(353,825). As of September 30, 2023, the Town did not report any deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to the POB.

TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY

The components of the total pension liability at September 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Total
		Pension
Preservation of Benefits Retirement Plan	<u> </u>	Liability
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$	1,700,166
Changes due to:		
Service cost		
Interest on total pension liability		74,622
Benefit changes		
Difference between expected and actual experience		(386,854)
Assumption changes		(33,186)
Benefit payments		(8,407)
Total changes		(353,825)
Balance - September 30, 2023	\$	1,346,341

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following table presents the total pension liability of the Town calculated using a single discount rate of 4.63% as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Current							
	1%	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase			
		3.63%		4.63%		5.63%		
Total Pension Liability	\$	1,500,450	\$	1,346,341	\$	1,215,677		

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND OTHER INPUTS

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Valuation date:	September 30, 2022
Measurement date:	September 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal
Inflation:	2.0%. The inflation rate was used for the assumed future annual increase in the Internal Revenue Code Section 415(b) dollar limit.
Salary increase rate:	N/A
Discount rate:	4.63%
Retirement rate:	N/A
Mortality:	The mortality tables used are the same as those used in the July 1, 2021 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Florida Retirement System for other than special risk members (General) and special risk members (Police). These tables are based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE (CONTINUED)

The discount rate was determined from Fidelity's 20-Year Municipal General Obligation AA Index as of September 29, 2023. This is the rate for Fidelity's Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the municipal curves are constructed using option adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.

The discount rate was changed from 4.40% as of September 30, 2022 to 4.63% as of September 30, 2023 based on the long-term municipal bond rate.

NOTE 11 – SUMMARY OF PENSION DATA

The following table provides a summary of significant information related to defined benefit pension plans for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

	1	General Employees & Lifeguards	Police Officers	Firefighters	 reservation of Benefits Plan	Totals
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	92,561,570	\$ 80,353,567	\$ 79,067,451	\$ 	\$ 251,982,588
Total pension liability		135,737,882	117,782,647	124,842,921	1,346,341	379,709,791
Net pension liability		43,176,312	37,429,080	45,775,470	1,346,341	127,727,203
Plan of fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		68.19%	68.22%	63.33%	0.00%	66.36%
Covered payroll		11,793,808	5,026,795	6,056,756	N/A	22,877,359
Net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll		366.09%	744.59%	755.78%	N/A	558.31%
Deferred outflows of resources		12,662,481	11,495,747	11,209,976		35,368,204
Deferred inflows of resources		1,717,758	137,578	227,945		2,083,281
Pension expense (income)		3,037,505	2,269,343	1,574,680	(353,825)	6,527,703

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 12 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The Town established the Town of Palm Beach Defined Contribution Retirement Plan in the form of the ICMA Retirement Corporation Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust effective May 1, 2012 to provide benefits at retirement to the Town's employees. The Plan is a single-employer defined contribution pension plan administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan plus investment earnings.

The Plan covers all employees working in excess of 1,850 hours per year. Police officers and non–union firefighters, hired before May 1, 1992, were required to make mandatory pre-tax contributions equal to 2% of covered compensation until September 30, 2016. Union firefighters hired before May 1, 1992 were required to make mandatory pre-tax contributions equal to 2% of covered compensation until August 11, 2017.

General employees and lifeguards were required to make mandatory pre-tax contributions of 4% of covered compensation until April 30, 2017. Thereafter they are required to make mandatory pre-tax contributions of 3% of covered compensation. The Town is required to match mandatory contributions. Covered compensation includes base pay (inclusive of all leave time) but excludes overtime and bonuses. General employees and lifeguards are allowed to make voluntary contributions up to the maximum allowable under IRS Regulations. The Town is required to match up to 2% for voluntary contributions. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$560,855 for the defined contribution plan, which included forfeitures of \$0. At September 30, 2023, the Town reported a payable in the amount of \$138,839 for outstanding contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

The Town does not hold or administer resources of the Plan. Consequently, the Plan does not meet the requirements for inclusion in the Town's financial statements as a fiduciary fund. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the Town Council.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The OPEB Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that is administered by the Town and covers retired employees of the Town and their dependents. The Town Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate, publicly available financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Plan provides for the payment of a portion of the health insurance premiums for eligible retired employees.

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

A summary of employees or beneficiaries covered by the Plan as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Active employees	321
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	222
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	
Total Plan Participants	543

CONTRIBUTIONS

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town Council. These contributions are neither mandated nor guaranteed. The Town has retained the right to unilaterally modify its payment for retiree health care benefits. Plan members receiving benefits contribute a percentage of the monthly insurance premium. Prior to January 1, 2010, retiree contributions were 50% of the actuarial premium. Effective January 1, 2010, the retiree contributions were changed to a sliding scale under which the retiree contribution varies depending on years of service and pension benefit. The retiree contributions vary from a minimum of 50% of the actuarial premium to the maximum amount allowed under Florida Statute 112.08.

The State of Florida prohibits the Town from separately rating retirees and active employees. The Town therefore charges both groups an equal, blended rate premium. Although both groups are charged the same blended rate premium, GAAP requires the actuarial figures to be calculated using age adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separate from active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the addition of an implicit rate subsidy into the actuarial accrued liability. However, the Town has elected to contribute to the Plan at a rate that is based on an actuarial valuation prepared using the blended rate premium that is actually charged to the Plan. The Plan recognized contributions of \$331,217 from the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate of 5.0% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 are summarized in the table below.

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Domestic equity funds	40.0%	7.50%
International equity funds	10.0%	8.50%
Domestic fixed income funds	32.0%	2.50%
Real estate funds	10.0%	4.50%
Alternative assets	8.0%	5.54%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

RATE OF RETURN

The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Inputs to the dollar-weighted rate of return valuation are determined on a monthly basis. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of investment expenses was 8.93%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND OTHER INPUTS

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Valuation date:	September 30, 2022
Measurement date:	September 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal
Single discount rate:	5.0%
Participation of future retirees:	100% medical, 60% life insurance
Participation of future spouses:	100%
Health care cost trend rates:	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 7.50% on $10/1/2023$, followed by 6.50% on $10/1/2024$ and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.00%.
Mortality:	Rates of mortality are the same as used in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. These rates were taken from the adjusted PUB-2010 mortality tables published by the Society of Actuaries with generational mortality using Scale MP-2018. Adjustment to referenced tables are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering the period 2013 through 2018.
Retiree benefits:	Under age 65 retirees can elect either the PPO, POS, or HMO plan. Medicare eligible retirees can elect either the PPO or POS plan. Retirees are eligible for dental coverage. Retirees have the option of purchasing a term-life policy in the amount of \$10,000 at the rate of \$8.56 per month for coverage. Benefits are for the lifetime of the retiree and surviving spouse.
Aging factors:	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death"

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) as of September 30, 2023 were as follows:

				Net
	Total	Fiduciary		OPEB
	OPEB	Net]	Liability
	 Liability	Position	(Asset)	
Balance - September 30, 2022	\$ 31,068,482	\$ (34,407,603)	5	(3,339,119)
Changes due to:				
Service cost	1,435,321			1,435,321
Interest on total OPEB liability	1,606,440			1,606,440
Benefit changes				
Difference between expected and actual experience				
Assumption changes				
Benefit payments	(750,029)	750,029		
Employer contributions		(331,217)		(331,217)
Net investment income		(3,071,072)		(3,071,072)
Administrative expense		174,203		174,203
Total changes	 2,291,732	 (2,478,057)		(186,325)
Balance - September 30, 2023	\$ 33,360,214	\$ (36,885,660)	5	(3,525,444)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Town calculated using the single discount rate of 5.0% as well as what the Town net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Current						
	1%	6 Decrease	iscount Rate	1	1% Increase		
		4.0%	5.0%			6.0%	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,645,454	\$	(3,525,444)	\$	(7,737,117)	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) TO CHANGES IN THE HEALTHCARE TREND RATES

The following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Town calculated using the current healthcare costs trend rates used in the most recent funding valuation as well as what the Town net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare costs trends that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates.

		Current					
	1% Decrease		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(8,212,757)	\$	(3,525,444)	\$	2,421,693	

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND OPEB EXPENSE

At September 30, 2023, the Town reported a net OPEB asset of \$3,525,444. The asset was measured as of September 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized an OPEB expense of \$908,623. In addition, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
Description	of Resources		of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	(3,463,162)	
Assumption changes	5,4	14,035		(3,237,978)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on OPEB plan investments	1,5	91,887			
Total	\$ 7,0	05,922	\$	(6,701,140)	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND OPEB EXPENSE (INCOME) (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred outflow and inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense (income) as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Amount
2024	\$ (467,470)
2025	(616,678)
2026	962,482
2027	246,272
2028	180,176
Total	\$ 304,782

PAYABLE TO THE OPEB PLAN

At September 30, 2023, the Town had no payables for outstanding contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The OPEB Trust Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The Trust Fund's financial statements are presented below.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2023

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		11,495
Investments		
Short-term investment fund		716,056
Fixed income securities		12,299,746
Domestic equity funds		18,417,516
International equity funds		1,348,382
Private equity funds		571,827
Real estate funds		3,969,079
Total Assets		37,334,101
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		439,850
Due to brokers		8,591
Total Liabilities		448,441
Net Position Restricted for Retiree Health Benefits	\$	36,885,660

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 331,217
Employee	1,051,446
Other	117,318
Total contributions	1,499,981
Investment income	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	2,673,671
Interest and dividends	513,581
Total investment income	3,187,252
Less investment expense	(147,816)
Net investment income	3,039,436
Total Additions	4,539,417
Deductions	
Benefit payments	1,931,188
Administrative expenses	129,615
Other	557
Total Deductions	2,061,360
Change in Net Position	2,478,057
Net Position Restricted for Retiree Health Benefits - Beginning of Year	34,407,603
Net Position Restricted for Retiree Health Benefits -	
End of Year	\$ 36,885,660

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 14 – INSURANCE PROGRAM

The Town retains the risk of loss for certain claims related to general liability and property risks, group accident and health, and workers' compensation. These insurance activities are accounted for in the Internal Service Funds. The Internal Service Funds charge departments of the Town for insurance coverage based upon historical claims experience, insurance costs and relative share of total risk. A claims liability of approximately \$2,017,000 is included in accrued liabilities of the Internal Service Funds at September 30, 2023. This liability is based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be accrued if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, the accrued liability for claims includes the estimated future liability on a case-by-case basis for all reported claims and an amount for claims incurred but not reported. The accrued claims liabilities at September 30, 2023 were determined by actuarial valuations performed by Wakely Consulting Group, LLC for group health and Glicksman Consulting, LLC for general liability, workers' compensation, and property.

The Town's insurance program covers most risks insured by public entities. There are exposures to the Town that are either uninsured or uninsurable that pose a financial risk to the Town. The exposures consist of, but are not limited to, street lights, traffic lights, signs, roads, sidewalks, underground storm and sanitary sewers, seawalls, bulkheads, piling, docks, statues, living wall, clock tower, mold, beaches, shrubs, plants, acts of terrorism, and debris left from hurricanes. There is also a 5% deductible for named wind storms under the Town's property coverage which is not included in the 75% confidence level provided by the outside actuarial firm. Settled claims have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three years.

The Town is a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. In the opinion of Town management, all such matters are adequately covered by claim reserves under its insurance program or if not covered, are without merit or involve such minimal amounts that an unfavorable disposition would not have a material effect on the Town's financial position.

The insurance coverage and accrued claims liability of the Internal Service Funds at September 30, 2023 are summarized below and on the following pages.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 14 – INSURANCE PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

GROUP ACCIDENT AND HEALTH

Certain employees and retirees of the Town contribute through payroll deductions or deductions from pension payments to the cost of group benefits. The remainder of the necessary funding is contributed by the Town based on an actuarially determined amount. As of September 30, 2023, these benefits covered 293 active employees, 125 retirees, 0 COBRA, and 471 dependents. The Town retains the risk of loss up to \$125,000 per occurrence. Insurance coverage for claims in excess of these specific limits has been obtained from a commercial carrier. The Town makes available certain health insurance benefits for its retired employees and their dependents in accordance with State Statute. Retiree health care benefits are accounted for in the Town's OPEB plan.

OTHER LIABILITIES

The Town retains the risk of loss for most exposures as follows:

- Property Liability \$25,000 deductible per occurrence plus a 5% deductible per insured location for a "named" windstorm.
- General Liability \$500,000 per occurrence.
- Law Enforcement Liability \$100,000 per occurrence.
- Public Officials Liability \$200,000 per occurrence.
- Employment Practices Liability \$200,000 per occurrence.
- Automobile Liability \$100,000 per occurrence.
- Workers' Compensation \$500,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Cyber Liability \$25,000 per occurrence.
- An aggregate retention (loss fund) of \$1,100,000 is established each fiscal year for this purpose. The loss fund does not include property, wind, hailstorm, flood, or any uninsured or uninsurable asset.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 14 – INSURANCE PROGRAM (CONTINUED)

OTHER LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Excess liability coverage is maintained above the Town's retained risk of loss with commercial carriers as follows:

- Property Liability \$40,893,204 for buildings and contents.
- General Liability \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$10,000,000 aggregate.
- Law Enforcement Liability \$5,000,000 per occurrence \$10,000,000 aggregate.
- Public Officials Liability \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 aggregate.
- Employment Practices Liability \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 aggregate.
- Automobile Liability \$5,000,000 per occurrence with no aggregate.
- Workers' Compensation statutory.
- Cyber Liability \$1,000,000 per occurrence with no aggregate.

Florida Statutes limit the Town's maximum loss for most liability claims to \$200,000 per person and \$300,000 per occurrence under the doctrine of sovereign immunity. However, under certain circumstances a plaintiff can seek to recover damages in excess of statutory limits by introducing a claims bill to the Florida Legislature. The limits addressed in the Florida Statutes do not apply to claims filed in Federal Courts.

The claims activity for the last two fiscal years is summarized as follows:

	Year Ended Year Ended
	September 30, September 30,
	2023 2022
Accrued claims liability at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 1,880,306 \$ 1,963,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	5,680,411 5,196,558
Claim payments	(5,543,525) (5,279,252)
Accrued Claims Liability at End of Fiscal Year	\$ 2,017,192 \$ 1,880,306

The accrued claims liability at September 30, 2023 consisted of \$446,576 for group health and accident claims and \$1,570,616 for other claims.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 15 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

The Town has various long-term contractual obligations for construction projects on which work has not been completed. The remaining commitments on these obligations were \$45,940,988 at September 30, 2023.

GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies, principally the Federal government and State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already received, might constitute a liability of the Town for the return of those funds.

ENCUMBRANCES

At September 30, 2023, the following amounts were encumbered in the governmental funds:

Major Funds	
General Fund	\$ 1,291,599
Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund	32,182,168
Capital Improvement Fund	17,917,718
Beach Restoration Project Fund	1,783,427
Total Major Funds	53,174,912
Non-Major Governmental Funds	117,466
Total Encumbrances	<u>\$ 53,292,378</u>

CONTINGENCY

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of such litigation is not presently determinable, management does not believe the settlement of these matters will have a material effect upon the financial condition or results of operations of the affected funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 16 – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Town currently operates two vegetative waste landfill sites, one on Skees Road and another on Okeechobee Boulevard. State and federal laws and regulations require that the Town place a final cover on these landfill sites when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at these sites for a minimum of thirty years after closure. Although the majority of closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the operating landfills stop accepting waste, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, *Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs*, the Town reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense each fiscal year based on the landfill capacity used during the period.

As of September 30, 2023, the estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs were \$2,398,730 for the Skees Road site and \$6,964,487 for the Okeechobee Boulevard site for a total of \$9,363,217. This represents the cumulative amounts reported to date based on the use of 66.54% of the estimated capacity of the Skees Road site and 94.80% of the Okeechobee Boulevard site. The total liability is reported in the Governmental Activities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The Town will recognize the remaining estimated costs of closure and post-closure care of \$1,206,395 for the Skees Road Site and \$382,018 for the Okeechobee Boulevard site as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The landfills have remaining estimated lives of 37 years and 11 years for the Skees Road site and Okeechobee Boulevard site, respectively.

The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post closure care is \$3,605,124 for the Skees Road site and \$7,346,505 for the Okeechobee Boulevard site for a total of \$10,951,629. This is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfills were acquired as of September 30, 2023. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

In accordance with Rule 62-701.630, Florida Administrative Code, the Town is required to prepare and submit alternate proof of financial assurance to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection on an annual basis showing that the Town has sufficient financial resources to cover, at a minimum, the costs of complying with all state landfill closing and long-term care requirements. The Town is in compliance with this requirement.

NOTE 17 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCES OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2023, the Special Assessment Maintenance Fund had an unassigned fund balance deficit in the amount of \$603,409. The deficit is caused by expenditures for special assessment projects incurred prior to the collection of the assessments.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

							ariance with inal Budget -
	 Budgeted	Am		_		Positive	
D	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues							
Taxes: Ad valorem	\$ 65,419,700	\$	65,419,700	\$	66,331,261	\$	911,561
Local option gas tax	\$ 337,100	Ф	337,100	Ф	356,093	Φ	18,993
Franchise fees	2,255,000		2,255,000		2,901,197		646,197
Utility service	6,335,000		6,335,000		6,716,048		381,048
Business tax receipts	 860,000		860,000		916,897		56,897
Total taxes	 75,206,800		75,206,800		77,221,496		2,014,696
Fees and permits:							
Building permits	1,021,000		1,021,000		1,197,003		176,003
Fees and other permits	 918,400		918,400		1,134,089		215,689
Total fees and permits	 1,939,400		1,939,400		2,331,092		391,692
Intergovernmental:							
State shared revenue	1,120,000		1,120,000		1,438,598		318,598
Shared revenue - local	 17,500		17,500		27,248		9,748
Total intergovernmental	 1,137,500		1,137,500		1,465,846		328,346
Charges for services:							
General government	106,000		106,000		93,761		(12,239)
Public safety	2,258,500		2,258,500		3,187,186		928,686
Physical environment	1,157,500		1,157,500		1,260,353		102,853
Transportation	3,231,000		3,231,000		3,292,126		61,126
Culture and recreation	 1,070,200		1,070,200		1,332,653		262,453
Total charges for services	 7,823,200		7,823,200		9,166,079		1,342,879
Fines and forfeiture	 943,200		943,200		3,214,593		2,271,393
Investment earnings	 213,217		213,217		2,839,898		2,626,681
Grant revenue	 43,500		43,500		21,824		(21,676)
Miscellaneous:							
Rents and royalties	72,700		72,700		93,890		21,190
Other miscellaneous	 218,000		218,000		891,251		673,251
Total miscellaneous	 290,700		290,700		985,141		694,441
Total Revenues	\$ 87,597,517	\$	87,597,517	\$	97,245,969	\$	9,648,452

(Continued)

See notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				ariance with inal Budget - Positive
		Original		Final	-	Actual		(Negative)
Expenditures								
General government:	¢	2 (40 521	¢	2 (70 102	¢	2 1 49 521	¢	(4(0,220))
Town manager Human resources	\$	2,649,531 849,064	\$	2,679,192 850,829	\$	3,148,521 782,920	\$	(469,329) 67,909
Information systems		3,844,619		4,088,674		3,929,873		158,801
Town clerk		448,179		448,179		316,636		131,543
Finance		2,000,157		2,008,672		1,927,843		80,829
Planning, zoning and building		900,812		3,737,918		2,071,880		1,666,038
Permit issuance Employee benefits		331,217		331,217		331,217		
Total general government		11,023,579		14,144,681		12,508,890		1,635,791
Public safety:								
Inspection and compliance		340,934		340,934		349,610		(8,676)
Fire-rescue		16,550,957		16,555,117		16,512,612		42,505
Police		18,521,887		18,590,306		18,277,581		312,725
Emergency/disaster response						7,243		(7,243)
Total public safety		35,413,778		35,486,357		35,147,046		339,311
Physical environment:								
Administration		918,939		920,478		932,437		(11,959)
Sewer and sanitation		11,421,890		11,510,771		11,133,267		377,504
Public works		3,514,481		3,448,401		3,331,505		116,896
Total physical environment		15,855,310		15,879,650		15,397,209		482,441
Transportation:								
Streets and repairs		562,430		565,562		541,581		23,981
Traffic control		834,551		906,892		831,255		75,637
Total transportation		1,396,981		1,472,454		1,372,836		99,618
Culture and recreation:								
Recreation		2,267,088		2,317,531		2,130,708		186,823
Library Parks and beaches		374,127 2,059,435		374,127 2,137,522		374,127 2,215,189		(77,667)
Total culture and recreation		4,700,650		4,829,180		4,720,024		109,156
Non-departmental		8,294,106		8,082,106		7,695,545		386,561
Debt service:								
Principal						154,373		(154,373)
Interest						269		(269)
Total debt service			_		_	154,642		(154,642)
Total Expenditures	\$	76,684,404	\$	79,894,428	\$	76,996,192	\$	2,898,236

(Continued)

See notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	 Budgeted Original	Ar	nounts Final	<u>.</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Lease (right-of-use asset) acquired	\$ 	\$		\$	354,336	\$ 354,336
Transfers in	6,164,921		6,164,921		6,164,921	
Transfers out	(20,507,534)		(20,507,534)		(20,507,534)	
Appropriation of prior year's fund balance	 3,429,500		6,639,524	-		 (6,639,524)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (10,913,113)		(7,703,089)		(13,988,277)	 (6,285,188)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 	\$			6,261,500	\$ 6,261,500
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					37,992,781	
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$	44,254,281	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TOWNWIDE UNDERGROUNDING ASSESSMENT FUND

	Budgetee	1 Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				· • · ·
Investment earnings	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,718,175	\$ 1,618,175
Grant revenue			3,091,946	3,091,946
Special assessments	3,850,000	3,850,000	3,499,482	(350,518)
Miscellaneous	224,900	224,900	189,464	(35,436)
Total Revenues	4,174,900	4,174,900	8,499,067	4,324,167
Expenditures Current:				
Physical environment	30,152,366	30,152,366	23,094,137	7,058,229
Total current	30,152,366	30,152,366	23,094,137	7,058,229
Debt service:				
Principal	1,370,000	1,370,000	1,370,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,478,755	2,478,755	2,480,655	(1,900)
Total debt service	3,848,755	3,848,755	3,850,655	(1,900)
Total Expenditures	34,001,121	34,001,121	26,944,792	7,056,329
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	3,291,116	3,291,116	3,291,116	
Appropriation of prior year's fund balance	18,035,105	18,035,105		(18,035,105)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	21,326,221	21,326,221	3,291,116	(18,035,105)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Under Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	<u>\$ (8,500,000)</u>	\$ (8,500,000)	(15,154,609)	\$ (6,654,609)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			46,759,918	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 31,605,309	

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

BUDGETS

Budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund, all Debt Service Funds, and all Capital Projects Funds. Special Revenue Funds are not budgeted because they are not legally required to do so, except for the Townwide Undergrounding Assessment Fund which the Town has elected to budget. All governmental fund budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Formal budgetary integration is employed within the accounting system as a management control device. Appropriations are legally controlled at the fund level and expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at that level.

Under the Laws of the State of Florida and the Town Code, the Town Manager submits to the Mayor and Town Council, prior to July 31st, a proposed Annual Budget and Financial Plan for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The Annual Budget and Financial Plan is prepared by fund, function and activity and includes all proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to October 1st, the budget is legally enacted by the Town Council through passage of an ordinance.

Changes or amendments to increase or decrease the total amount of budgeted revenue or expenditures for a given fund must be approved by a majority vote of the Town Council; however, changes, amendments or transfers within the total revenue or expenditures for functions, activities or departments of a given fund may be approved by the Town Manager.

The general fund had supplemental appropriations in the amount of \$3,210,024 for the fiscal year 2023.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget based on legally authorized revisions to the original budgets during the year. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end.

ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control. Encumbrances lapse at year end and become obligations of the subsequent year's budget. At September 30, 2022, the Town had commitments related to unperformed contracts, which have been re-appropriated in the 2022-2023 annual budget. These amounts are not included in the current year's expenditures as reported in these financial statements. The amended budget at September 30, 2023, includes \$6,639,524 of prior year encumbrances that were re-appropriated.

TOWN OF PALM BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISONS

A budgetary comparison schedule is required to be presented for the General Fund and each budgeted special revenue fund. For the year ended September 30, 2023, no funds had an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS RETIREMENT PLAN

Measurement Date, September 30,	2	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability											
Service cost	\$	1,453,713	\$ 1,213,920	\$ 1,133,679	\$ 1,080,087	\$ 913,152	\$ 977,761	\$ 750,112	\$ 636,740	\$ 739,734	\$ 733,095
Interest on the total pension liability	5	8,305,645	8,345,764	8,335,237	8,516,974	8,246,713	8,198,739	7,948,875	7,664,270	7,096,090	7,058,622
Benefit changes								1,932,700		39,572	
Difference between expected and											
actual experience	· · · ·	1,676,295)	(500,495)	(4,553)	(1,066,898)	842,186	(222,903)	529,542	961,731	499,433	
Assumption changes		2,878,010	2,791,907	2,709,676	1,649,212	2,427,319	1,280,204	1,253,789	2,296,388	7,152,240	
Benefit payments Refunds	(3	8,501,770)	(8,715,089)	(7,881,960)	(7,169,660)	(6,890,890)	(8,931,671)	(6,243,450)	(6,476,789)	(9,215,159)	(5,289,162)
Relunds		(42,290)	(33,384)	(49,981)	(71,470)	(54,245)	(73,812)	(20,235)	(37,241)	(70,488)	(16,118)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2	2,417,013	3,102,623	4,242,098	2,938,245	5,484,235	1,228,318	6,151,333	5,045,099	6,241,422	2,486,437
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	133	3,320,869	130,218,246	125,976,148	123,037,903	117,553,668	116,325,350	110,174,017	105,128,918	98,887,496	91,884,309
Prior Period Adjustment											4,516,750
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 13	5,737,882	\$133,320,869	\$130,218,246	\$125,976,148	\$123,037,903	\$117,553,668	\$116,325,350	\$110,174,017	\$105,128,918	\$98,887,496
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Employer contributions	\$:	5,527,967	5,688,466	5,489,209	5,240,710	6,256,450	4,582,576	3,531,685	2,210,609	2,008,406	2,018,621
Employee contributions		451,792	402,072	367,687	359,848	362,987	391,275	332,457	289,317	282,284	289,425
Pension plan investment income (loss)	5	8,031,274	(16,797,486)	19,486,420	5,241,399	4,052,639	6,397,527	8,813,057	5,708,914	(3,076,859)	5,799,299
Investment expense		(235,580)	(240,827)	(264,572)	(217,734)	(247,244)	(232,883)	(198,929)	(223,064)	(241,461)	(243,389)
Benefit payments	(8	8,501,770)	(8,715,089)	(7,881,960)	(7,169,660)	(6,890,890)	(8,931,671)	(6,243,450)	(6,476,789)	(9,215,159)	(5,289,162)
Refunds		(42,290)	(33,384)	(49,981)	(71,470)	(54,244)	(73,812)	(20,235)	(37,241)	(70,488)	(16,118)
Pension plan administrative expense		(145,351)	(129,788)	(125,205)	(145,095)	(174,965)	(159,813)	(166,261)	(175,570)	(175,900)	(162,070)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	:	5,086,042	(19,826,036)	17,021,598	3,237,998	3,304,733	1,973,199	6,048,324	1,296,176	(10,489,177)	2,396,606
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	8	7,475,528	107,301,564	90,279,966	87,041,968	83,737,235	81,764,036	75,715,712	74,419,536	84,908,713	77,995,357
Prior Period Adjustment											4,516,750
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 92</u>	2,561,570	\$ 87,475,528	\$107,301,564	<u>\$ 90,279,966</u>	\$ 87,041,968	\$ 83,737,235	\$ 81,764,036	\$ 75,715,712	\$ 74,419,536	\$84,908,713
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 43</u>	3,176,312	\$ 45,845,341	\$ 22,916,682	\$ 35,696,182	\$ 35,995,935	\$ 33,816,433	\$ 34,561,314	\$ 34,458,305	\$ 30,709,382	\$13,978,783
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		68.19%	65.61%	82.40%	71.66%	70.74%	71.23%	70.29%	68.72%	70.79%	85.86%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1	1,793,808	\$ 10,422,675	\$ 10,158,087	\$ 10,109,445	\$ 10,499,412	\$ 11,086,494	\$ 10,714,252	\$ 9,856,405	\$ 10,075,310	\$ 9,689,419
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		366.09%	439.86%	225.60%	353.10%	342.84%	305.02%	322.57%	349.60%	304.80%	144.27%

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Changes in Assumptions

In 2015 the assumed life expectancies increased substantially based on an experience study for the period from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. Effective September 30, 2016, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.50% to 7.40% and the mortality table was updated from the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females projected to 2017 using Projection Scale MP-2014 to the same tables used in the Florida Retirement System actuarial valuation. These tables are based on the RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white and blue collar adjustments and with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years using Scale BB. The results for 2016 also reflect the impact of Ordinance 12-2016. Effective September 30, 2017, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.40% to 7.30% to 7.30% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.00%. The results for 2017 also reflect the impact of Ordinance No. 07-2017 as measured in the Actuarial Impact Statement dated August 4, 2017. Effective September 30, 2018, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.30% to 7.20% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%. Effective September 30, 2019, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.20% to 7.10% and the salary increase assumption increased to 5.5%. Effective as of September 30, 2012, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.20% to 7.10% and the salary increase assumption increased to 5.5%. Effective as of September 30, 2021, the investment return assumption was lowered from 6.80% to 6.60% and the assumed Town Manager DROP participation period (for purposes of projecting the applicable IRC Section 415 limit was lowered from 6.40% to 6.20%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS GENERAL EMPLOYEES AND LIFEGUARDS RETIREMENT PLAN

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2023	\$ 3,676,825	\$ 5,527,967	\$ (1,851,142)	\$ 11,793,808	46.87%
2022	3,832,117	5,688,466	(1,856,349)	10,422,675	54.58%
2021	3,776,151	5,489,209	(1,713,058)	10,158,087	54.04%
2020	3,487,055	5,240,710	(1,753,655)	10,109,445	51.84%
2019	3,122,468	6,256,450	(3,133,982)	10,499,412	59.59%
2018	3,063,127	4,582,576	(1,519,449)	11,086,494	41.33%
2017	2,578,403	3,531,685	(953,282)	10,714,252	32.96%
2016	2,066,276	2,210,609	(144,333)	9,856,405	22.43%
2015	2,013,723	2,008,406	5,317	10,075,310	19.93%
2014	1,994,388	2,018,621	(24,233)	9,698,419	20.81%

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Notes to the schedule

Significant methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which contributions are reported.

Valuation date:	September 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Amortization method	Level percent-of-payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	10-20 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market
General inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	5.50% including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.60%
Retirement age	Age-based tables of rates specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	The mortality tables used are the same as those used in the July 1, 2020 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for Regular (other than K-12 School Instructional Personnel) members (General) and Special Risk members (Ocean Rescue). These tables are based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010
Other Information:	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Members who retire after 09/30/68 and prior to 10/01/90 receive an annual 1.0% increase computed on the base benefit. Members who retire after 09/30/90 will be increased 2.0% annually based on total pension after a 3-year deferral period. Benefits accrued after 04/30/12 are not adjusted for those not eligible for normal retirement at 05/01/12. Other adjustments have been made periodically.

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT PLAN

Measurement Date, September 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 1,284,052	\$ 1,083,302	\$ 950,293	\$ 919,349	\$ 585,084	\$ 643,300	\$ 571,802	\$ 229,514	\$ 274,361	\$ 311,681
Interest on the total pension liability	7,058,735	7,014,676	7,063,366	7,278,642	7,149,681	7,014,540	6,940,855	6,571,902	6,343,197	6,321,297
Benefit changes					145,828			1,149,473	83,392	
Difference between expected and										
actual experience	1,013,858	613,600	(596,176)	(11,374)	(343,932)	(95,342)	(978,835)	489,883	637,285	
Assumption changes	2,562,865	2,443,113	1,837,268	(421,043)	1,314,379	1,137,472	1,110,893	3,077,576	2,464,150	
Benefit payments	(7,525,118)	(6,881,847)	(6,817,590)	(5,910,802)	(5,595,110)	(5,223,687)	(5,509,488)	(5,492,306)	(7,918,798)	(4,690,744)
Refunds	(50,027)	(33,623)	(89,548)	(30,276)	(70,225)	(29,648)	(9,583)	(27,651)	(22,377)	(12,726)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,344,365	4,239,221	2,347,613	1,824,496	3,185,705	3,446,635	2,125,644	5,998,391	1,861,210	1,929,508
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	113,438,282	109,199,061	106,851,448	105,026,952	101,841,247	98,394,612	96,268,968	90,270,577	88,409,367	82,415,628
Prior Period Adjustment										4,064,231
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$117,782,647	\$113,438,282	\$109,199,061	<u>\$106,851,448</u>	\$105,026,952	\$101,841,247	\$98,394,612	\$96,268,968	\$90,270,577	\$88,409,367
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Employer contributions	\$ 4,925,952	5,016,198	5,161,524	4,884,745	5,800,452	4,214,624	3,747,478	2,306,795	2,144,662	1,979,219
Employee contributions	459,543	409,443	377,048	360,556	415,736	388,770	368,777	122,231	98,530	108,250
Pension plan investment income (loss)	6,900,900	(14,433,295)	16,668,477	4,445,485	3,397,864	5,127,108	7,060,834	4,574,146	(2,464,621)	4,966,209
Investment expense	(202,423)	(206,931)	(226,312)	(184,670)	(207,297)	(186,638)	(159,377)	(178,714)	(193,415)	(193,228)
Benefit payments	(7,525,118)	(6,881,847)	(6,817,590)	(5,910,802)	(5,595,110)	(5,223,687)	(5,509,488)	(5,492,306)	(7,918,798)	(4,690,744)
Refunds	(50,027)		(89,548)	(30,276)	(70,225)	· · · ·	(9,583)	(27,651)	(22,377)	(12,726)
Pension plan administrative expense	(124,893)	(111,521)	(107,100)	(123,062)	(146,696)	(128,077)	(133,206)	(140,951)	(140,899)	(128,668)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,383,934	(16,241,576)	14,966,499	3,441,976	3,594,724	4,162,452	5,365,435	1,163,550	(8,496,918)	2,028,312
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	75,969,633	92,211,209	77,244,710	73,802,734	70,208,010	66,045,558	60,680,123	59,516,573	68,013,491	61,920,948
Prior Period Adjustment										4,064,231
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 80,353,567	\$ 75,969,633	<u>\$ 92,211,209</u>	\$ 77,244,710	\$ 73,802,734	\$ 70,208,010	\$66,045,558	\$60,680,123	\$59,516,573	\$68,013,491
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 37,429,080	\$ 37,468,649	\$ 16,987,852	\$ 29,606,738	\$ 31,224,218	\$ 31,633,237	\$32,349,054	\$35,588,845	\$30,754,004	\$20,395,876
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.22%	66.97%	84.44%	72.29%	70.27%	68.94%	67.12%	63.03%	65.93%	76.93%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,026,795	\$ 4,480,952	\$ 4,108,195	\$ 4,232,212	\$ 3,603,005	\$ 3,865,012	\$ 3,559,337	\$ 3,668,239	\$ 3,354,258	\$ 3,453,957
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	744.59%	836.18%	413.51%	699.56%	866.62%	818.45%	908.85%	970.19%	916.86%	590.51%

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Changes in Assumptions

In 2015 the assumed life expectancies increased substantially based on an experience study for the period from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. Effective September 30, 2016, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.50% to 7.40% and the mortality table was updated from the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2017 using Projection Scale MP-2014 to the same tables used in the Florida Retirement System actuarial valuation. These tables are based on the RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white and blue collar adjustments and with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years using Scale BB. The results for 2016 also reflect the impact of Ordinance 12-2016. Effective September 30, 2017, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.40% to 7.30% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.00%. The results for 2017 also reflect the impact of Ordinance No. 07-2017 as measured in the Actuarial Impact Statement dated August 4, 2017. Effective September 30, 2018, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.30% to 7.20% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%. Effective September 30, 2019, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.20% to 7.10% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%. Effective September 30, 2019, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.20% to 7.10% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%. Effective september 30, 2019, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.40% to 6.40%. Effective as of September 30, 2021, the investment return assumption was lowered from 6.60% to 6.40%. Effective as of September 30, 2023, the investment return assumption was lowered from 6.40% to 6.20%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2023	\$ 3,446,777	\$ 4,925,952	\$ (1,479,175)	\$ 5,026,795	97.99%
2022	3,521,362	5,016,198	(1,494,836)	4,480,952	111.94%
2021	3,653,689	5,161,524	(1,507,835)	4,108,195	125.64%
2020	3,303,037	4,884,745	(1,581,708)	4,232,212	115.42%
2019	2,835,728	5,800,452	(2,964,724)	3,603,005	160.99%
2018	2,870,523	4,214,624	(1,344,101)	3,865,012	109.05%
2017	2,642,757	3,747,478	(1,104,721)	3,559,337	105.29%
2016	2,233,214	2,306,795	(73,581)	3,668,239	62.89%
2015	2,144,662	2,144,662		3,354,258	63.94%
2014	1,881,949	1,979,219	(97,270)	3,453,957	57.30%

Notes to the schedule

Significant methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which contributions are reported.

Valuation date: Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining Amortization Period Asset valuation method General inflation	September 30, 2021 Entry-age normal Level percent-of-payroll, closed 5-20 years 5 year smoothed market 2.25%
Salary increases	6.0% including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.60%
Retirement age	Age-based tables of rates specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	The mortality tables used are the same as those used in the July 1, 2020 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for Special Risk members. These tables are based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010 using Scale
Other Information:	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Members who retire after $09/30/68$ and prior to $10/01/90$ receive an annual 1.0% increase computed on the base benefit. Members who retire after $09/30/90$ will be increased 2.0% annually based on total pension after a 3-year deferral period. Benefits accrued after $04/30/12$ are not adjusted for those not eligible for normal retirement at $05/01/12$. Other adjustments have been made periodically.

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT PLAN

Measurement Date, September 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Total Pension Liability											
Service cost	\$ 1,560,654	\$ 1,382,422	\$ 1,226,110	\$ 998,383	\$ 683,825	\$ 621,134	\$ 342,206	\$ 187,387	\$ 238,556	\$ 281,248	
Interest on the total pension liability	7,538,865	7,544,042	7,489,146	7,670,059	7,446,115	7,336,841	6,927,564	6,601,468	6,396,715	6,324,999	
Benefit changes				138,701	259,657		1,163,805	370,169	35,550		
Difference between expected and											
actual experience	(19,963)	(406,131)	35,675	115,537	524,778	224,785	3,372,587	1,133,752	(299,119)		
Assumption changes	2,898,399	2,744,180	2,609,188	(19,161)	1,846,849	1,202,733	1,167,456	3,049,237	2,324,039		
Benefit payments	(8,293,200)	(7,371,029)	(7,002,720)	(6,409,058)	(6,399,388)	(6,500,328)	(5,861,110)	())	(6,098,229)	(5,101,421)	
Refunds	(5,734)	(55,094)	(109,401)	(25,160)	(59,346)	(47,423)	(39,427)	(66,548)	(36,034)	(21,692)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,679,021	3,838,390	4,247,998	2,469,301	4,302,490	2,837,742	7,073,081	5,596,034	2,561,478	1,483,134	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	121,163,900	117,325,510	113,077,512	110,608,211	106,305,721	103,467,979	96,394,898	90,798,864	88,237,386	82,218,000	
Prior Period Adjustment										4,536,252	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$124,842,921	\$121,163,900	<u>\$117,325,510</u>	\$113,077,512	\$110,608,211	\$106,305,721	\$103,467,979	\$96,394,898	\$90,798,864	\$88,237,386	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Employer contributions	\$ 6,423,324	6,461,341	6,434,814	6,086,196	6,747,179	5,282,052	3,607,922	2,359,519	2,269,117	2,071,503	
Employee contributions	557,473	515,864	477,535	449,699	451,845	481,910	262,473	129,585	210,233	154,199	
Pension plan investment income (loss)	6,639,878	(13,887,366)	15,836,619	4,179,254	3,184,465	4,868,112	6,706,324	4,346,954	(2,285,815)	4,308,313	
Investment expense	(194,767)	(199,104)	(215,018)	(173,611)	(194,277)	(177,210)	(151,375)	(169,741)	(179,383)	(182,692)	
Benefit payments ⁽¹⁾	(8,293,200)	(7,371,029)	(7,002,720)	(6,409,058)	(6,399,388)	(6,500,328)	(5,861,110)	(5,679,431)	(6,098,229)	(5,101,421)	
Refunds	(5,734)	(55,094)	(109,401)	(25,160)	(59,346)	(47,423)	(39,427)	(66,548)	(36,034)	(21,692)	
Pension plan administrative expense	(120,169)	(107,302)	(101,755)	(115,693)	(137,483)	(121,607)	(126,518)	(133,874)	(130,676)	(121,652)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	5,006,805	(14,642,690)	15,320,074	3,991,627	3,592,995	3,785,506	4,398,289	786,464	(6,250,787)	1,106,558	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	74,060,646	88,703,336	73,383,262	69,391,635	65,798,640	62,013,134	57,614,845	56,828,381	63,079,168	57,436,358	
Prior Period Adjustment										4,536,252	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 79,067,451	\$ 74,060,646	\$ 88,703,336	\$ 73,383,262	\$ 69,391,635	\$ 65,798,640	\$ 62,013,134	\$57,614,845	\$56,828,381	\$63,079,168	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 45,775,470	\$ 47,103,254	\$ 28,622,174	\$ 39,694,250	\$ 41,216,576	\$ 40,507,081	<u>\$ 41,454,845</u>	\$38,780,053	\$33,970,483	\$25,158,218	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	63.33%	61.12%	75.60%	64.90%	62.74%	61.90%	59.93%	59.77%	62.59%	71.49%	
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,056,756	\$ 5,616,955	\$ 5,204,780	\$ 4,446,646	\$ 4,146,355	\$ 3,736,398	\$ 3,457,670	\$ 3,242,811	\$ 3,403,307	\$ 3,671,337	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	755.78%	838.59%	549.92%	892.68%	994.04%	1084.12%	1198.92%	1195.88%	998.16%	685.26%	

⁽¹⁾ Transfers from ICMA Shares included in benefit payments for 2015, 2016, and 2017.

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Changes in Assumptions

In 2015 the assumed life expectancies increased substantially based on an experience study for the period from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. Effective September 30, 2016, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.50% to 7.40% and the mortality table was updated from the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables or males and females projected to 2017 using Projection Scale MP-2014 to the same tables used in the Florida Retirement System actuarial valuation. These tables are based on the RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white and blue collar adjustments and with mortality improvements projected for 7.30% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.00%. The results for 2017 also reflect the impact of Ordinance No. 07-2017 as measured in the Actuarial Impact Statement dated March 6, 2017 and the impact of Ordinance No. 20-2017 as measured in the Actuarial Impact Statement dated August 4, 2017. Effective September 30, 2018, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.30% to 7.20% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%. Effective September 30, 2019, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.30% to 7.20% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%. Effective September 30, 2019, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.20% to 7.10% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 7.20%. Effective September 30, 2019, the investment return assumption decreased from 7.20% to 7.10% and the salary increase assumption decreased from 7.20%. Effective september 30, 2021, the investment return assumption decreased from 6.80% to 6.60% and the assumed Town Manager DROP participation period (for purposes of projecting the applicable IRC Section 415 limit) was updated from 7 years to 10 years. Effective as of September 30, 2023, the investment return assumption was lowered from 6.40% to 6.20%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Ended Determined A		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll			
2023	\$ 4,333,641	\$ 6,423,324	\$ (2,089,683)	\$ 6,056,756	106.05%			
2022	4,392,526	6,461,341	(2,068,815)	5,616,955	115.03%			
2021	4,362,652	6,434,814	(2,072,162)	5,204,780	123.63%			
2020	4,001,559	6,086,196	(2,084,637)	4,446,646	136.87%			
2019	3,344,186	6,747,179	(3,402,993)	4,146,355	162.73%			
2018	3,262,296	5,282,052	(2,019,756)	3,736,398	141.37%			
2017	2,629,230	3,607,922	(978,692)	3,457,670	104.35%			
2016	2,285,579	2,359,519	(73,940)	3,242,811	72.76%			
2015	2,223,584	2,223,584		3,403,307	65.34%			
2014	2,040,491	2,071,503	(31,012)	3,671,337	56.42%			

Notes to the schedule

Significant methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which contributions are reported.

Valuation date: Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining Amortization Period Asset valuation method General inflation	September 30, 2021 Entry-age normal Level percent-of-payroll, closed 10-20 years 5 year smoothed market 2.25%
Salary increases	6.0% including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.60%
Retirement age	Age-based tables of rates specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	The mortality tables used are the same as those used in the July 1, 2020 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for Special Risk members. These tables are based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010 using Scale
Other Information:	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Members who retire after $09/30/68$ and prior to $10/01/90$ receive an annual 1.0% increase computed on the base benefit. Members who retire after $09/30/90$ will be increased 2.0% annually based on total pension after a 3-year deferral period. Benefits accrued after $04/30/12$ are not adjusted for those not eligible for normal retirement at $05/01/12$. Other adjustments have been made periodically.

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS TOWN OF PALM BEACH RETIREMENT PLAN

	Money
	Weighted
Fiscal Year	Rate of
Ended	Investment
September 30,	Return (%)
2023	9.74 %
2022	(16.53)
2021	18.32
2020	6.43
2019	4.59
2018	7.52
2017	11.20
2016	7.80
2015	(4.22)
2014	7.09

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS RETIREMENT PLAN

Measurement Date, September 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Interest on the total pension liability	74,622	53,492	28,969	32,052	21,802	21,440
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	(386,854)	(233,319)	112,719	(1,704)	(64,161)	
Assumption changes	(33,186)	(555,677)	1,111,220	17,243	649,729	
Benefit payments	(8,407)	(13,756)	(11,068)	(11,093)	(11,041)	(12,961)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(353,825)	(749,260)	1,241,840	36,498	596,329	8,479
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1,700,166	2,449,426	1,207,586	1,171,088	574,759	566,280
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 1,346,341	\$ 1,700,166	\$ 2,449,426	<u>\$ 1,207,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,171,088</u>	<u>\$ 574,759</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Changes in Assumptions:

The discount rate was changed from 3.83% as of September 30, 2018 to 2.75% as of September 30, 2019 based on the long-term municipal bond rate. The assumed Town Manager DROP participation period (for purposes of projecting the applicable IRC Section 415 limit) was updated from 5 years to 7 years. The discount rate was changed from 2.41% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 2.19% as of September 30, 2021 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond rate). The assumed Town Manager DROP participation period was changed from 7 years to 10 years. The discount rate was changed from 2.19% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 4.40% as of September 30, 2022 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond rate). The discount rate was changed from 4.40% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 4.63% as of September 30, 2023 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond rate).

Note:

The Preservation of Benefits Plan has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 73, paragraph 4.

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Measurement Date, September 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Benefit changes Difference between expected and	\$ 1,435,324 1,606,440 	\$ 1,063,824 1,398,126 (189,802)	\$ 805,605 1,385,176 	\$ 921,211 1,964,318 599,947	\$ 881,964 1,845,152 	\$ 455,909 1,945,718 	\$ 411,675 1,865,625
actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments	 (750,029)	(2,074,202) 4,416,503 (889,342)	3,339,474 (935,078)	(4,124,393) (8,219,478) (421,650)		(2,597,405) 3,919,261 (1,247,029)	(36,232) (1,035,214)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	2,291,735	3,725,107	4,595,177	(9,280,045)	1,588,216	2,476,454	1,205,854
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	31,068,482	27,343,375	22,748,198	32,028,243	30,440,027	27,963,573	26,757,719
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 33,360,217	\$ 31,068,482	\$ 27,343,375	\$ 22,748,198	\$ 32,028,243	\$ 30,440,027	\$ 27,963,573
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions OPEB plan investment income (loss) Benefit payments Administrative expense Other	\$ 331,217 3,071,072 (750,029) (174,203)	\$ 334,215 (5,332,693) (889,342) (121,971)	6,313,289	2,056,309 (421,650)		\$ 960,000 1,802,059 (1,247,029) (106,592) (1,345)	\$ 1,339,000 2,692,135 (1,035,214) (121,385)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,478,057	(6,009,791)	5,689,159	1,915,358	130,065	1,407,093	2,874,536
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	34,407,603	40,417,394	34,728,235	32,812,877	32,682,812	31,275,719	28,401,183
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 36,885,660	\$ 34,407,603	\$ 40,417,394	\$ 34,728,235	\$ 32,812,877	\$ 32,682,812	\$ 31,275,719
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ (3,525,443)</u>	<u>\$ (3,339,121)</u>	<u>\$(13,074,019)</u>	<u>\$ (11,980,037</u>)	<u>\$ (784,634)</u>	<u>\$ (2,242,785)</u>	<u>\$ (3,312,146)</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	110.57%	110.75%	147.81%	152.66%	102.45%	107.37%	111.84%
Covered Payroll	\$ 27,628,772	\$ 26,824,050	\$ 24,689,447	\$ 23,970,337	\$ 23,920,162	\$ 23,111,268	\$ 25,241,257
Town's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-12.76%	-12.45%	-52.95%	-49.98%	-3.28%	-9.70%	-13.12%

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years available.

Changes in Assumptions

In 2017 the mortality assumption has been updated fromRP-2014 Mortality Fully Generational using Projection Scale MP-2015 to RP-2014 Mortality Fully Generational using Projection Scale MP-2016. In 2018 the Discount Rate and Investment Rate of Return were lowered from 7.0% to 6.0%. Mortality rates were revised to be the same as developed for the Florida Retirement System. Aging Factors were revised to be based on the nationwide study sponsored by the Society of Actuaries. Trend rates used for modeling future health care costs were revised to be based on a long-term model published by the Society of Actuaries. Participation rates were revised to reflect the recent experience. Effective September 30, 2021, the investment rate of return assumption was lowered from 6.0% to 5.0%. Per Capita Cost and Premium assumptions were revised as of September 30, 2022. Assumed health cost trends were revised to reflect an ultimate level of 4.00% starting in 2050 (previously 2040). There were no revisions in assumptions between the last actuarial valuation and the measurement date as of September 30, 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	Rela A D	tributions in ation to the ctuarially etermined ontribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2023	\$	331,217	\$	331,217	\$		\$ 27,628,772	1.20%
2022		334,215		334,215			26,824,050	1.25%
2021		429,858		429,858			24,689,447	1.74%
2020		423,916		423,014		902	23,970,337	1.76%
2019		157,994		435,383		(277,389)	23,920,162	1.82%
2018		216,729		960,000		(743,271)	23,111,268	4.15%
2017				1,339,000	(1	,339,000)	25,241,257	5.30%

Notes to the schedule

The fiscal year 2023 contributions rates were determined in the October 1, 2020 Actuarial Valuation Report dated February 18, 2021.

Valuation date:	October 1, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	5.50% including inflation for General Employees; 6.00% including inflation for Police Officers and Firefighters
Investment rate of return	5.00% net of investment related expenses
Retirement age	Experienced-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Health care cost trend rates	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 7.50% on October 1, 2023, followed by 6.50% on October 1, 2024 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.00%.
Years until ultimate trend rate	20
Mortality	Rates of mortality are the same as used in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. These rates are taken from the PUB-2010 Mortality Tables published by the Society of Actuaries with generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018. Adjustments to referenced tables are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering the period 2013
Aging factors Expenses	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death". OPEB Plan administrative expenses exclude investment related expenses returns; Health Plan administrative expenses are included in the per capita costs.

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

	Money
	Weighted
Fiscal Year	Rate of
Ended	Investment
September 30,	Return
2023	8.93
2022	(12.50)
2021	18.26
2020	6.29
2019	3.23
2018	6.26
2017	10.31

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	904,621	\$	404,621
Investment earnings (loss)	Ŷ	160,000	Ψ	160,000	Ψ	917,249	Ψ	757,249
Grant revenue		2,207,763		2,207,763		1,687,709		(520,054)
Cost Sharing and donations		1,000,000		1,000,000		289,095		(710,905)
C C		, <u>, , </u>		, , ,		, , ,		
Total Revenues	\$	3,867,763	\$	3,867,763	\$	3,798,674	\$	(69,089)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	\$		\$	345,306	\$	79,100	\$	266,206
Public safety	Ψ		Ψ	5,052,329	Ψ	5,002,329	Ψ	50,000
Physical environment				16,189,102		4,439,538		11,749,564
Transportation				7,723,045		1,898,208		5,824,837
Culture and recreation				1,280,879		296,563		984,316
Non-departmental		32,194,808		1,376,919				1,376,919
Total Expenditures	\$	32,194,808	\$	31,967,580	\$	11,715,738	\$	20,251,842
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$	10,059,069	\$	10,059,069	\$	10,059,069	\$	
Transfers out		(500,000)		(500,000)		(500,000)		
Appropriation of prior year's fund balance		18,767,976		18,767,976				(18,767,976)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	28,327,045	\$	28,327,045	\$	9,559,069	\$	(18,767,976)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$		\$	227,228	\$	1,642,005	\$	1,414,777

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

BEACH RESTORATION PROJECT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Investment earnings (loss)	\$	686,600	\$	686,600	\$	1,176,144	\$	489,544	
Miscellaneous	•		•		•	93,728	•	93,728	
Grant revenue						3,230		3,230	
Total Revenues	\$	686,600	\$	686,600	\$	1,273,102	\$	586,502	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Physical environment	\$	10,219,274	\$	30,918,289	\$	1,692,794	\$	29,225,495	
Non-departmental		23,780,184		3,081,169				3,081,169	
Total Expenditures	\$	33,999,458	\$	33,999,458	\$	1,692,794	\$	32,306,664	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	\$	5,264,732	\$	5,264,732	\$	5,264,732	\$		
Transfers out		(509,135)		(509,135)		(509,135)			
Appropriation of prior year's fund balance		28,557,261		28,557,261				(28,557,261)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	33,312,858	\$	33,312,858	\$	4,755,597	\$	(28,557,261)	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$		\$		\$	4,335,905	\$	4,335,905	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. The Town reports the following nonmajor special revenue funds.

State Forfeiture Fund – To account for Law Enforcement Trust Fund monies.

Federal Forfeiture Fund – To account for Federal forfeiture receipts.

Donation Fund – To account for monies donated to the Town.

Special Assessment Fund – To account for revenue from Underground Utility and other Infrastructure Assessments.

Special Assessment Maintenance Fund – To account for revenue from Special Assessments.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of debt principal, interest, and related costs. The Town reports the following nonmajor debt service funds.

Series 2010A/2013/2016A Debt Service Fund

Series 2010B/2016B Debt Service Fund

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Town reports the following nonmajor capital projects funds.

Worth Avenue Assessment Fund

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Special Revenue									
	State Forfeiture Fund		Federal Forfeiture Fund		Donation Fund		Special Assessment Fund		А	Special ssessment aintenance Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	52,057 681	\$	 87 	\$	 1,055,414 	\$		\$	
Total Assets	\$	52,738	\$	87	\$	1,055,414	\$		\$	
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities Accounts and contracts payable Advance from other funds Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	35,474	\$		\$	6,838 596,571 603,409
Fund Balances Restricted for: Crime prevention Special projects Debt service Worth avenue Unassigned		52,738 		87 		 1,019,940 		 		 (603,409)
Total Fund Balances		52,738		87		1,019,940				(603,409)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	52,738	\$	87	\$	1,055,414	\$		\$	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Debt S	Service	:	Cap	ital Project	-		
	2013/2016A Debt Service Fund		Del	2016B bt Service Fund		Worth Avenue ssessment Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	 1,153,953 15,100	\$	200,014 2,617	\$	251,959 1,345	\$	2,713,484 19,743	
Total Assets	\$	1,169,053	\$	202,631	\$	253,304	\$	2,733,227	
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities Accounts and contracts payable Advance from other funds Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	18,207 	\$	60,519 596,571 657,090	
Fund Balances Restricted for: Crime prevention Special projects Debt service Worth avenue Unassigned		 1,169,053 		202,631		 235,097 		52,825 1,019,940 1,371,684 235,097 (603,409)	
Total Fund Balances		1,169,053		202,631		235,097		2,076,137	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,169,053	\$	202,631	\$	253,304	\$	2,733,227	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue									
	State Forfeiture Fund	Federal Forfeiture Fund	Donation Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Special Assessment Maintenance Fund					
Revenues										
Investment earnings	\$ 2,183	\$ 3	\$	\$	\$					
Contributions and donations			579,414							
Special assessments					230,127					
Miscellaneous					99					
Total Revenues	2,183	3	579,414		230,226					
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government			222,489							
Public safety			336,173							
Physical environment			1,520							
Economic environment					19,888					
Culture and recreation			15,845							
Debt service:			-)							
Principal										
Interest and fiscal charges										
Total Expenditures			576,027		19,888					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	2,183	3	3,387		210,338					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in				571,674						
Transfers out					(571,674)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				571,674	(571,674)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,183	3	3,387	571,674	(361,336)					
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	50,555	84	1,016,553	(571,674)	(242,073)					
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 52,738	<u>\$ 87</u>	\$ 1,019,940	\$	<u>\$ (603,409)</u>					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Debt S	Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
_	2013/2016A Debt Service Fund	2016B Debt Service Fund	Worth Avenue Assessment Fund		
Revenues	¢ 21 490	¢ 11.020	¢ (224	¢ 41.0 2 0	
Investment earnings Contributions and donations	\$ 21,480	\$ 11,938	\$ 6,324 5,000	\$ 41,928 584,414	
Special assessments		718,434	389,540	1,338,101	
Miscellaneous				99	
Total Revenues	21,480	730,372	400,864	1,964,542	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	7,500			229,989	
Public safety				336,173	
Physical environment Economic environment			333,046	1,520 352,934	
Culture and recreation			555,040	15,845	
Debt service:				15,045	
Principal	3,280,000	375,000		3,655,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,256,915	349,763		3,606,678	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>.</u>	
Total Expenditures	6,544,415	724,763	333,046	8,198,139	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	(6,522,935)	5,609	67,818	(6,233,597)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	6,377,227			6,948,901	
Transfers out				(571,674)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,377,227			6,377,227	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(145,708)	5,609	67,818	143,630	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,314,761	197,022	167,279	1,932,507	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,169,053	\$ 202,631	\$ 235,097	\$ 2,076,137	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

SERIES 2013/2016A DEBT SERVICE FUND

		Budgeted	Am	nounts		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$		\$		\$	21,480	\$	21,480
Total Revenues	\$		\$		\$	21,480	\$	21,480
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	
Debt service:								
Principal		3,280,000		3,280,000		3,280,000		
Interest and fiscal charges		3,274,726		3,274,726		3,256,915		17,811
Total Expenditures	\$	6,562,226	\$	6,562,226	\$	6,544,415	\$	17,811
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in	\$	6,377,227	\$	6,377,227	\$	6,377,227	\$	
Appropriation of prior year's fund balance		184,999		184,999				(184,999)
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	6,562,226	\$	6,562,226	\$	6,377,227	\$	(184,999)
Revenue and Other Financing Sources	*		÷		<u>.</u>	// / -	•	<i></i>
Under Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$		\$		\$	(145,708)	\$	(145,708)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

SERIES 2016B DEBT SERVICE FUND

			·				Fin	iance with al Budget	
		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	Positive		
	(Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues									
Investment earnings	\$	500	\$	500	\$	11,938	\$	11,438	
Special assessments		723,013		723,013		718,434		(4,579)	
Total Revenues	\$	723,513	\$	723,513	\$	730,372	\$	6,859	
Expenditures									
Debt service:									
Principal	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$		
Interest and fiscal charges		348,513		348,513		349,763		(1,250)	
Total Expenditures	\$	723,513	\$	723,513	\$	724,763	\$	(1,250)	
Revenues over Expenditures	\$		\$		\$	5,609	\$	5,609	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

WORTH AVENUE ASSESSMENT FUND

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
nues					
estment earnings \$	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 6,324	\$ 5,824	
tributions and donations	5,000	5,000	5,000		
cial assessments	371,939	371,939	389,540	17,601	
Revenues §	\$ 377,439	\$ 377,439	\$ 400,864	\$ 23,425	
nditures rent:					
conomic environment <u>\$</u>	\$ 377,439	\$ 400,576	\$ 333,046	\$ 67,530	
Expenditures <u>\$</u>	\$ 377,439	\$ 400,576	\$ 333,046	<u>\$ 67,530</u>	
r Financing Sources					
8	<u>\$</u>	\$ 23,137	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (23,137)</u>	
Other Financing Sources	<u>\$</u>	\$ 23,137	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (23,137)</u>	
nues and Other Financing Sources ler Expenditures \$	\$	\$	\$ 67,818	\$ 67,818	
r Financing Sources propriation of prior year's fund balance <u>\$</u> Other Financing Sources <u>\$</u> nues and Other Financing Sources	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ 23,137 \$ 23,137	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ (2: \$ (2:	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Town reports the following internal service funds.

Property, Liability and Workers Compensation Insurance Fund – To account for the Town's property, liability, and workers compensation insurance activities.

Group Health Insurance Fund – To account for the Town's health insurance activities.

Equipment Replacement Fund – To account for the accumulation of financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major capital equipment and vehicles.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Asses Current assets: S 2.0.00 \$ 2.2.524 \$ $-$ \$ 42.524 Equity in pooled cash and investments 7.468.920 4.991.015 21.456.106 33.916.041 Accounts receivable - 15.907 11.745 22.652 Interest receivable - 15.907 11.745 22.652 Interest receivable 8.011.875 5.260.115 21.550.287 34.822.277 Noncurrent assets 8.011.875 5.260.115 21.550.287 34.822.277 Noncurrent assets: - - 798.734 798.734 Capital assets: - - - 24.143.491 24.143.491 Advance to other funds - - - 9.068.497 9.068.497 Advance to other funds - - - 9.065.068 9.665.068 Total capital assets 8.011.875 5.260.115 31.215.355 44.487.345 Deferred Outflows of Resources - - - 121.159 Total	A such	Property, Liability and Workers Compensation Insurance Fund	Group Health Insurance Fund	Equipment Replacement Fund	Total
$\begin{array}{c ccc} Cash and eash equivalents & S 20,000 & S 22,524 & S & - & S 42,524 \\ Equity in pooled cash and investments & 7,468,920 & 4,991,015 & 21,456,106 & 33,916,041 \\ Accounts receivable & - & 15,907 & 11,745 & 27,652 \\ Interest receivable & 34,944 & 19,669 & 82,436 & 137,049 \\ Prepaid items & 488,011 & 211,000 & - & 699,011 \\ Total current assets & 8,011,875 & 5,260,115 & 21,550,287 & 34,822,277 \\ Noncurrent assets: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	Assets				
Noncurrent assets: - - - 798,734 748,731 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,143,491 24,13,123 759,051,51 31,215,355 44,487,345 Set 55 Set 55 Set 56,511 Set 56,511 Set 56,518 Set 56	Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable	7,468,920 34,944	4,991,015 15,907 19,669	21,456,106 11,745	33,916,041 27,652 137,049
Capital assets: - - 798,734 798,734 Construction in progress - - 798,734 798,734 Equipment - - 24,143,491 24,143,491 Accumulated depreciation - - (15,873,728) (15,873,728) Total capital assets, net - - 9,068,497 9,068,497 Advance to other funds - - - 9,665,068 9,665,068 Total concurrent assets - - - 9,665,068 9,665,068 Total Assets 8.011,875 5,260,115 31,215,355 44,487,345 Deferred Outflows of Resources - - - 121,159 Liabilities 66,349 54,810 - 121,159 Liabilities: 38,143 99,930 20,101 158,174 Accrued liabilities 1,5173,723 448,633 - 2,022,356 Current portion of compensated absences 7,509 2,591 - 10,000 Total current liabilities: 1,619,375 55,1,154 20,101 2,190,630	Total current assets	8,011,875	5,260,115	21,550,287	34,822,277
Advance to other funds $596,571$ $596,571$ Total noncurrent assets $9,665,068$ $9,665,068$ Total noncurrent assets $8,011,875$ $5,260,115$ $31,215,355$ $44,487,345$ Deferred Outflows of ResourcesPension related items $66,349$ $54,810$ $121,159$ Liabilities:Accounts payable $38,143$ $99,930$ $20,101$ $158,174$ Accrued liabilities $1,573,723$ $448,633$ $2,022,356$ Current liabilities $1,619,375$ $551,154$ $20,101$ $2,190,630$ Noncurrent liabilities: $1,619,375$ $551,154$ $20,101$ $2,190,630$ Noncurrent liabilities: $267,121$ $192,127$ $459,248$ Total noncurrent liabilities $267,121$ $192,127$ $459,248$ Total Liabilities $9,001$ $7,435$ $16,436$ Net PositionInvestment in capital assets $ 9,068,497$ Investment in capital assets $9,068,497$ $32,873,693$	Capital assets: Construction in progress Equipment			24,143,491	24,143,491
Total noncurrent assets $ -$ <th< td=""><td>Total capital assets, net</td><td></td><td></td><td>9,068,497</td><td>9,068,497</td></th<>	Total capital assets, net			9,068,497	9,068,497
Total Assets $8,011,875$ $5,260,115$ $31,215,355$ $44,487,345$ Deferred Outflows of Resources $66,349$ $54,810$ $ 121,159$ Liabilities $66,349$ $54,810$ $ 121,159$ Liabilities $66,349$ $54,810$ $ 121,159$ Liabilities $38,143$ $99,930$ $20,101$ $158,174$ Accound payable $38,143$ $99,930$ $20,101$ $2,022,356$ Current portion of compensated absences $7,509$ $2,591$ $ 10,100$ Total current liabilities $1,619,375$ $551,154$ $20,101$ $2,190,630$ Noncurrent liabilities $226,234$ $186,889$ $ 413,123$ Total noncurrent liabilities $267,121$ <t< td=""><td>Advance to other funds</td><td></td><td></td><td>596,571</td><td>596,571</td></t<>	Advance to other funds			596,571	596,571
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related items $66,349$ $54,810$ $$ $121,159$ Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Current portion of compensated absences $38,143$ $1,573,723$ $2,591$ $99,930$ $20,101$ $2,022,356$ Current portion of compensated absences $7,509$ $2,591$ $$ $10,100$ Total current liabilities: Compensated absences payable Moncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable Account portion in liabilities: $262,234$ $186,889$ $$ $413,123$ 101 $448,633$ $$ $413,123$ 101 $$ $459,248$ Total noncurrent liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related items $9,001$ $7,435$ $$ $$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $32,873,693$	Total noncurrent assets			9,665,068	9,665,068
Pension related items $66,349$ $54,810$ $121,159$ LiabilitiesCurrent liabilities:Accounts payableAccounts payableAccount portion of compensated absences $7,509$ $2,591$ $$ $10,100$ Total current liabilities:Compensated absences payable $40,887$ $5,238$ $$ $46,125$ Noncurrent liabilities:Compensated absences payable $40,887$ $5,238$ $$ $459,248$ Total noncurrent liabilities $267,121$ $192,127$ $$ $459,248$ Total Liabilities $267,121$ $192,127$ $$ $459,248$ Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension related items $9,001$ $7,435$ $$ $16,436$ Net PositionInvestment in capital assets $$ $$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ $9,268,497$ $9,268,497$ $9,268,497$ $9,268,497$ $9,268,497$ $9,268,497$ <tr< td=""><td>Total Assets</td><td>8,011,875</td><td>5,260,115</td><td>31,215,355</td><td>44,487,345</td></tr<>	Total Assets	8,011,875	5,260,115	31,215,355	44,487,345
Current liabilities: Accounts payable $38,143$ $99,930$ $20,101$ $158,174$ Accrued liabilities $1,573,723$ $448,633$ $2,022,356$ Current portion of compensated absences $7,509$ $2,591$ $10,100$ Total current liabilities $1,619,375$ $551,154$ $20,101$ $2,190,630$ Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable $40,887$ $5,238$ $46,125$ Net pension liability $226,234$ $186,889$ $413,123$ Total noncurrent liabilities $267,121$ $192,127$ $459,248$ Total Liabilities $1,886,496$ $743,281$ $20,101$ $2,649,878$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $9,001$ $7,435$ $16,436$ Net Position $9,001$ $7,435$ $16,436$ Investment in capital assets $$ $$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ Unrestricted $6,182,727$ $4,564,209$ $22,126,757$ $32,873,693$		66,349	54,810		121,159
Noncurrent liabilities: 40,887 5,238 46,125 Net pension liability 226,234 186,889 413,123 Total noncurrent liabilities 267,121 192,127 459,248 Total Liabilities 1,886,496 743,281 20,101 2,649,878 Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,001 7,435 16,436 Net Position 9,068,497 9,068,497 Investment in capital assets 9,068,497 9,068,497 Unrestricted 6,182,727 4,564,209 22,126,757 32,873,693	Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,573,723	448,633		2,022,356
Compensated absences payable $40,887$ $5,238$ $$ $46,125$ Net pension liability $226,234$ $186,889$ $$ $413,123$ Total noncurrent liabilities $267,121$ $192,127$ $$ $459,248$ Total Liabilities $1,886,496$ $743,281$ $20,101$ $2,649,878$ Deferred Inflows of Resources $9,001$ $7,435$ $$ $16,436$ Net PositionInvestment in capital assets $$ $$ $9,068,497$ $9,068,497$ Unrestricted $6,182,727$ $4,564,209$ $22,126,757$ $32,873,693$	Total current liabilities	1,619,375	551,154	20,101	2,190,630
Total Liabilities 1,886,496 743,281 20,101 2,649,878 Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,001 7,435 16,436 Net Position 9,068,497 9,068,497 Investment in capital assets 9,068,497 9,068,497 Unrestricted 6,182,727 4,564,209 22,126,757 32,873,693	Compensated absences payable				
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related items 9,001 7,435 16,436 Net Position Investment in capital assets 9,068,497 9,068,497 Unrestricted 6,182,727 4,564,209 22,126,757 32,873,693	Total noncurrent liabilities	267,121	192,127		459,248
Pension related items 9,001 7,435 16,436 Net Position Investment in capital assets 9,068,497 9,068,497 Unrestricted 6,182,727 4,564,209 22,126,757 32,873,693	Total Liabilities	1,886,496	743,281	20,101	2,649,878
Investment in capital assets9,068,4979,068,497Unrestricted6,182,7274,564,20922,126,75732,873,693		9,001	7,435		16,436
Total Net Position \$ 6,182,727 \$ 4,564,209 \$ 31,195,254 \$ 41,942,190	Investment in capital assets	6,182,727	4,564,209		, ,
	Total Net Position	\$ 6,182,727	\$ 4,564,209	\$ 31,195,254	\$ 41,942,190

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Property, Liability and Workers Compensation Insurance Fund	Group Health Insurance Fund	Equipment Replacement Fund	Total
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 2,274,106	\$ 5,307,884	\$ 2,191,530	\$ 9,773,520
Other			2,650	2,650
Total Operating Revenues	2,274,106	5,307,884	2,194,180	9,776,170
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	171,540	181,891		353,431
Contractual services	9,301	484,034		493,335
Insurance	1,101,455	1,140,349		2,241,804
Claims Claims	841,279	4,901,368		5,742,647
Claims adjustment Depreciation and amortization	126,469	10,417	1,701,803	136,886 1,701,803
Other	10,505	5,479	175,518	191,502
		5,175		191,302
Total Operating Expenses	2,260,549	6,723,538	1,877,321	10,861,408
Operating Income (Loss)	13,557	(1,415,654)	316,859	(1,085,238)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) Investment earnings Insurance recoveries Loss on disposal of assets	227,402 190,684	182,378 2,709 	670,471 	1,080,251 193,393 (57,427)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	418,086	185,087	613,044	1,216,217
Income Before Capital Contributions from other funds	431,643	(1,230,567)	929,903	130,979
Capital contributions from other funds			336,156	336,156
Total Capital Contributions			336,156	336,156
Change in Net Position	431,643	(1,230,567)	1,266,059	467,135
Net Position - Beginning	5,751,084	5,794,776	29,929,195	41,475,055
Net Position - Ending	\$ 6,182,727	\$ 4,564,209	\$ 31,195,254	\$ 41,942,190

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	L Co	Property, iability and Workers ompensation urance Fund		roup Health Insurance Fund		Equipment eplacement Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Other receipts	\$	2,274,106 (165,233) (2,184,077)	\$	5,312,260 (115,373) (6,542,022)	\$	2,396,267 (357,651) 2,650	\$	9,982,633 (280,606) (9,083,750) 2,650
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(75,204)		(1,345,135)		2,041,266		620,927
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Insurance recoveries		190,684		2,709				193,393
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		190,684		2,709				193,393
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of property and equipment Proceeds from sale of assets						(1,294,808) 65,813		(1,294,808) 65,813
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities						(1,228,995)		(1,228,995)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchases of investments		200,323		170,510		617,370		988,203
Net Provided by Investing Activities		200,323		170,510		617,370		988,203
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		315,803		(1,171,916)		1,429,641		573,528
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		7,173,117		6,185,455	_	20,026,465		33,385,037
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	7,488,920	\$	5,013,539	\$	21,456,106	\$	33,958,565
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	13,557	\$	(1,415,654)	\$	316,859	\$	(1,085,238)
Depreciation and amortization						1,701,803		1,701,803
Changes in net pension liability and related deferred amounts Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(1,931)		61,223				59,292
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in advance to other funds (Increase) in prepaid expenses		 (202,632)		4,376 (46,601)		(11,745) 216,482 		(7,369) 216,482 (249,233)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(16,803) 124,367		35,352 10,874		(182,133)		(163,584) 135,241
Increase in compensated absences payable		8,238		5,295				13,533
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(75,204)	\$	(1,345,135)	\$	2,041,266	\$	620,927
Noncash Activity			¢		¢		*	
Contributions of capital assets by other funds	\$ ¢		\$ \$		\$ \$	336,156	\$ \$	336,156
Insurance claims adjustment Loss on disposal of assets	<u>\$</u> \$	126,469	<u>\$</u> \$	10,417	<u>\$</u> \$	(57,427)	<u>\$</u> \$	136,886 (57,427)
	Ψ		¥		Ψ	(37,127)	¥	(37,127)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds are used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for others. The Town reports the following employee benefit trust funds.

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefits payable to eligible Town general employees and lifeguards.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefits payable to eligible Town police employees.

Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefits payable to eligible Town fire-rescue employees.

OPEB Trust Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for Town retiree health care benefits.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	General Employees' Pension Trust Fund	Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund	Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,753	\$ 41,454	\$ 40,791	\$	16,153	\$ 146,151
Interest and dividends receivable	83,886	72,822	71,657			228,365
Prepaid expenses	4,729	4,109	4,050			12,888
Investments:						
Short-term investment fund	4,084,400	3,545,705	3,488,954		711,398	11,830,457
Fixed income securities	14,947,590	12,976,144	12,768,451		12,299,746	52,991,931
Common stock	8,671,217	7,528,610	7,404,709			23,604,536
Domestic equity funds	28,093,896	24,387,529	24,000,589		18,417,516	94,899,530
International equity funds	21,395,075	18,573,265	18,275,986		1,348,382	59,592,708
Hedge funds	6,111,831	5,305,737	5,220,815			16,638,383
Private equity funds	4,696,615	4,077,176	4,011,908		571,827	13,357,526
Real estate funds	 4,486,221	 3,894,530	 3,832,196	_	3,969,079	 16,182,026
Total Assets	 92,623,213	 80,407,081	 79,120,106		37,334,101	 289,484,501
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	54,447	47,266	46,509		439,850	588,072
Due to brokers	7,196	6,248	6,146		8,591	28,181
Total Liabilities	 61,643	 53,514	 52,655		448,441	 616,253
Net Position Restricted for Pension and Retiree Health Benefits	\$ 92,561,570	\$ 80,353,567	\$ 79,067,451	\$	36,885,660	\$ 288,868,248

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Employees' Pension Trust Fund	Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund	Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Additions					
Contributions:		* · · · · · · · · · · ·			• • • • • • • • • • • •
Employer	\$ 5,527,967	\$ 4,925,952	\$ 6,423,324	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 17,208,460
Employee	451,792	459,543	557,472	1,051,446	2,520,253
Other	2,061	1,772	1,706	117,318	122,857
Total contributions	5,981,820	5,387,267	6,982,502	1,499,981	19,851,570
Investment income Net appreciation in					
fair value of investments	5,834,635	5,013,429	4,823,800	2,673,671	18,345,535
Interest and dividends	2,194,579	1,885,699	1,814,372	513,581	6,408,231
Total investment income	8,029,214	6,899,128	6,638,172	3,187,252	24,753,766
Less: investment expense	(235,580)	(202,423)	(194,767)	(147,816)	(780,586)
Net investment income	7,793,634	6,696,705	6,443,405	3,039,436	23,973,180
Total Additions	13,775,454	12,083,972	13,425,907	4,539,417	43,824,750
Deductions					
Benefit payments	7,487,330	6,500,658	6,473,944	1,931,188	22,393,120
Share distributions			79,485		79,485
DROP distributions	1,014,441	1,024,460	1,739,770		3,778,671
Refunds of participants' contributions	42,290	50,027	5,734		98,051
Administrative expenses	145,351	124,893	120,169	129,615	520,028
Other				557	557
Total Deductions	8,689,412	7,700,038	8,419,102	2,061,360	26,869,912
Change in Net Position	5,086,042	4,383,934	5,006,805	2,478,057	16,954,838
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB - Beginning of Year	87,475,528	75,969,633	74,060,646	34,407,603	271,913,410
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB - End of Year	<u>\$ 92,561,570</u>	<u>\$ 80,353,567</u>	<u>\$ 79,067,451</u>	\$ 36,885,660	<u>\$ 288,868,248</u>

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST TO MATURITY

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Revenue Bonds Series 2013	Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016A	Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016B	Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2019	Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2019	General Obligation Bonds Series 2018	General Obligation Bonds Series 2021	Business Type Activities Revenue Bonds Series 2020	Total
2024	\$ 1,508,500	\$ 2,926,125	\$ 724,538	\$ 293,084	\$ 1,805,474	\$ 3,399,600	\$ 447,255	\$ 1,992,463	\$ 13,097,038
2025	1,506,750	2,930,000	722,688	293,365	1,809,162	3,399,350	447,755	1,996,244	13,105,313
2026		2,930,125	720,538	288,589	3,333,224	3,401,100	446,255	1,999,238	13,119,068
2027		2,926,500	713,888	288,754	3,342,099	3,399,600	449,255	1,996,500	13,116,596
2028		2,924,000	717,263	288,803	3,339,599	3,399,850	446,505	1,998,031	13,114,051
2029		2,927,250	714,513	293,677	3,330,912	3,401,600	448,255	2,003,719	13,119,925
2030		2,930,875	720,513	293,376	3,329,639	3,399,600	449,255	2,003,563	13,126,820
2031		2,924,875	715,263	292,959	3,329,416	3,398,850	449,505	2,007,563	13,118,429
2032		2,933,875	713,888	292,425	3,335,134	3,399,100	449,005	2,005,719	13,129,145
2033		2,943,400	723,263	291,775	3,342,058	3,400,100	447,505	2,008,031	13,156,132
2034		2,944,400	728,394	291,008	3,340,688	3,401,600	445,905	2,009,444	13,161,438
2035		2,936,900	732,644	295,067	3,345,488	3,398,000	449,205	2,014,900	13,172,203
2036		2,950,500	716,631	289,009	3,346,888	3,401,400	447,305	2,014,400	13,166,132
2037		2,945,000	722,081	292,834	3,345,888	3,401,400	445,305	2,017,944	13,170,452
2038		2,950,400	723,494	291,485	3,341,783	3,398,000	448,205	2,020,475	13,173,841
2039		2,951,400	728,838	290,019	3,349,324	3,401,200	445,905	2,021,994	13,188,679
2040		2,952,900	728,113	293,379	3,353,968	3,400,600	448,505	2,022,500	13,199,964
2041					3,354,938	3,401,200	445,715		7,201,853
2042					3,357,133	3,397,800	447,823		7,202,755
2043					3,356,228	3,400,400	449,528		7,206,155
2044						3,398,600	446,023		3,844,623
2045						3,397,400	447,413		3,844,813
2046						3,401,600	448,488		3,850,088
2047						3,400,800	449,350		3,850,150
Total	\$ 3,015,250	\$ 49,928,525	<u>\$ 12,266,544</u>	<u>\$ 4,959,605</u>	\$ 63,789,037	<u>\$ 81,598,750</u>	<u>\$ 10,745,223</u>	<u>\$ 34,132,725</u>	\$ 260,435,658

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2013

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Balance Outstanding End of Year
2024 2025	5.000% 5.000%	\$ 1,400,000 	\$ 108,500 36,750	\$ 1,508,500 1,506,750	\$ 1,470,000
Total		\$ 2,870,000	<u>\$ 145,250</u>	\$ 3,015,250	

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016A

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Balance Dutstanding End of Year
2024	5.000%	\$ 1,385,000	\$ 1,541,125	\$ 2,926,125	\$ 34,165,000
2025	5.000%	1,460,000	1,470,000	2,930,000	32,705,000
2026	5.000%	1,535,000	1,395,125	2,930,125	31,170,000
2027	5.000%	1,610,000	1,316,500	2,926,500	29,560,000
2028	5.000%	1,690,000	1,234,000	2,924,000	27,870,000
2029	5.000%	1,780,000	1,147,250	2,927,250	26,090,000
2030	5.000%	1,875,000	1,055,875	2,930,875	24,215,000
2031	5.000%	1,965,000	959,875	2,924,875	22,250,000
2032	5.000%	2,075,000	858,875	2,933,875	20,175,000
2033	4.000%	2,180,000	763,400	2,943,400	17,995,000
2034	4.000%	2,270,000	674,400	2,944,400	15,725,000
2035	4.000%	2,355,000	581,900	2,936,900	13,370,000
2036	4.000%	2,465,000	485,500	2,950,500	10,905,000
2037	4.000%	2,560,000	385,000	2,945,000	8,345,000
2038	4.000%	2,670,000	280,400	2,950,400	5,675,000
2039	4.000%	2,780,000	171,400	2,951,400	2,895,000
2040	4.000%	2,895,000	57,900	2,952,900	
Total		\$ 35,550,000	\$ 14,378,525	\$ 49,928,525	

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016B

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Rate	Principal		Interest		Total	C	Principal Balance Outstanding and of Year
2024	3.000%	\$ 390,000	\$	334,538	\$	724,538	\$	8,770,000
2025	3.000%	400,000		322,688		722,688		8,370,000
2026	3.000%	410,000		310,538		720,538		7,960,000
2027	5.000%	420,000		293,888		713,888		7,540,000
2028	5.000%	445,000		272,263		717,263		7,095,000
2029	5.000%	465,000		249,513		714,513		6,630,000
2030	5.000%	495,000		225,513		720,513		6,135,000
2031	5.000%	515,000		200,263		715,263		5,620,000
2032	5.000%	540,000		173,888		713,888		5,080,000
2033	2.500%	570,000		153,263		723,263		4,510,000
2034	2.625%	590,000		138,394		728,394		3,920,000
2035	2.625%	610,000		122,644		732,644		3,310,000
2036	2.625%	610,000		106,631		716,631		2,700,000
2037	3.636%	635,000		87,081		722,081		2,065,000
2038	3.650%	660,000		63,494		723,494		1,405,000
2039	3.656%	690,000		38,838		728,838		715,000
2040	3.668%	 715,000	_	13,113	_	728,113		
Total		\$ 9,160,000	\$	3,106,544	\$	12,266,544		

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019 (TAXABLE)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Balance Outstanding End of Year
2024	2.500%	\$ 445,000	\$ 1,360,474	\$ 1,805,474	\$ 46,980,000
2024 2025	2.500%	, , ,	\$ 1,360,474 1,349,162	\$ 1,805,474 1,809,162	\$ 46,980,000 46,520,000
2023	2.500%	460,000	· · · ·		
		2,015,000	1,318,224	3,333,224	44,505,000
2027	2.500%	2,075,000	1,267,099	3,342,099	42,430,000
2028	2.500%	2,125,000	1,214,599	3,339,599	40,305,000
2029	2.500%	2,170,000	1,160,912	3,330,912	38,135,000
2030	2.620%	2,225,000	1,104,639	3,329,639	35,910,000
2031	2.720%	2,285,000	1,044,416	3,329,416	33,625,000
2032	2.820%	2,355,000	980,134	3,335,134	31,270,000
2033	2.870%	2,430,000	912,058	3,342,058	28,840,000
2034	2.920%	2,500,000	840,688	3,340,688	26,340,000
2035	3.000%	2,580,000	765,488	3,345,488	23,760,000
2036	3.000%	2,660,000	686,888	3,346,888	21,100,000
2037	3.000%	2,740,000	605,888	3,345,888	18,360,000
2038	3.050%	2,820,000	521,783	3,341,783	15,540,000
2039	3.050%	2,915,000	434,324	3,349,324	12,625,000
2040	3.050%	3,010,000	343,968	3,353,968	9,615,000
2041	3.100%	3,105,000	249,938	3,354,938	6,510,000
2042	3.100%	3,205,000	152,133	3,357,133	3,305,000
2043	3.100%	3,305,000	51,228	3,356,228	
		<u> </u>	. <u></u>	<u>.</u>	
Total		\$ 47,425,000	\$ 16,364,037	\$ 63,789,037	

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Rate		Principal	Interest		Total	О	Principal Balance Putstanding nd of Year
2024	2.330%	\$	200,000	\$ 93,084	\$	293,084	\$	3,895,000
2025	2.330%	•	205,000	88,365	•	293,365	·	3,690,000
2026	2.330%		205,000	83,589		288,589		3,485,000
2027	2.330%		210,000	78,754		288,754		3,275,000
2028	2.330%		215,000	73,803		288,803		3,060,000
2029	2.330%		225,000	68,677		293,677		2,835,000
2030	2.330%		230,000	63,376		293,376		2,605,000
2031	2.330%		235,000	57,959		292,959		2,370,000
2032	2.330%		240,000	52,425		292,425		2,130,000
2033	2.330%		245,000	46,775		291,775		1,885,000
2034	2.330%		250,000	41,008		291,008		1,635,000
2035	2.330%		260,000	35,067		295,067		1,375,000
2036	2.330%		260,000	29,009		289,009		1,115,000
2037	2.330%		270,000	22,834		292,834		845,000
2038	2.330%		275,000	16,485		291,485		570,000
2039	2.330%		280,000	10,019		290,019		290,000
2040	2.330%		290,000	3,379		293,379		
			·			-		
Total		\$	4,095,000	\$ 864,605	\$	4,959,605		

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2018

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Balance Dutstanding End of Year
<u> </u>		F	 		
2024	5.000%	\$ 1,205,000	\$ 2,194,600	\$ 3,399,600	\$ 49,870,000
2025	5.000%	1,265,000	2,134,350	3,399,350	48,605,000
2026	5.000%	1,330,000	2,071,100	3,401,100	47,275,000
2027	5.000%	1,395,000	2,004,600	3,399,600	45,880,000
2028	5.000%	1,465,000	1,934,850	3,399,850	44,415,000
2029	5.000%	1,540,000	1,861,600	3,401,600	42,875,000
2030	5.000%	1,615,000	1,784,600	3,399,600	41,260,000
2031	5.000%	1,695,000	1,703,850	3,398,850	39,565,000
2032	5.000%	1,780,000	1,619,100	3,399,100	37,785,000
2033	5.000%	1,870,000	1,530,100	3,400,100	35,915,000
2034	4.000%	1,965,000	1,436,600	3,401,600	33,950,000
2035	4.000%	2,040,000	1,358,000	3,398,000	31,910,000
2036	4.000%	2,125,000	1,276,400	3,401,400	29,785,000
2037	4.000%	2,210,000	1,191,400	3,401,400	27,575,000
2038	4.000%	2,295,000	1,103,000	3,398,000	25,280,000
2039	4.000%	2,390,000	1,011,200	3,401,200	22,890,000
2040	4.000%	2,485,000	915,600	3,400,600	20,405,000
2041	4.000%	2,585,000	816,200	3,401,200	17,820,000
2042	4.000%	2,685,000	712,800	3,397,800	15,135,000
2043	4.000%	2,795,000	605,400	3,400,400	12,340,000
2044	4.000%	2,905,000	493,600	3,398,600	9,435,000
2045	4.000%	3,020,000	377,400	3,397,400	6,415,000
2046	4.000%	3,145,000	256,600	3,401,600	3,270,000
2047	4.000%	3,270,000	 130,800	 3,400,800	
Total		\$ 51,075,000	\$ 30,523,750	\$ 81,598,750	

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2021

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Rate		Principal		Interest		Total	C	Principal Balance Dutstanding nd of Year
2024	2 0000/	¢	225 000	¢	222.255	ድ	447 255	ድ	7.015.000
2024 2025	2.000% 5.000%	\$	225,000	\$	222,255	\$	447,255 447,755	\$	7,915,000
2023			230,000		217,755		,		7,685,000
2028	5.000% 5.000%		240,000 255,000		206,255		446,255 449,255		7,445,000 7,190,000
			,		194,255		,		, ,
2028 2029	5.000% 5.000%		265,000 280,000		181,505		446,505 448,255		6,925,000
2029	5.000%		,		168,255		,		6,645,000
			295,000		154,255		449,255		6,350,000
2031 2032	5.000%		310,000		139,505		449,505		6,040,000
	2.000%		325,000		124,005		449,005		5,715,000
2033	2.000%		330,000		117,505		447,505		5,385,000
2034	2.000%		335,000		110,905		445,905		5,050,000
2035	2.000%		345,000		104,205		449,205		4,705,000
2036	2.000%		350,000		97,305		447,305		4,355,000
2037	2.000%		355,000		90,305		445,305		4,000,000
2038	2.000%		365,000		83,205		448,205		3,635,000
2039	2.000%		370,000		75,905		445,905		3,265,000
2040	2.000%		380,000		68,505		448,505		2,885,000
2041	2.050%		385,000		60,715		445,715		2,500,000
2042	2.050%		395,000		52,823		447,823		2,105,000
2043	2.050%		405,000		44,528		449,528		1,700,000
2044	2.100%		410,000		36,023		446,023		1,290,000
2045	2.100%		420,000		27,413		447,413		870,000
2046	2.100%		430,000		18,488		448,488		440,000
2047	2.125%		440,000		9,350		449,350		
Total		\$	8,140,000	\$	2,605,223	\$	10,745,223		

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2020

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Rate		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal Balance Dutstanding End of Year
2024	2.250%	\$	1,370,000	\$	622,463	\$	1,992,463	\$	26,980,000
2025	2.250%	Ψ	1,405,000	Ψ	591,244	Ψ	1,996,244	Ψ	25,575,000
2026	2.250%		1,440,000		559,238		1,999,238		24,135,000
2027	2.250%		1,470,000		526,500		1,996,500		22,665,000
2028	2.250%		1,505,000		493,031		1,998,031		21,160,000
2029	2.250%		1,545,000		458,719		2,003,719		19,615,000
2030	2.250%		1,580,000		423,563		2,003,563		18,035,000
2031	2.250%		1,620,000		387,563		2,007,563		16,415,000
2032	2.250%		1,655,000		350,719		2,005,719		14,760,000
2033	2.250%		1,695,000		313,031		2,008,031		13,065,000
2034	2.250%		1,735,000		274,444		2,009,444		11,330,000
2035	2.250%		1,780,000		234,900		2,014,900		9,550,000
2036	2.250%		1,820,000		194,400		2,014,400		7,730,000
2030	2.250%		1,865,000		152,944		2,017,944		5,865,000
2038	2.250%		1,910,000		110,475		2,020,475		3,955,000
2039	2.250%		1,955,000		66,994		2,020,173		2,000,000
2039	2.250%		2,000,000		22,500		2,022,500		2,000,000
2010	2.23070	_	2,000,000		22,500		2,022,300		
Total		\$	28,350,000	\$	5,782,725	\$	34,132,725		

STATISTICAL SECTION

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Accrual Basis of Accounting

	 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities	 	 	 							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 55,346,920	\$ 74,251,960	\$ 84,762,756	\$ 79,461,477	\$ 78,478,304	\$ 80,988,015	\$ 57,421,514	\$ 52,511,662	\$ 78,435,532	\$ 15,151,939
Restricted	50,785,559	37,801,235	24,489,710	19,393,986	18,595,941	104,925,150	111,483,275	127,820,279	66,420,887	38,523,962
Unrestricted	 62,431,435	 (52,411)	 1,629,162	 (12,774,443)	 78,699,629	 6,513,845	 15,874,972	 25,928,414	34,213,452	 119,713,785
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 168,563,914	\$ 112,000,784	\$ 110,881,628	\$ 86,081,020	\$ 175,773,874	\$ 192,427,010	\$ 184,779,761	\$ 206,260,355	\$ 179,069,871	\$ 173,389,686
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17,740,802	\$ 17,072,347	\$ 16,498,309	\$ 15,898,227	\$ 15,674,570	\$ 13,620,325	\$ 12,831,232	\$ 12,153,252	\$ 15,241,078	\$ 14,982,710
Restricted				248,211	1,418,272	20,636	781,137	863,207	271,263	323,928
Unrestricted	 4,720,586	 4,303,456	 5,132,473	 6,314,816	 12,731,660	 5,120,899	 9,275,191	 13,477,784	 18,946,799	 32,327,925
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 22,461,388	\$ 21,375,803	\$ 21,630,782	\$ 22,461,254	\$ 29,824,502	\$ 18,761,860	\$ 22,887,560	\$ 26,494,243	\$ 34,459,140	\$ 47,634,563
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 73,087,722	\$ 91,324,307	\$ 101,261,065	\$ 95,359,704	\$ 94,152,874	\$ 94,608,340	\$ 70,252,746	\$ 64,664,914	\$ 93,676,610	\$ 30,134,649
Restricted	50,785,559	37,801,235	24,489,710	19,642,197	20,014,213	104,945,786	112,264,412	128,683,486	66,692,150	38,847,890
Unrestricted	 67,152,021	 4,251,045	 6,761,635	 (6,459,627)	 91,431,289	 11,634,744	 25,150,163	 39,406,198	53,160,251	 152,041,710
Total primary government net position	\$ 191,025,302	\$ 133,376,587	\$ 132,512,410	\$ 108,542,274	\$ 205,598,376	\$ 211,188,870	\$ 207,667,321	\$ 232,754,598	\$ 213,529,011	\$ 221,024,249

Town of Palm Beach, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Accrual Basis of Accounting

		2014		2015		2016		2017	_	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Francisco																				
Expenses Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	10,303,043	\$	14,710,957	\$	16,342,132	\$	21,186,486	\$	20,371,263	\$	23,618,964	\$	37,193,659	\$	25,526,075	\$	27,398,326	\$	31,616,222
Public safety	φ	26,082,520	φ	29,315,807	φ	35,197,465	φ	33,354,806	φ	30,720,793	Φ	29,967,201	φ	30,520,971	φ	23,391,138	φ	34,614,335	φ	41,273,484
2		26,082,520 18,044,387		29,515,807 21,525,593						30,720,793 35,572,597		29,967,201 33,599,598								41,273,484 56,044,125
Physical environment						23,361,401		27,174,801 1,051,542						38,977,270		37,117,556		60,586,194 2,228,474		
Transportation		1,407,173		1,070,730		1,049,791				1,441,011		1,347,157		3,399,432		1,430,861				1,927,984
Economic Environment		196,888		232,490		248,223		307,619		287,730		296,528		327,464		329,765		390,376		352,934
Culture and recreation		1,841,595		1,912,995		1,915,433		2,127,041		2,187,973		3,429,596		3,589,831		3,662,242		4,273,266		4,885,327
Interest on long-term debt		5,017,586		5,463,859		5,275,112		4,930,514		4,882,965		6,726,860		4,629,539		5,751,587		5,659,626		5,473,705
Debt issue cost		330,638																		
Total governmental activities expenses		63,223,830		74,232,431		83,389,557		90,132,809		95,464,332		98,985,904		118,638,166		97,209,224		135,150,597		141,573,781
Business-type activities:																				
Town docks												1,234,240		988,621		1,738,328		4,521,415		4,978,763
Golf course												2,309,136		2,196,475		2,001,206		2,914,467		3,937,723
Leisure services		4.066.532		4,432,739		4,931,600		4,889,532		5,146,773						_,				
Building Enterprise								-,								4,924,286		3,070,730		4,037,068
Interest on long-term debt														497,229		699,360		677,089		675,030
Total business-type activities expenses		4,066,532		4,432,739		4,931,600		4,889,532		5,146,773		3,543,376		3,682,325		9,363,180		11,183,701		13,628,584
	<i>c</i>		\$		¢	4,931,000	\$	95,022,341	\$		\$	102,529,280	\$	122,320,491	\$	106,572,404	\$		\$	
Total primary government expenses	\$	67,290,362	\$	78,665,170	\$	88,321,157	\$	95,022,341	\$	100,611,105	\$	102,529,280	\$	122,320,491	\$	106,572,404	\$	146,334,298	\$	155,202,365
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	7,483,722	\$	10,116,770	\$	9,498,005	\$	7,098,034	\$	9,416,642	\$	11,243,637	\$	19,951,281	\$	11,513,238	\$	11,978,479	\$	14,111,099
Public safety	Ŧ	3,441,046	+	2,810,616	+	3,012,132	+	2,123,886	-	2,485,185	+	3,205,143	+	3,588,914	+	3,983,249	+	3,568,361	-	6,401,779
Physical environment		2,148,675		2,500,197		2,198,314		2,273,362		92,365,478		3,736,651		1,450,455		1,406,497		1,251,705		923,716
Transportation		1,293,534		1,321,912		1,395,121		1,369,271		1,456,196		1,544,322		1,905,152		2,728,460		2,935,034		3,292,126
Culture and recreation		1,295,554				1,595,121		1,509,271		1,430,190		377,538		739,378		1,148,175		1,190,148		1,332,653
												377,338		139,318		1,140,175		1,190,140		1,332,033
Operating grants and contributions:		148,023		95,052		65,083		102,302		201,224		355,320		1,059,803		1,013,367		325,277		196,697
General government																				
Public safety		217,125		443,902		212,299		684,874		387,517		867,824		65,273		456,490		227,924		348,539
Physical environment		8,080		302,474		2,569,518		5,040		149,604		8,806				5,960		5,042,856		8,284,546
Transportation				3,077						220,304		121,978		10,000				746,520		718,434
Economic Environment														1,080,655				5,000		235,127
Culture and recreation		3,708		10,574		3,819		59,542		6,348		9				10,002		292,500		440,133
Capital grants and contributions:																				
General government		16,073		360,593		1,000,000				47,122				487,851				100,000		
Public safety		106,020		114,740		106,303		9,467		18,368		161,177								
Physical environment		520,770		377,689		759,024		1,107,657		13,327,684		516,572		1,771,380		17,735,711		456,765		1,329,311
Transportation																1,405,500		727,000		5,000
Economic Environment														5,000		5,000				
Culture and recreation				213,500		350,000		2,021,868		5,067		3,021,735		3,339,646		298,521		1,025,724		0
Total governmental activities program revenues		15,386,776		18,671,096	_	21,169,618		16,855,303	_	120,086,739		25,160,712	_	35,454,788	_	41,710,170	_	29,873,293	_	37,619,160
Business type activities																				
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services:												4 11 (052		F 100 000		1 000 000		10 474 425		15 150 001
Town docks												4,116,852		5,429,988		1,928,332		10,474,415		15,170,001
Golf course												2,455,266		2,332,430		3,650,560		4,325,060		5,061,321
Leisure services		5,278,444		5,809,804		6,110,187		6,332,330		6,868,410										
Building Enterprise																10,741,651		12,305,388		14,849,371
Operating grants and contributions																				
Capital grants and contributions				25,000				132,530		1,761,358										
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	5,278,444		5,834,804		6,110,187		6,464,860	_	8,629,768		6,572,118		7,762,418		16,320,543		27,104,863		35,080,693
Total primary government program revenues	\$	20,665,220	\$	24,505,900	\$	27,279,805	\$	23,320,163	\$	128,716,507	\$	31,732,830	\$	43,217,206	\$	58,030,713	\$	56,978,156	\$	72,699,853
Not (ovnonco)/rovonuo																				
Net (expense)/revenue	~	(47.007.05.0	¢	(55 5/4 225)	¢	((2.210.020)	¢	(70.077.50.5)	c	24 (22 105	¢	(72.025.105)	¢	(02.102.270)	¢	(FE 400.05))	¢	(105 055 00 0	¢	(100.054.(53)
Governmental activities	\$	(47,837,054)	\$	(55,561,335)	\$	(62,219,939)	\$	(73,277,506)	\$	24,622,407	\$	(73,825,192)	\$	(83,183,378)	\$	(55,499,054)	\$	(105,277,304)	\$	(103,954,621)
Business-type activities		1,211,912		1,402,065		1,178,587		1,575,328		3,482,995		3,028,742		4,080,093		6,957,363		15,921,162	<u> </u>	21,452,109
Total primary government net expense	\$	(46,625,142)	\$	(54,159,270)	\$	(61,041,352)	\$	(71,702,178)	\$	28,105,402	\$	(70,796,450)	\$	(79,103,285)	\$	(48,541,691)	\$	(89,356,142)	\$	(82,502,512)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Accrual Basis of Accounting

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	_	2022		2023
General Revenues and Other Changes in																				
Net Position																				
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes:																				
Property taxes	s	39,110,926	s	43,869,888	s	47,882,187	s	50,195,981	\$	52,282,253	\$	54,883,747	s	56,817,697	\$	58,016,220	s	60,530,819	\$	66,331,261
Local option gas tax	Ψ	310,290	Ψ	329,481	Ψ	338,120	Ψ	352,281	Ψ	347,820	Ψ	353,375	Ψ	315,146	Ψ	326,859	Ψ	342,808	Ψ	356,093
Infrastructure surtax		510,290		527,401				350,847		576,792		623,176		515,140		520,057		342,000		550,075
Franchise fees		2,172,540		2,168,171		2,132,019		2,305,715		2,249,067		2,226,941		2,176,528		2,267,996		2,600,808		2,901,197
Utility service taxes		5,463,267		5,558,660		5,591,219		5,695,690		5,795,378		5,945,986		6,052,180		6,125,995		6,358,180		6,716,048
Business tax receipts		702,711		682,428		723,649		713,710		771,499		773,039		813,903		805,710		832,757		916,897
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		939,801		945,915		980,977		958,373		987,807		1,023,012		1,580,805		1,778,259		2,126,261		2,370,467
Investment earnings (loss)		1,486,459		1,460,232		1,952,317		2,062,752		5,383,592		8,444,652		6,841,308		2,875,063		(3,156,272)		7,773,645
Miscellaneous		891,628		1,007,465		191,090		376,602		788,898		1,124,079		713,748		1,303,163		670,610		1,268,432
Insurance Recoveries						320,105		354,723		270,358		538,042								
Gain on disposal of assets																92,045				
Transfers		(207,700)		1,087,200		989,100		870,967		(3,816,737)		14,564,120		224,813		3,388,338		7,780,849		9,640,396
Total governmental activities		50,869,922		57,109,440		61,100,783		64,237,641		65,636,727		90,500,169		75,536,128		76,979,648		78,086,820		98,274,436
																,		,,		
Business-type activities																				
Investment earnings (loss)		14,615		17,024		65,492		40,651		63,516		473,895		268,115		37,658		(184, 401)		1,435,603
Miscellaneous				4,168																
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets														2,305				8,985		(71,893)
Transfers		207,700		(1,087,200)		(989,100)		(870,967)		3,816,737		(14,564,120)	_	(224,813)	_	(3,388,338)	_	(7,780,849)	_	(9,640,396)
Total business-type activities		222,315		(1,066,008)		(923,608)		(830,316)		3,880,253		(14,090,225)		45,607		(3,350,680)		(7,956,265)		(8,276,686)
Total primary government	\$	51,092,237	\$	56,043,432	\$	60,177,175	\$	63,407,325	\$	69,516,980	\$	76,409,944	\$	75,581,735	\$	73,628,968	\$	70,130,555	\$	89,997,750
Changes in Net Position																				
Governmental activities	\$	3,032,868	\$	1,548,105	\$	(1,119,156)	\$	(9,039,865)	\$	90,259,134	\$	16,674,977	\$	(7,647,250)	\$	21,480,594	\$	(27,190,484)	\$	(5,680,185)
Business-type activities		1,434,227		336,057		254,979		745,012	,	7,363,248		(11,061,483)		4,125,700		3,606,683	,	(7,956,265)		13,175,423
Total primary government	\$	4,467,095	\$	1,884,162	\$	(864,177)	\$	(8,294,853)	\$	97,622,382	\$	5,613,494	\$	(3,521,550)	\$	25,087,277	\$	(35,146,749)	\$	7,495,238
. ,,	<u> </u>		-			/	_	(<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	—	2022		2023
General Fund																				
Non Spendable:																				
Non Spendable	\$	520,247	\$	510,044	\$	487,341	\$	385,786	\$	425,502	\$	396,466	\$	365,478	\$	425,020	\$	525,084	\$	597,941
Spendable:																				
Restricted																				
Committed		3,456,532		3,168,789		3,061,180		3,210,518		3,129,714		3,094,888		2,784,655		2,791,672		2,476,077		2,995,677
Assigned		2,486,676		2,621,024		5,480,500		6,536,676		2,335,827		2,158,458		2,379,755		2,128,338		4,289,488		7,612,078
Unassigned		22,298,680		22,267,051		21,615,082		17,716,419		23,063,128		26,540,203		29,628,725		32,134,296		30,702,132		33,048,585
Total General Fund	\$	28,762,135	\$	28,566,908	\$	30,644,103	\$	27,849,399	\$	28,954,171	\$	32,190,015	\$	35,158,613	\$	37,479,326	\$	37,992,781	\$	44,254,281
All other governmental funds																				
Non Spendable:																				
Non Spendable	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		¢		\$	483,144	\$	6,501	\$	29,177	\$	292,682
	æ		æ		æ		æ		æ		Þ		æ	405,144	æ	6,501	Ф	29,177	æ	292,002
Spendable:		50 505 550		05 505 505		04 500 010		18 505 88/		15 500 0/0		(0.024.04((1.00(.000		(7 (01 010		50 005 000		05 000 444
Restricted		50,785,559		37,587,735		24,703,210		17,535,776		17,722,369		68,934,046		61,396,892		67,691,812		53,835,802		35,322,446
Committed																				
Assigned		44,233,613		30,085,768		19,316,913		25,987,032		35,293,163		54,324,328		48,705,923		49,996,413		51,711,650		60,557,429
Unassigned	-	(2,004,706)	<i>•</i>	(1,558,223)	<i>•</i>	(1,864,970)	<u>+</u>	(3,578,081)	<i>•</i>	(2,515,068)	_	(2,236,544)	<i>.</i>	(1,907,418)	<i>•</i>	(1,031,376)	_	(813,747)		(603,409)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	93,014,466	\$	66,115,280	\$	42,155,153	\$	39,944,727	\$	50,500,464	\$	121,021,830	\$	108,678,541	\$	116,663,350	\$	104,762,882	\$	95,569,148

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Property		cal Option	Franchise	_	Utility	Business	
Year	Taxes	(Gas Tax	Fees	Se	rvice Taxes	Tax Receipts	Total
2014	\$ 39,110,926	\$	310,290	\$ 2,172,540	\$	5,463,267	\$ 702,711	\$ 47,759,734
2015	43,869,888		329,481	2,168,171		5,558,660	682,428	52,608,628
2016	47,882,187		338,120	2,132,019		5,591,219	723,649	56,667,194
2017	50,195,981		352,282	2,035,715		5,695,690	713,710	58,993,378
2018	52,282,254		347,820	2,217,998		5,795,377	771,499	61,414,948
2019	54,883,747		353 <i>,</i> 375	2,226,941		5,945,986	773,039	64,183,088
2020	56,817,697		315,146	2,176,528		6,052,180	813,903	66,175,454
2021	58,016,221		326,858	2,267,996		6,125,995	805,710	67,542,780
2022	60,530,819		342,808	2,600,808		6,358,180	832,757	70,665,372
2023	66,331,261		356,093	2,901,197		6,716,048	916,897	77,221,496
	66,331,261		356,093	2,901,197		6,716,048	916,897	77,
ange: 2014-2023	69.6%		14.8%	33.5%		22.9%	30.5%	61.

Town of Palm Beach, Florida *Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds*

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	201	4	2015		2016	 2017		2018	 2019	 2020		2021		2022	 2023
Revenues				_			_				_				
Taxes	\$ 47,7	59,734	\$ 52,608,628	\$	56,667,194	\$ 59,263,377	\$	61,446,017	\$ 64,183,088	\$ 66,175,454	\$	67,542,780	\$	70,665,372	\$ 77,221,496
Fees and permits	7,4	01,315	10,020,118		9,422,858	7,024,524		9,339,708	11,126,361	9,010,686		1,693,234		2,544,896	2,331,092
Intergovernmental	1,0	56,503	1,074,234		1,106,768	1,352,991		1,603,835	1,709,861	1,580,805		1,778,259		2,126,261	2,370,467
Charges for services	3,7	41,185	3,957,603		4,131,754	3,681,925		3,763,590	5,152,779	5,648,639		7,176,166		7,803,802	9,166,079
Fines and forfeitures	1,9	24,183	1,115,240		1,185,547	799,768		1,068,792	916,035	780,975		940,000		1,247,451	3,214,593
Contributions and donations	4	21,366	736,770		1,946,658	3,294,902		565,675	4,339,616	3,539,029		2,423,353		2,276,014	6,693,394
Investment earnings (loss)	6	26,295	1,184,939		857,219	738,997		4,296,845	6,969,546	5,786,543		2,884,175		(2,018,029)	4,804,709
Grant revenue		58,805	490,367		3,120,771	69,735		7,491,989	6,295,845	2,021,348		10,358,077		1,416,950	873,509
Special Assessments and related interest	1,1	83,221	1,538,098		1,257,358	1,227,990		14,368,109	2,784,534	3,102,131		9,448,989		5,156,602	4,837,583
Miscellaneous	6	63,967	177,606		291,461	506,948		783,431	1,263,621	713,748		1,303,163		670,610	1,268,432
Total revenues		36,574	72,903,603		79,987,588	 77,961,157		104,727,991	 104,741,286	 98,359,358		105,548,196		91,889,929	 112,781,354
		50,071	12,500,000		13,501,000	 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1010 2000	 101,, 11,200	 10,000,000		100,010,170		,1,000,020	 112,7 01,001
Expenditures															
General government	9,4	82,734	10,349,294		10,672,235	11,144,220		10,979,679	10,029,283	9,910,235		8,776,140		10,207,201	12,443,969
Public safety	25,8	03,242	26,328,383		28,298,011	29,168,148		29,049,008	30,058,951	32,575,116		32,608,073		32,586,006	35,483,219
Physical environment	12,8	48,052	16,836,864		14,953,923	18,042,161		24,718,387	22,244,428	23,242,395		25,561,935		37,995,165	42,854,502
Transportation	1,2	82,851	1,084,764		1,081,675	1,128,328		1,192,357	1,070,521	1,272,189		1,027,931		1,340,620	1,443,864
Economic Environment	1	96,888	232,490		248,223	307,619		287,730	296,528	327,464		329,765		390,376	352,934
Culture and recreation	1,8	70,601	1,931,194		1,938,661	2,186,244		2,251,619	3,073,134	3,573,250		3,915,810		4,206,460	4,735,869
Non-departmental	1,8	80,251	1,925,555		1,967,485	4,708,491		6,609,398	11,434,745	7,324,441		7,434,622		7,606,161	7,695,545
Capital outlay	11,5	73,533	34,409,565		35,114,632	10,032,899		10,897,086	16,579,026	19,173,640		17,449,796		5,715,621	9,431,443
Debt service															
Principal	1,3	20,000	2,260,000		2,340,000	2,445,000		2,550,000	3,360,000	3,775,000		4,420,000		4,841,595	5,179,373
Interest and other fiscal charges	4.5	24,027	5,727,107		5,642,453	4,674,144		5,315,481	6,745,700	7,482,108		6,337,311		6,303,166	6,087,602
Bond issue costs	3	30,638			403,895										
Payment to refunded bond escrow					622,861										
Total expenditures	71,1	12,817	101,085,216	_	103,284,054	 83,837,254		93,850,745	 104,892,316	 108,655,838		107,861,383	_	111,192,371	 125,708,320
Revenues															
over (under) expenditures	(5.9	76,243)	(28,181,613)		(23,296,466)	(5,876,097)		10,877,246	(151,030)	(10,296,480)		(2,313,187)		(19,302,442)	(12,926,966)
over (under) expenditures	(3,9	70,243)	(20,101,015)		(23,290,400)	(3,870,097)		10,077,240	(151,050)	(10,290,400)		(2,313,107)		(19,502,442)	(12,920,900)
Other financing sources (uses)															
Lease (right-of-use asset) acquired														63,063	
Subscriptions acquired															354,336
Transfers in	32,6	93,862	23,861,850		19,884,368	18,484,704		20,779,956	31,148,637	17,337,494		19,690,846		28,063,103	31,728,739
Transfers out		42,649)	(22,774,650)		(18,895,268)	(17,613,737)		(19,996,693)	(17,740,294)	(17,112,681)		(16,271,033)		(20,210,737)	(22,088,343)
Bonds/Notes proceeds	58,4	94,720			58,432,064				60,499,897	53,499,266		9,198,896			
Payment to refunded bond escrow					(58,007,630)	 			 	 (52,802,290)					
Total other financing															
sources (uses)	63,1	45,933	1,087,200		1,413,534	 870,967		783,263	 73,908,240	 921,789		12,618,709		7,915,429	 9,994,732
Net change in fund balance	\$ 57,1	69,690	\$ (27,094,413)	\$	(21,882,932)	\$ (5,005,130)	\$	11,660,509	\$ 73,757,210	\$ (9,374,691)	\$	10,305,522	\$	(11,387,013)	\$ (2,932,234)
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures		10.39%	11.94%		12.24%	9.57%		9.40%	11.42%	12.56%		11.76%		10.57%	9.69%
expenditures		10.37/0	11.94 /0	_	12.24/0	 7.37 /0		7.4U /0	 11.42 /0	 12.30 /0		11.70/0	—	10.37 /0	 9.09/0

Historic and Projected General Fund Non-Ad Valorem Revenues

Last Ten Fiscal Years Actual and Next Year Budgeted

	_	Actual FY2014	Actual FY2015	 Actual FY2016	 Actual FY2017		Actual FY2018	 Actual FY2019		Actual FY2020		Actual FY2021		Actual FY2022	 Actual FY2023	Budget FY2024
Franchise Fees	\$	2,172,540	6 2,168,171	\$ 2,132,019	\$ 2,305,715	\$	2,249,067	\$ 2,226,940	\$	2,176,527	\$	2,267,996	\$	2,600,809	\$ 2,901,197 \$	2,405,000
Utility Service Tax		5,463,267	5,558,660	5,591,219	5,695,690		5,795,377	5,945,986		6,052,179		6,125,995		6,358,178	6,716,048	6,335,000
Business Tax Receipts		702,711	682,429	723,649	713,710		771,499	773,039		813,903		805,710		832,756	916,897	910,000
Building Permits (2)		6,919,361	9,508,851	8,791,344	6,490,797		8,739,628	9,892,112		7,826,548		11,084,334		12,972,784	15,304,251	10,277,500
Other License Fees & Permits		481,955	511,268	631,514	533,727		600,080	1,234,249		1,184,138		1,277,412		1,795,779	1,793,674	1,530,000
State Shared Revenue (1)		988,578	1,040,960	1,053,691	957,861		1,002,841	1,041,631		965,512		1,065,880		1,292,729	1,415,603	1,170,000
Local Shared Revenue		25,795	15,040	24,199	19,598		24,202	23,485		18,895		22,743		21,246	27,248	17,500
General Government		39,658	39,052	37,228	38,618		42,094	79,001		76,466		149,653		106,006	93,761	93,500
Public Safety		1,516,863	1,711,089	1,837,295	1,324,118		1,416,643	2,301,067		2,807,939		3,064,236		2,346,787	3,212,295	2,279,500
Physical Environment		1,226,434	1,192,087	1,179,500	1,277,199		1,177,602	1,175,710		1,101,088		1,099,683		1,251,706	1,260,353	1,164,000
Transportation		958,230	1,015,373	1,077,731	1,041,990		1,127,251	1,219,460		1,194,084		2,004,501		2,935,033	3,292,127	3,438,778
Fines & Forfeitures		1,924,183	1,099,526	1,174,837	799,768		1,068,444	904,076		780,976		750,060		1,316,140	3,283,417	968,500
Culture and Recreation								377,523		469,059		879,079		1,190,148	1,332,653	1,222,860
Investment Earnings (loss)		383,727	597,586	490,102	421,514		702,261	969,180		696,608		111,540		(336,084)	3,360,519	785,386
Rents & Royalties		42,749	57,599	37,919	34,892		34,840	38,290		47,139		66,504		74,416	93,891	312,200
Sale of Capital Assets		353,100														
Miscellaneous Other		253,347	110,637	245,143	435,258		349,337	376,212		432,016		433,584		384,925	892,091	283,000
Marina Fund Revenue (3)	_			 	 	_		 	_	3,210,696	_	44,565	_	10,234,080	 15,941,623	15,932,000
Total Non-Ad Valorem Revenues	\$	23,452,498	5 25,308,328	\$ 25,027,390	\$ 22,090,455	\$	25,101,164	\$ 28,577,961	\$	29,853,773	\$	31,253,474	\$	45,377,437	\$ 61,837,648 \$	49,124,724

(1) Excludes 8th cent motor fuel tax and fuel tax refund.

(2) Includes Building Permit Revenues that are accounted for in a separate Building Fund beginning in 2021. These funds are restricted and can only be used for building permit related expenses as set forth in Chapter 553, Florida Statutes.
 (3) Marina Fund Revenues are not restricted; however, the Town plans to apply such revenues directly to pay debt service on the 2020 Revenue Note. The marina was closed for construction in FY21 and reopened in November 2022.

DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN MAJOR SOURCES OF NON-AD VALOREM REVENUES AS DEFINED IN BOND DOCUMENT (UNAUDITED)

Franchise Fees

Public utilities operating within the Town must pay the Town a franchise fee in return for the right to do business within the Town and for the right to use public rights-of-way. Franchise agreements currently in effect include: Florida Public Utilities, Florida Power & Light, BellSouth Telecommunications, and Comcast Cable.

Utility Service Tax

The Town levies a utility tax on the purchase of electricity, metered or bottled gas, water service and telecommunication services. The Town levies this tax at the state allowed maximum of 10% for all services.

Business Tax Receipts

Any person engaging in or managing any business, occupation, or profession within the limits of the Town of Palm Beach must obtain a business license. All licenses must be secured at the time the business begins operation and are renewed thereafter each October 1. The fee for each license is based on the business in which the entity is engaged.

Building Permits

Building permit fees include all building, electrical, mechanical, and plumbing permits as well as architectural fees, variance application fees, and landmark application fees. Building permit fees were reduced in FY2017 and FY2020. Building permit fees and all related expenses were moved to the Building Fund in FY2021. These fees are restricted for building permit related expenses per F.S. 553.

Other License Fees and Permits

These revenues include, right of way permits, parking permits and registrations.

State Shared Revenue

Revenues that are distributed from the State of Florida to the Town are included in this line item. A portion of this revenue is State Revenue Sharing. The current structure of the revenue sharing program has three revenue sources for municipalities: Sales & Use Tax, one-cent Municipal Gas Tax and the State Alternative Fuel Decal Users Fee. Of these sources, the one-cent Municipal Gas Tax (Local Option Gas Tax) is restricted to expenditures for roads and has not been included in the Historic and Projected Non Ad Valorem Revenue Chart. Also included in the State Shared Revenue sections are the following distributions from the State of Florida: Alcoholic Beverage License and Sales Tax.

Local Shared Revenue

Local shared revenue includes a portion of the Palm Beach County Occupational License fees and a 911 equipment reimbursement.

General Government Revenues

These revenues include charges for copies, meeting tapes, lien search fees, microfiche, certification of copies and sales of maps and code books.

Public Safety Revenue

Public Safety Revenue includes special detail pay for police and fire officers, EMS transport fees, burglar alarm registration and false alarm fees, police ID cards, Direct Connect Alarm fees, and fire inspection fees.

Physical Environment Revenue

Physical Environment Revenue includes solid waste collection fees, (collected through a non-ad valorem assessment), and recycling fees.

Transportation

Revenues include parking meter and permit collections.

Fines and Forfeitures

Fines and penalties received from traffic violations, parking meter violations, right-of-way violations, and code compliance fines.

Culture and Recreation

In FY19, the Recreation Activities, which include adult and youth program fees and tennis fees, were transferred into the General Fund. These programs were previously included in the Recreation Enterprise Fund, which has been dissolved to separate out the Marina and Par 3 Golf Course into separate enterprise funds.

Contributions

Contributions represent donations by citizens and businesses for various Town projects.

Investment Earnings

Represents interest earnings on cash, cash equivalents, and investments.

Rents and Royalties

Represents revenue from the rental of public property, pay phone and vending machine commissions.

Sale of Capital Assets

Revenue represents proceeds from the sale of capital assets. Revenue represents proceeds from the sale of Town owned property, except where required to be applied in connection with related outstanding bonds.

Miscellaneous Other Revenue

Revenues include fees associated with charitable solicitations, a rebate for Town towing, State highway lighting maintenance, insurance proceeds for hurricane damage and other miscellaneous revenues.

Marina Fund Revenue

Marina Fund Revenues are included in Non-Ad Valorem Revenues beginning in FY20. The Town issued a Revenue Bond in FY20 for the reconstruction of the Town Marina. The Marina was closed from May of 2020 through November 2021 for construction. The Marina reopened in FY22.

Outstanding Town Indebtedness

On August 25, 2016, the Town issued bonds to refund the 2010A & 2010B bonds. This transaction produced gross savings of \$8,900,539 over 23 years. The net present value savings is \$6,895,965 or 13.35%. The all-in true interest cost (TIC) for the 2016 issue was 2.75%. On October 17, 2019, the Town refunded the remaining \$4,660,000 of the 2010A bonds. The refunding achieved \$1,157,902 of net present value debt service savings or 25.39% of the refunded bonds par amount. The all-in true interest cost (TIC) was 2.46%.

In 2013, the Town issued Public Improvement Revenue Bonds in a par amount of \$55,590,000. The proceeds of the bond were used for the second phase of the Town's Accelerated Capital Improvement Program (\$44,997,957) groin rehabilitation and seawall replacement (\$11,900,000) and the Town's portion of the Par 3 Clubhouse project (\$1,250,000). The all-in TIC for the 2013 issue was 4.49%. In 2019, the Town issued bonds to refund most of the 2013 bonds. The transaction produced savings of \$4,385,248 or 10.24%. The all-in TIC for the 2019 refunding was 3.036%.

In 2020, the Town issued \$31,000,000 in Revenue Bonds through CenterState Bank for the Marina Construction project. This bond is secured by non-ad valorem revenues. The rate on the bonds is 2.25%.

The voters approved a referendum on March 15, 2016, for the issuance of \$90,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds for the Underground Utility Project. The Town issued \$56,040,000 of the General Obligation Bonds in September 2018. The all-in TIC for the 2018 series was 3.64%.

In 2021, the Town issued \$8,575,000 in General Obligation Bonds through Robert W. Baird & Co. Inc. for the Underground Utility Project. The all-in TIC for the 2021 series was 2.02%.

The General Obligation Bonds shall be payable first from the Underground Utility Project Special Assessments and, to the extent the Underground Utility Project Special Assessments are insufficient to pay debt service or not assessed, ad valorem taxes levied and collected in the Town on all taxable property in the Town sufficient to pay principal and interest on the bonds as they become due and payable. The Town may apply other legally available sources of revenues to the payment of the Bonds.

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Less: Tax-exempt	Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax	Total Assessed	Assessed Value as a %
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate	Value	of Actual Value
2014 \$	13,830,680,923 \$	943,455,273 \$	1,795,500 \$	368,781,059 \$	(2,772,972,410) \$	12,371,740,345	3.2468 \$	12,862,947,349	96%
2015	15,403,086,966	1,160,442,899	1,885,275	326,783,978	(3,631,110,871)	13,261,088,247	3.4058	13,728,091,553	97%
2016	17,428,504,556	1,270,937,024	1,885,275	341,777,143	(4,533,683,531)	14,509,420,467	3.3779	14,987,210,512	97%
2017	19,293,989,329	1,389,277,926	1,108,283	360,821,288	(5,286,783,579)	15,758,413,247	3.2706	16,253,191,394	97%
2018	19,863,333,751	1,559,628,992		385,867,603	(5,019,966,708)	16,788,863,638	3.2037	17,291,500,785	97%
2019	21,355,255,337	1,652,651,648		421,729,767	(5,397,143,225)	18,032,493,527	3.1350	18,562,636,660	97%
2020	21,910,296,539	1,734,693,448		431,596,527	(5,021,617,077)	19,054,969,437	3.0681	19,567,684,515	97%
2021	22,466,173,359	1,767,335,280		453,694,015	(4,778,778,966)	19,908,423,688	2.9962	20,442,618,497	97%
2022	25,798,185,017	1,758,608,691		459,635,521	(6,487,338,053)	21,529,091,176	2.8966	22,077,727,793	98%
2023	37,892,322,245	2,321,399,124		539,510,599	(15,390,981,238)	25,362,250,730	2.6932	25,970,396,584	98%

Assessed value is an annual determination of the just or fair market value of the property, or the value of the homestead property as limited pursuant to State law.

Taxable value is the assessed value of property minus the amount of any applicable exemption provided under State law.

Property in Palm Beach County is reassessed every three years on average by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser

Town of Palm Beach, Florida Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fown Direct Rates			Overlapping Rates		
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Debt Service	Total Direct	School District	Palm Beach County	Special Taxing Districts	Total All
2013	3.2512	0.0000	3.2512	7.7780	4.9902	2.3154	18.3348
2014	3.2468	0.0000	3.2468	7.5860	4.9852	2.2280	18.0460
2015	3.4058	0.0000	3.4058	7.5940	4.9729	2.1732	18.1459
2016	3.3779	0.0000	3.3779	7.5120	4.9277	2.0974	17.9150
2017	3.2706	0.0000	3.2706	7.0700	4.9142	1.9453	17.2001
2018	3.2037	0.0000	3.2037	6.7690	4.9023	1.7818	16.6568
2019	3.1350	0.0000	3.1350	6.5720	4.8980	1.6920	16.2970
2020	3.0681	0.0000	3.0681	7.1640	4.8580	1.6873	16.7774
2021	2.9962	0.0000	2.9962	7.0100	4.8124	1.6753	16.4939
2022	2.8966	0.0000	2.8966	6.8750	4.8149	1.6386	16.2251
2023	2.6932	0.0000	2.6932	6.5190	4.7439	1.5390	15.4951
Tax rate limits	- Ten mills per Florida S assessed valuation).	tatute 200.81 (one mil	l equals \$1 per \$1,00	10 of			
Scope of tax rate limit	- No municipality shall personal property in ex special benefits and approval of those taxpa	cess of ten mills of the debt service on oblig	assessed value, excep gations issued with	t for			
Taxes assessed	- January 1						
Taxes due	- March 31						
Taxes delinquent	- April 1						
Discount allowed	- 4% November; 3% Dece	mber, 2% January; 1%	February				
Penalties for delinquent	- 2.5% after April 1, incre	ase .5% each ten days; 1	maximum 5%				
Tax collector	- Palm Beach County						
Tax collector's commissio	n - None						

Principal Property Tax Payers September 30, 2023 and Nine Years Ago

				2023			2014						
	Taxable Assessed		Taxes		Percentage of Town Taxable		Taxable Assessed		Taxes		Percentage of Town Taxable		
		Value	Paid		Rank	Assessed Value		Value		Paid	Rank	Assessed Value	
The Breaker's	\$	427,662,535	\$	1,151,781	1	1.67%	\$	260,138,652	\$	844,618	1	2.08%	
Blossom Way Holdings LLC		247,082,881		665,444	2	0.97%							
Nelson Peltz		147,802,654		398,062	3	0.58%		94,927,810		308,212	2	0.76%	
Providencia Partners LLC		196,811,517		530,053	4	0.77%							
Alice Sanders		153,199,741		412,598	5	0.60%							
WEMIO LLC		113,492,871		305,659	6	0.44%							
Wilson 150 Worth LLC		108,109,071		291,159	7	0.42%		63,467,514		206,066	5	0.51%	
V Associates PB LLC		108,109,071		291,159	8	0.42%		57,309,649		186,073	6	0.46%	
Brooke Schonfeld		119,602,757		322,114	9	0.47%							
ohn Paulson		113,636,494		306,046	10	0.44%						0.00%	
County Road Property LLC								71,150,525		231,012	3	0.57%	
PBH LLC								63,443,726		205,989	4	0.51%	
Sydell Miller								54,223,066		176,051	7	0.43%	
700 North Lake LLC								50,488,698		163,927	8	0.40%	
White Sea Holdings LLC								54,744,755		177,745	9	0.44%	
Dwight Schar								48,448,956		157,304	10	0.39%	
Totals	\$	1,735,509,592	\$	4,674,074		6.79%	\$	818,343,351	\$	2,656,997		6.53%	

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Net Tax Levy*	(Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	elinquent Tax ollections	Total Property Tax Collections	Collections as a Percent of Current Levy
2014	\$ 40,168,565	\$	39,067,303	97.26%	\$ 43,623	\$ 39,110,926	97.37%
2015	45,709,498		43,979,362	96.21%	9,128	43,988,490	96.23%
2016	49,611,524		47,733,340	96.21%	193,117	47,926,457	96.60%
2017	52,099,146		50,080,658	96.13%	115,323	50,195,981	96.35%
2018	54,179,433		52,135,566	96.23%	146,687	52,282,253	96.50%
2019	57,064,172		54,847,083	96.11%	36,664	54,883,747	96.18%
2020	58,925,725		56,740,735	96.29%	76,962	56,817,697	96.42%
2021	60,141,114		57,966,306	96.38%	49,914	58,016,220	96.47%
2022	62,803,828		60,529,492	96.38%	1,327	60,530,819	96.38%
2023	68,721,316		66,085,830	96.16%	245,431	66,331,261	96.52%

Note: All property taxes are assessed and collected by the Palm Beach County Tax Collector without charge to the Town. Collections are distributed in full as collected.

* Tax levy, net of allowance for discounts.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			G	overnment	al A	ctivities			iness-type ctivities					
Fiscal Year	Obl	eneral igation onds	Revenue Refunding Bonds		Revenue Bonds/Notes		Capital Leases		Revenue Bonds/Notes			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2014	\$		\$		\$	125,139,203	\$		\$		\$	125,139,203	11.85%	\$ 14,882
2015						123,042,406						123,042,406	12.19%	15,302
2016						125,798,878						125,798,878	14.83%	15,647
2017						122,721,163						122,721,163	14.55%	14,802
2018						119,397,705	18	4,492				119,582,197	12.99%	14,416
2019	59	9,620,815				115,958,418	13	9,939				175,719,172	19.03%	21,118
2020	58	3,372,706				116,574,304	10	5,915	33	1,000,000		206,052,925	17.34%	24,504
2021	66	6,265,622				112,517,667	4	7,718	3	1,000,000		209,831,007	16.06%	22,697
2022	64	,662,339				108,377,680			29	9,690,000		202,730,019	13.03%	21,993
2023	63	3,005,782		-		104,121,216			28	8,350,000		195,476,998	9.87%	21,231

Note: Details about the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Percentage			
	(General	Less: A	mounts		of Assessed			
Fiscal		bligation	Availabl	e in Debt		Value of		Per	
Year		Bonds	Servio	ce Fund	 Total	Taxable Property	Capita		
2014	\$		\$		\$ 	N/A	\$		
2015						N/A			
2016						N/A			
2017						N/A			
2018						N/A			
2019		59,620,815			59,620,815	0.33%		7,165	
2020		58,372,706			58,372,706	0.30%		6,942	
2021		66,265,622			66,265,622	0.32%		7,168	
2022		64,662,339			64,662,339	0.29%		7,015	
2023		63,005,782			63,005,782	0.29%		6,843	

Note: For each fiscal year ending September 30, property is valued as of January 1st

of the preceding calendar year.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt September 30, 2023

	Тс	otal Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Town of Palm Beach ⁽¹⁾	Amount Applicable to Town of Palm Beach		
Direct:						
Town of Palm Beach	\$	167,126,998	100.00%	\$ 167,126,998		
Overlapping:						
Palm Beach County	\$	864,780,888	10.50%	\$ 90,789,619		
Palm Beach County School District		1,522,462	10.50%	159,837		
Total overlapping debt		866,303,350		90,949,456		
Total direct and overlapping debt						
payable from ad valorem taxes	\$	1,033,430,348		\$ 258,076,454		
Estimated population				9,207		
Total direct and overlapping						
debt per capita				\$ 28,030		

⁽¹⁾ Based on 2023 ratio of assessed taxable values.

Source: Finance Department, Town of Palm Beach, Florida Palm Beach County Property Appraiser School Board of Palm Beach County

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Town's taxable assessed value that is within the County's boundaries and multiplying it by the County and School Board General Obligation Debt outstanding.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015		2016		2017	_	2018		2019	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023
Debt limit	\$ 643,147,367	\$ 686,404,52	8 9	749,360,526	\$	812,659,570	\$	864,575,039	\$	928,131,833	\$ 978,384,226	\$ 1,022,130,925	\$ 1,103,886,390	\$ 1,298,519,829
Total net debt applicable to limit										59,620,815	 58,372,706	 66,265,622	 64,662,339	63,005,782
Legal debt margin	\$ 643,147,367	\$ 686,404,52	8 9	749,360,526	\$	812,659,570	\$	864,575,039	\$	868,511,018	\$ 920,011,520	\$ 955,865,303	\$ 1,039,224,051	\$ 1,235,514,047
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	-	0.00%	_	0.00%	_	6.42%	 5.97%	 6.48%	 5.86%	4.85%

The Town of Palm Beach has a 5% general obligation debt limit as a percent of taxable value per Section 7.02 of the Town Charter.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

		on-Ad Valorem Revenue Available for		Curre	nt Debt Service	2		Current
Fiscal Year	Ľ	ebt Coverage	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2014	\$	23,452,498	\$ 1,320,000	\$	4,524,027	\$	5,844,027	4.01
2015		25,308,328	2,260,000		5,722,457		7,982,457	3.17
2016		25,027,390	2,340,000		5,636,404		7,976,404	3.14
2017		22,090,455	2,445,000		4,664,860		7,109,860	3.11
2018		25,101,164	2,550,000		5,074,845		7,624,845	3.29
2019		28,577,961	2,670,000		4,962,945		7,632,945	3.74
2020		29,853,773	2,785,000		4,382,997		7,167,997	4.16
2021		31,253,474	3,380,000		4,602,797		7,982,797	3.92
2022		45,377,437	4,810,000		4,439,153		9,249,153	4.91
2023		61,837,648	6,365,000		6,732,444		13,097,444	4.72

The Town's revenue bonds and note are special obligations of the Town payable solely from and secured solely by non-ad valorem revenue and any unused debt proceeds and related investment income. Note 7 describes the Town's current bond status.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Estimated Total Personal		Per Capita Personal		Education Level in Years of	School	Unemploymen
Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	 Income	_	Income ⁽²⁾	Median Age ⁽²⁾	Schooling	Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Rate ⁽⁴⁾
2014	8,170	\$ 1,025,637,290	\$	125,537	68.7	N/A	413	6.0%
2015	8,409	1,055,640,633		125,537	68.7	N/A	406	5.0%
2016	8,040	848,437,080		105,527	67.6	N/A	406	5.1%
2017	8,291	843,609,250		101,750	67.9	N/A	399	4.1%
2018	8,295	920,421,495		110,961	68.5	N/A	365	3.1%
2019	8,321	923,306,481		110,961	68.5	N/A	383	3.2%
2020	8,409	1,188,595,332		141,348	70.6	N/A	362	7.0%
2021	9,245	1,306,762,260		141,348	70.6	N/A	420	4.1%
2022	9,218	1,555,878,566		168,787	70.6	N/A	388	2.7%
2023	9,207	1,980,803,187		215,141	70.7	N/A	373	3.0%

Data Sources:

(1) The population for 2020 was obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau. All remaining populations

were obtained from the University of Florida, Bureau of Economic Business Administration.

(2) U.S. Census Bureau

(3) Palm Beach County School District

(4) Business Development Board of Palm Beach County. Data is for the West Palm Beach to

Boca Raton metropolitan area.

Principal Employers

September 30, 2023 and Nine Years Ago

		2023		2014			
Freelower	Employees ⁽¹⁾	Decile	Percentage of Total Town	Employees ⁽¹⁾	Derela	Percentage of Total Town	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Breakers Palm Beach Inc	1,892	1	15.96%	2,644	1	18.59%	
Four Seasons	368	2	3.10%	420	2	2.95%	
Town of Palm Beach	362	3	3.05%	349	3	2.45%	
John Hopkins University	223	4	1.88%				
Everglades Club	165	5	1.39%	360	4	2.53%	
Colony Palm Beach	145	6	1.22%				
Faber Coe & Gregg	147	7	1.24%				
Palm Beach Day Academy	132	8	1.11%				
Early Foundations	104	9	0.88%				
Sailfish Club of Florida	101	10	0.85%				
Gunster, Yoakley & Stewart				253	5	1.78%	
Testa's				221	6	1.55%	
Bath and Tennis				150	7	1.05%	
Coldwell Banker/Century 21				144	8	1.01%	
CSC Palm Beach LLP				140	9	0.98%	
Charley's Crab				130	10	0.91%	
Totals	3,639		30.70%	4,811		33.82%	

Source: (1) Florida Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), Bureau of Labor Market Statistics

Full-time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government	75.62	78.87	82.23	82.33	83.46	76.18	73.86	74.55	75.74	78.06
Public Safety										
Building Official	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Land Development	10.85	10.85	13.15	13.15	13.15	13.75	13.25	14.25	15.88	17.88
Police Officers	70.00	70.00	70.00	69.00	69.00	67.00	67.00	67.00	67.00	71.00
Firefighters	66.00	66.00	64.00	64.00	70.00	67.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00
Civilian Police/Fire	45.25	45.25	45.25	46.25	45.75	45.75	46.60	42.60	41.25	43.25
Physical Environment										
Sanitation	38.23	38.23	38.23	38.22	38.18	37.01	37.00	36.02	35.80	35.80
Storm Sewer Maintenance	17.77	17.77	17.76	17.86	17.96	17.93	18.03	15.64	14.50	15.00
Transportation										
Roads and Streets	5.67	5.67	5.92	5.76	6.14	5.03	3.46	4.17	6.33	6.00
Culture and Recreation										
Recreation	18.55	26.04	27.55	25.30	25.23	25.59	32.03	20.34	22.93	24.59
Total	348.94	359.68	365.09	362.87	369.87	356.23	362.23	345.57	350.43	362.58

Operating Indicators by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Safety										
Police										
Physical arrests	1,718	1,828	1,919	1,784	2,114	1,940	1,106	861	1,005	915
Parking violations	16,691	16,258	17,221	10,901	12,158	10,832	11,736	11,976	14,777	16,740
Traffic violations	2,708	2,874	3,028	2,671	2,636	2,590	1,952	1,246	1,647	1,808
Fire										
Number of fire calls	943	900	867	1,157	957	990	1,014	1,202	1,249	1,160
Number of EMS Calls	1,691	1,717	1,577	1,593	1,675	1,633	1,619	1,524	1,645	1,776
Physical Environment										
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons)	9,186	8,904	8,869	8,857	9,126	8,570	9,008	9,857	10,000	9,856
Recyclables collected (tons)	1,646	1,655	1,623	1,471	1,502	1,334	1,435	1,503	1,600	1,417
Transportation										
Roads and Streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	0	0	3	0	0	2	2	2	5	2
Pot holes repaired	34	30	31	40	29	28	99	45	42	52
Culture and Recreation										
Recreation Department										
Youth athletic participants	1,723	2,365	1,967	2,133	1,516	838	178	4,446	4,666	5,116
Camp program participants	11,127	10,192	10,064	10,405	9,628	3,680	213	5,670	4,884	4,176
Youth enrichment participants	1,757	1,144	1,331	2,075	1,411	16	354	296	504	631
Adult Enrichment/Fitness participants	1,922	1,599	1,575	1,760	1,599	993	354	7,856	8,064	11,844
Special Events Offered	3	3	3	2	2	1	-	2	5	4
Special Events participants	1,290	1,190	1,200	1,240	1,300	250	631	529	860	943
Tennis Participants	25,961	26,712	26,618	26,525	26,824	20,752	18,624	21,397	21,920	22,436
Rounds of Golf	34,780	35,379	36,861	36,757	38,089	39,114	38,160	52,459	54,896	55,483
Range buckets sold	16,473	17,139	15,450	11,678	18,552	18,950	17,150	NA	17,899	N/A
Annual Marina Leases	70	72	75	77	78	73	-	-	66	76
Seasonal Marina Leases	11	11	8	5	-	-	65	-	21	-
Total transient vessels	374	356	367	288	285	347	219	-	639	572

Sources: Town departments

Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	21	21	21	21	21	21	19	19	19	19
Fire										
Fire Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fire Trucks	7	6	6	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
ALS Rescue Vehicles	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Physical Environment										
Sanitation										
Garbage Trucks	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Trash Trucks	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Transportation										
Roads and Streets										
Street lights	991	991	991	991	991	991	991	991	991	991
Lane miles	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103
Culture and Recreation										
Recreation Department										
Basketball courts	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Multi-purpose fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Dock slips	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	85
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation centers	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
Tennis pro-shops	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parks	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11

Sources: Town departments

Note: Data is not available for general government.

REPORTING SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council **Town of Palm Beach, Florida**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Palm Beach, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marcum LLP

West Palm Beach, FL April 29, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council **Town of Palm Beach, Florida**

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Palm Beach, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major federal program for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The Town's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the type of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal controls over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provision of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficience is a deficiency, or a combination of ver compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marcum LLP

West Palm Beach, FL April 29, 2024

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Federal Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program	ALN	Contract/ Grant No.	Total Expenditures	
United States Department of Homeland Security				
Direct Programs: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) - Hurricane Ian	97.036	N/A	\$ 3,308	
Indirect Programs:				
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management -				
Homeland Security Grant Program FY2020	97.067	RO235	1,431	
Homeland Security Grant Program FY2022	97.067	R0563	7,121	
Total Homeland Security Grant Program			8,552	
Passed through State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management -				
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	H0374	4,222,861	
Total United States Department of Homeland Security			4,234,721	
United States Department of Justice				
Direct Programs:				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 2022	16.607	N/A	4,712	
Total United States Department of Justice			4,712	
United States Department of the Treasury Indirect Programs:				
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management -				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Y5252	1,687,709	
Total United States Department of the Treasury			1,687,709	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,927,142	

Note: No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") presents the expenditure activity of all federal awards of the Town of Palm Beach, Florida (the "Town") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position/fund balance or cash flows of the Town.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Town has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<i>Financial Statement</i> Type of auditors' rep	<u>'s</u> fort issued on whether the financial		
statements audited	were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified Opinion	
Material weaknes	er financial reporting: ss(es) identified? ency(ies) identified?		ed
Non-compliance mat	erial to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No	
<u>Federal Awards</u>			
Internal control over Material weaknes Significant defici			ed
Type of auditors' rep program:	oort issued on compliance for major	Unmodified Opinion	
•	isclosed that are required to be ince with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No	
Identification of the	Major Federal Program:		
ALN	Federal Program		

21.027	United States Department of Treasury –
	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and			
Type B federal programs:	\$750),000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee pursuant to the			
Uniform Guidance?	Х	Yes	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

I. PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

II. PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council **Town of Palm Beach, Florida**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Palm Beach, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2024.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated April 29, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the prior year audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements. The Town included the following blended component units: Town of Palm Beach Retirement System and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. Our assessment was done as of the fiscal year end. The results of our procedures did not disclose any matters that are required to be reported.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and applicable management of the Town, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Marcune LLP

West Palm Beach, FL April 29, 2024



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council **Town of Palm Beach, Florida**

We have examined the Town of Palm Beach, Florida (the "Town") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Management of the Town is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely to describe our testing of compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes and it is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marcune LLP

West Palm Beach, FL April 29, 2024